



International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

Exam Hall Plan Automation System

*Mr. Sathishkumar R^{*1}, Mr. Dharmaprakash L^{*2}*

^{*1} Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Application, Krishnasamy College of Engineering and Technology, Cuddalore, Tamil Nadu, India.

^{*2} PG Scholar Department of Computer Application, Krishnasamy College of Engineering and Technology, Cuddalore, Tamil Nadu, India.,

ABSTRACT:

The EXAM HALL PLAN AUTOMATION SYSTEM is a web-based application designed to automate and simplify the exam seating arrangement process in educational institutions. This system replaces the traditional, time-intensive manual approach with an intelligent, technology-driven solution that ensures accuracy, efficiency, and fairness. By incorporating smart algorithms and real-time data handling, the application assigns student seats based on defined criteria such as total students, seating capacity, department, and special requirements. Educational administrators often face challenges in organizing exams manually, including maintaining discipline, avoiding cheating, and meeting special accommodation needs. This application tackles these issues by automatically generating seating layouts that consider student separation, hall capacity, academic groupings, and customizable constraints. It also supports dynamic updates for situations such as absentees or late admissions, instantly recalculating the seating plan without disrupting the overall arrangement. The system offers user-friendly web interfaces for data entry and plan visualization, making it accessible and convenient for institutions of all sizes. Overall, the EXAM HALL PLAN AUTOMATION SYSTEM enhances exam management by combining automation, adaptability, and ease of use in a single platform.

Keywords: Exam Seating Automation, Web-Based Exam Tool, Smart Allocation, Dynamic Seat Planning, Educational Technology

Introduction:

The EXAM HALL PLAN AUTOMATION SYSTEM is a web-based application developed to transform and streamline the complex process of exam planning within educational institutions. Traditionally, the task of assigning students to examination rooms, preparing departmental allocation charts, and assigning invigilation duties has been carried out manually using spreadsheets or physical documents. This approach, although widely practiced, is highly inefficient, error-prone, and time-consuming, especially when dealing with large numbers of students across multiple departments and subjects. Moreover, manual planning often results in challenges such as overlapping seat allocations, improper student spacing, and failure to comply with institutional or regulatory guidelines, factors that can compromise the integrity and smooth conduct of examinations.

To address these longstanding challenges, the proposed system leverages web technologies and intelligent algorithms to automate the entire process, thereby enhancing administrative efficiency and improving transparency. Designed for accessibility across both desktop and mobile platforms, the application ensures ease of use for administrators, staff, and students alike. The system is modular, encompassing key functionalities for managing student profiles, staff assignments, room capacities, and department-specific constraints. Through an intuitive interface, users can input critical data such as student count, exam schedules, classroom layouts, and special requirements. Once this data is submitted, the system processes it using predefined rules and optimization techniques to generate an optimal seating plan that considers factors like seat availability, spacing between students, gender distribution, accessibility accommodations, and invigilator placement.

One of the standout features of the EXAM HALL PLAN AUTOMATION SYSTEM is its flexibility and adaptability in real time. It can efficiently handle last-minute updates such as absentee students, schedule changes, or the addition of newly registered candidates. The system automatically reconfigures the seating layout while maintaining compliance with all constraints, thus minimizing disruption. It also incorporates conflict detection mechanisms to prevent situations like seat duplication or placing students with the same subject too closely, which could facilitate malpractice.

Furthermore, the system enhances exam coordination by generating comprehensive reports and analytics related to seating distribution, staff deployment, and room utilization. These insights can be archived for institutional review and reused for future planning, resulting in continuous improvement of examination management processes. By eliminating dependency on manual intervention, the EXAM HALL PLAN AUTOMATION SYSTEM not only ensures fairness and uniformity in seat allocation but also significantly reduces the operational burden on academic administrators. In doing so, it enables educational institutions to conduct exams in a more organized, transparent, and technologically advanced manner.

Literature Survey:

Various researchers have proposed intelligent solutions for automating the exam seating arrangement process in academic institutions. These contributions aim to improve accuracy, reduce manual workload, and ensure fairness and efficiency in student placement during examinations.

Prosanta Kumar Chaki and Shikha Anirban proposed an “Algorithm for Effective Seating Plan for Exam System”. Their model focuses on solving the exam seating problem through a structured algorithm applicable specifically to I-shaped seating layouts. The system requires two main inputs: room information and exam data. The algorithm ensures that the total number of students does not exceed the total available seats and follows a step-by-step method to generate an optimized seating plan. [1]

A.H. Nandhu Kishore, A. Sasireka, and K. Vijay (2021) designed an Enhanced Exam Hall Seating Arrangement Automation System. The system incorporates a classifier algorithm for efficient seat generation and uses the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) for secure password verification of registered users. It also includes a notification feature that emails students and staff their respective exam hall details, significantly reducing time spent searching for exam locations. [2]

Dayanand G. Savakar and Ravi Hosur introduced an Automated Examination System, published in the International Journal of Science and Research (2015). This system, designed for institutional-level examination management, uses cloud computing to automate candidate seat allotment and faculty room assignments. It allows supervisors to exchange duties and generate attendance and block-wise reports, streamlining the entire semester examination process. [3]

Priya Dharshini and M. Selva Sudha, from the Department of Computer Science Engineering, developed the Exam Cell Automation System. The system is designed to simplify hall allocations and provide department-specific examination information to students. The system relies on data stored in alphabetical order by faculty and allows admins to input student details, exam timings, and hall availability. Based on this, seating orders are generated in spreadsheet format, with the option to directly enter student marks via GUI or database. [4]

Dr. D. R. Dhotre, Sakshi Makwane, and Priyanka Lahase explored how environmental factors of college buildings and classrooms influence student performance in their work titled “Automatic Exam Seating Arrangement System” (2019). Their study emphasizes the significance of seating arrangements, spatial layouts, and classroom environments in shaping student behaviour, ultimately highlighting the importance of automated seating tools in creating conducive exam conditions. [5]

Dinesh Chandewar, Mainak Saha, Pushpraj Deshkar, and Pankaj Wankhede (2017) presented a tool for the Automatic Seating Arrangement of University Exams. The system aims to eliminate the burden of manual seat assignment by dynamically distributing students across classrooms. While originally developed for university settings, their approach is scalable and can be adapted to event planning scenarios such as conferences, weddings, and theaters. The tool emphasizes workload reduction and the urgency of faster digital solutions in institutional management. [6]

Existing System :

The current system for exam seat and room allocation predominantly follows a manual process carried out by administrators or exam coordinators. This method involves multiple steps that demand significant effort and time, particularly when managing large numbers of students and examination sessions. Below is a detailed breakdown of the existing procedure:

1.Exam Scheduling and Room Availability

Examination schedules are prepared based on parameters such as exam dates, timings, durations, and subject combinations. Simultaneously, the availability of classrooms or exam halls is evaluated based on their capacity, layout suitability, and any special requirements (e.g., projector, accessibility).

2.Student Enrolment and Registration

Students enrolled in the respective courses are registered for exams. Their details—including student ID numbers, course codes, departments, and special exam preferences—are collected and stored for planning purposes.

3.Seat Count and Layout Assessment

The seating capacity of each room is determined by the type of seating (rows, benches, desks) and the overall layout. Additional considerations, such as provision for students with disabilities or social distancing (if applicable), are also considered.

4.Manual Seat Allocation

Seat allocation is carried out manually by exam coordinators. This process involves assigning individual seats to students while ensuring fairness, minimizing conflicts, and honouring any special requests. This step can be tedious and error-prone, especially when overlapping exams or cross-departmental seating is involved.

5.Room Assignment

Once the seating arrangement is finalized, students are assigned to specific rooms. Allocation decisions are based on room capacity, student grouping, subject combinations, and proximity within the campus.

6.Supervision and On-Site Coordination

On the examination day, invigilators are responsible for verifying the seating arrangement and guiding students to their allocated seats. They also handle real-time issues such as student confusion, last-minute changes, or seat mismatches.

Proposed System

The Automated Exam Seating Allocation System addresses the limitations of the traditional manual process by introducing an intelligent, efficient, and secure method for managing exam logistics. It enhances operational efficiency, ensures fairness, and adapts easily to institutional needs. Below are the key advantages of the proposed system:

1.Time Efficiency:

Manual seating arrangements are time-intensive, especially when managing large student populations and diverse constraints. The proposed system leverages advanced algorithms to rapidly generate optimized seating plans, significantly reducing administrative workload and time consumption.

2.Fairness and Equity:

Automated allocation eliminates human bias by applying consistent, predefined rules. It ensures fair distribution by considering criteria such as gender balance, accessibility, proximity to supervisors, and special accommodations—thereby fostering a transparent and impartial process.

3.Error Reduction:

The system minimizes human errors such as duplicate allocations, misassignments, or overlooking special cases. Through algorithmic processing, accuracy is enhanced and the potential for seating conflicts is substantially reduced.

4.Adaptability and Flexibility:

Institutions vary in classroom layouts, student numbers, and accommodation requirements. The proposed system is highly customizable—capable of adjusting to different seating capacities, room configuration, and specific student needs without manual intervention.

5.Conflict Resolution:

Manual processes struggle with managing overlapping constraints or unique student requests. The automated system intelligently detects and resolves conflicts—such as scheduling overlaps or accommodation needs—ensuring each student is assigned an appropriate, non-conflicting seat.

6.Security and Accountability:

Manual arrangements are prone to unauthorized modifications, jeopardizing the integrity of the exam. In contrast, the automated system maintains a secure, tamper-proof record of seat assignments, ensuring traceability and enforcing accountability throughout the examination process.

7.Scalability:

As exam volumes grow, scalability becomes essential. The system is designed to handle large-scale operations efficiently, supporting thousands of students and multiple exam sessions with ease—making it ideal for institutions during peak exam periods.

8.Reporting and Analytics:

The system provides detailed reports and analytical insights on seating arrangements, student preferences, and historical data. These reports assist in decision-making, resource optimization, and continuous improvement of the exam management process.

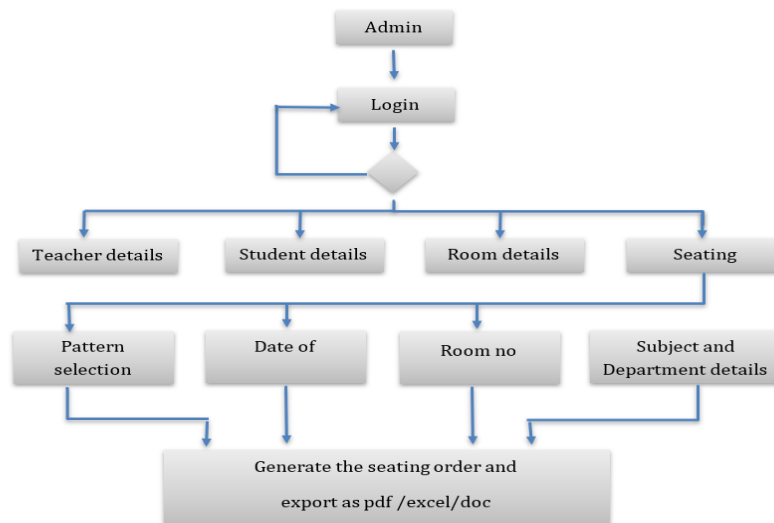


Fig. No. 1: Admin routine

A block diagram for the administrative interface of a seating arrangement system can provide a visual representation of the different components and options available to administrators. Here is an example block diagram that includes the teacher details, room details, student details, and seating allocation options. Throughout the workflow, administrators collaborate with other users, such as exam coordinators, venue staff, and candidates, to ensure the complete implementation of the seating arrangement system and a smooth exam

experience for all participants. In this diagram, the main block represents the admin interface, which is the central point for administrators to access and manage various aspects of the seating arrangement system. After login, the admin can access modules to input or update teacher details, student details, room details, and seating configuration. Each of these modules leads to more specific settings like pattern selection, exam dates, room numbers, and subject/department details. Once all data is collected, the system generates the seating order and provides options to export it as a PDF, Excel, or Word document, enabling efficient communication and documentation.

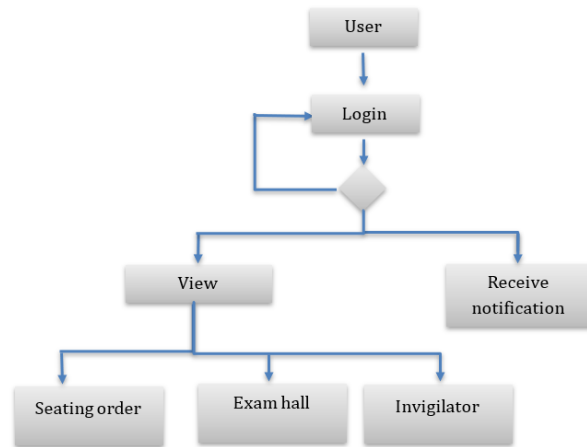


Fig. No. 2: Student routine

Students can log in using their unique username and password credentials. Upon successful authentication, they are redirected to the main dashboard, which displays a personalized welcome message along with essential exam-related information. This includes the student's full name, roll number, university seat number, allotted exam room number, and the specific seat number assigned for the examination. This ensures that each student is clearly informed of their exam location and seating details in an organized and transparent manner.

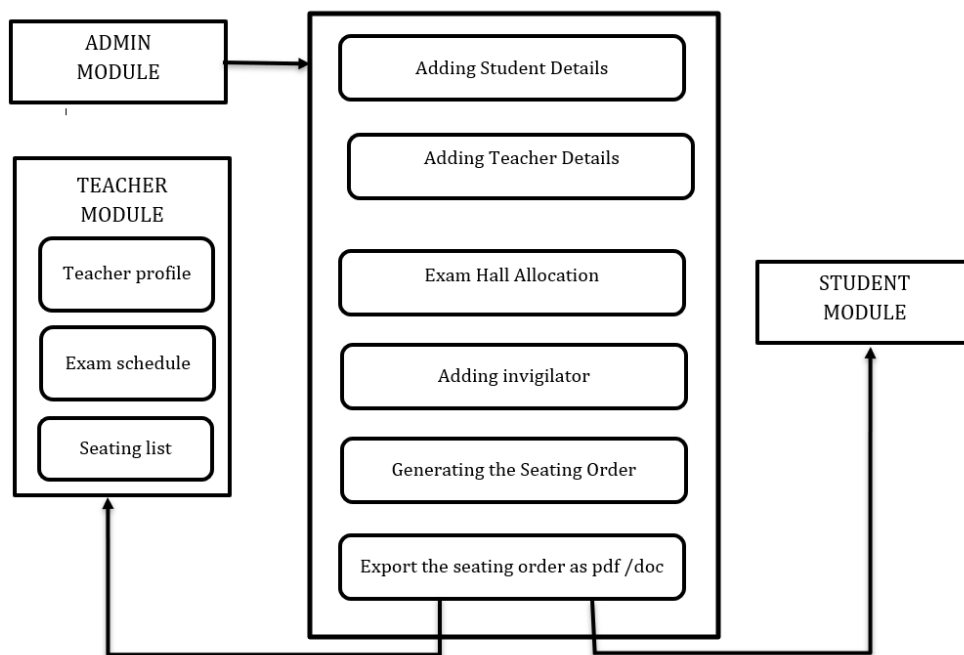


Fig. No. 3: System architecture

The general architecture of our proposed system is as shown above. The administrator holds the authority to add or update student information, staff records, exam room layouts, and other essential data. Additional details such as compartment information, choice of seating algorithm, and class numbers are incorporated after student registration. Seat allocation is handled automatically using a predefined algorithm to ensure optimal utilization and fairness. The student module includes a graphical interface developed using HTML and CSS that visually presents the assigned seating arrangements. Students are provided with their class number, floor number, seat number, and the scheduled date of examination through this interface.

System Specifications:

1.Laravel:

Laravel is a modern PHP web application framework that follows the MVC (Model-View-Controller) architectural pattern. It provides powerful features such as route handling, middleware, Eloquent ORM for database management, and built-in tools for authentication and security. Laravel simplifies development with expressive syntax and blade templating engine. It also supports RESTful API creation, scheduling, and testing out of the box.

2.XAMPP Server:

XAMPP is a free and open-source cross-platform web server solution package developed by Apache Friends. It consists mainly of the Apache HTTP Server, MariaDB/MySQL database, and interpreters for scripts written in PHP and Perl. XAMPP provides a local server environment for Laravel development, allowing developers to test their applications without needing an internet connection.

3.MYSQL Database:

MySQL is an open-source relational database management system used to store and retrieve data efficiently. In this project, MySQL is used to manage student, staff, exam, room, and seating arrangement data. It supports structured queries using SQL and integrates seamlessly with Laravel through the Eloquent ORM, offering a clean and intuitive syntax for database interactions.

4.HTML &CSS:

HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language) structures the content of the web application, while CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) controls the visual presentation. HTML is used to create elements such as forms, buttons, tables, and CSS styles. These elements provide a responsive and user-friendly interface. Together, they form the backbone of the front-end design of the application.

5.JavaScript:

JavaScript enhances interactivity on the client side. It enables dynamic features such as form validation, content updating without page reloads, and user interface feedback. JavaScript can be used in conjunction with AJAX for asynchronous data fetching and can also integrate with Laravel back-end APIs for seamless communication between the front-end and the server.

6.Visual Studio Code:

Visual Studio Code is a lightweight, open-source code editor developed by Microsoft. It supports PHP, JavaScript, HTML, CSS, and more, making it ideal for Laravel development. Key features include syntax highlighting, intelligent code completion, real-time error detection, debugging tools, integrated terminal, Git integration, and an extensive marketplace of extensions. VS Code offers a consistent and customizable development experience across Windows, macOS, and Linux.

Result:

The image shows a login form titled "Login Panel". Below the title is the text "Sign in to start your session". There are two input fields: "Email" with the value "student@gmail.com" and "Password" with masked characters "*****". To the right of the password field is a small eye icon. Below the password field is a checkbox labeled "Remember Me" which is checked. To the right of the checkbox is a red button labeled "Sign In". Below the "Sign In" button is a red link labeled "sign up".

Fig. No. 4: Login form

In the proposed system, a single unified login is implemented for all users—students, teachers, and administrators. After login using their email and password, the system identifies the user's role from the database and redirects them to the appropriate dashboard. Students can view their exam details such as name, roll number, USN, classroom number, and assigned seat, along with a welcome message and graphical seat layout. Teachers can view class-wise student lists, room assignments, and invigilation duties. Admins have full control to manage student and faculty information, assign rooms and seats, and monitor the entire exam process. This role-based access ensures efficiency, security, and clarity in managing the exam seating arrangement system.

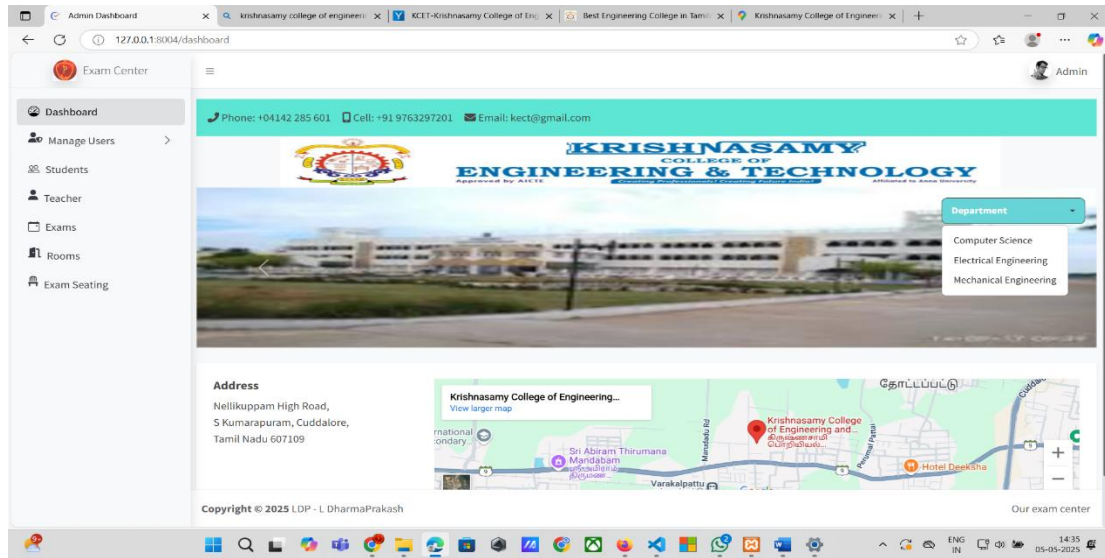


Fig. No. 5: Dashboard page

The Dashboard Page serves as the central interface for users, displaying key information in a visually organized layout. It features college images to represent the campus environment, a list of available departments for quick access to academic sections, and essential contact details such as the college's phone number and official Gmail address. Additionally, it includes the institution's location to help visitors and students easily identify where the college is situated. This page offers a user-friendly overview, combining functionality and aesthetics for all users.

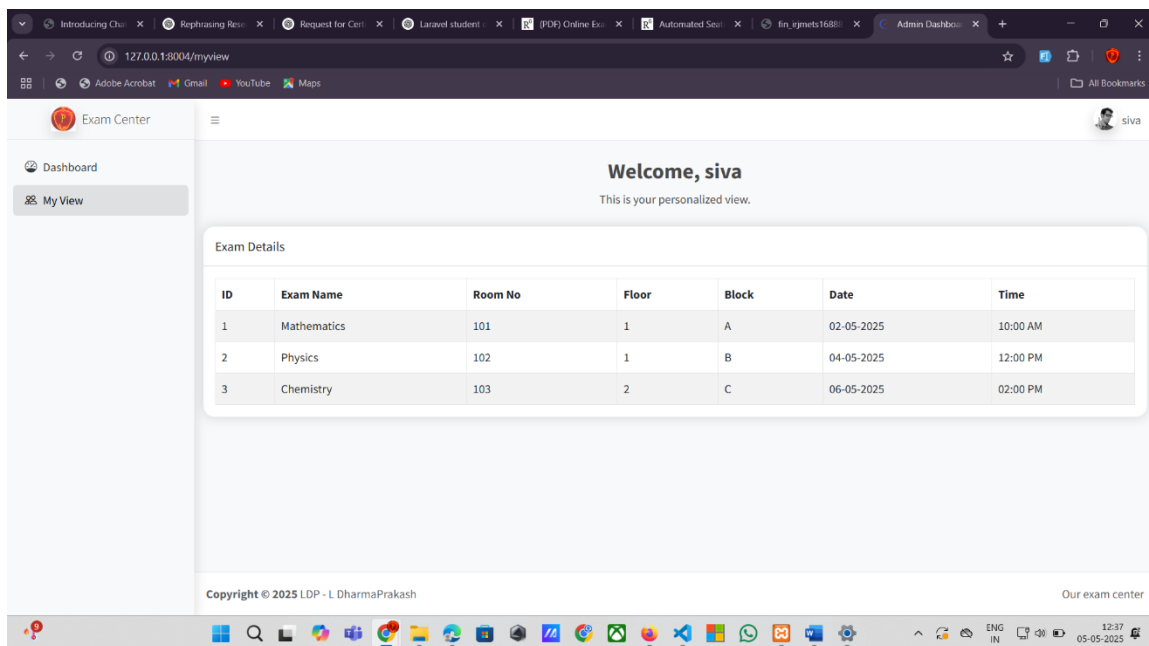


Fig. No. 6: Student Page

After student logs in, picture shown above will be displayed with the details such as roll number, classroom number, name of candidate, USN of candidate and a greeting message.



Fig. No. 7: Seating order generator in admin page

The Seating Order Generator in the admin page allows administrators to automatically generate seating arrangements for exams. By selecting the department, semester, subject, and exam date, the system uses a predefined algorithm to allocate students to available classrooms and seats efficiently. This feature minimizes manual work, avoids duplication, and ensures fairness by distributing students across rooms in an organized manner. Once generated, the seating plan can be viewed, edited if needed, and exported for official use.

Conclusion

In summary, automated seat assignment represents a significant advance in exam management. Using advanced algorithms and data processing techniques, this system overcomes the challenges of today's manual seating process. The system offers many benefits including time savings, fairness, error reduction, customization, conflict resolution, security, scalability, and reporting capabilities. Simplify the admissions process and ensure admissions are fair, equitable, and optimized according to pre-defined criteria and constraints. Automating the seating process reduces the administrative burden on exam coordinators by allowing them to free up time and resources for other important tasks. Minimizes human error and bias by ensuring each student is assigned a place that meets their needs and preferences while maintaining fairness in the assignment process. In addition, the system offers flexibility and customization options to meet the specific needs and preferences of educational institutions. It can accommodate different seating capacities, classroom layouts and accommodation needs, providing a tailored solution for each exam. In addition, an automated system increases security and accountability by recording seat assignments and reducing the risk of unauthorized changes or tampering. In addition, valuable insights are generated through reports and analytics, allowing administrators to improve future seating arrangements and optimize resource allocation. Overall, an automated seating system simplifies the exam organization process, improves efficiency, and increases the fairness and accuracy of seat assignments. With its many benefits, this system has the potential to revolutionize the way exams are conducted in educational institutions, benefiting both administrators and students.

References

Research Papers:

1. Deepankar Vishwas Kotwal, Shubham Rajendra Bhadke, Aishwarya Sanjay Gunjal, Puspendu Biswas, "ONLINE EXAMINATION SYSTEM", International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET), Volume: 03, No.01, pp. 2395-0072, Jan-2016.
2. A.H.Nandhu Kishore, A.Sasireka, K. Vijay's, "Design and Development of Enhanced Exam Hall Seating Arrangement Automation System" 31 March 2021 DOI:10.17762/ITIL.V9I2.418.
3. Dr. D.R.Dhotre, Sakshi Makwane, Priyanka Lahase's, "Automatic Exam Seating Arrangement System", May 2019.
4. Prosanta Kumar Chaka & Shikha Anirban's, "Algorithm For Efficient Seating Plan for Centralized Exam System" Published 11 March 2016 DOI:10.1109/ICCTICT.2016.7514601.
5. Dayanand G Savakar, Ravi Hosur, DzAutomation of Examination System, International Journal of Science and Research, Volume 4 Issue 11 November 2015. DOI:10.1109/COASE.2016.7743393.
6. Dinesh Chandewar Mainak Saha Pushpraj Deshkar Pankaj Wankhede's, "Automatic Seating Arrangement of University Exam", March 2017.