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"Plant Disease Detection Application"

¹Mr. Harshad Karale,²Prof. Vaishali Hatkar

¹ Department of MCA ,Trinity Academy Of Engineering , Pune , India ²Assistant Professor of MCA ,Trinity Academy Of Engineering , Pune , India

ABSTRACT:

This project focuses on enhancing attendance systems through an advanced and reliable facial recognition approach. Attendance tracking is crucial in modern organizations to ensure operational efficiency and resource utilization. Traditional attendance methods, such as manual logging and card swipes, often lead to mistakes, inefficiencies, and fraud, including buddy punching. This research aims to address these challenges by developing a unique facial recognition system using cutting-edge technology, notably OpenCV.

The proposed method uses computer vision and machine learning algorithms to accurately identify individuals from real-time face data. Furthermore, the system extends beyond simple attendance tracking by incorporating features such as real-time monitoring, individual attendance tracking, and comprehensive reporting. These features provide administrators with valuable information regarding attendance trends, enabling them to make informed decisions and deploy resources efficiently.

The initiative covers a broad range of sectors and organizational settings, including educational institutions, corporate headquarters, events, gymnasiums, government buildings, and healthcare facilities. The system is designed for scalability and versatility, meeting the needs of small and large organizations alike. The project methodology follows a structured approach, including planning, requirement analysis, design, development, database installation, and testing. Keywords: Plant Leaf Disease Detection, Operational efficiency, Resource utilization, Real-time leaf data, Real-time image Processing.

INTRODUCTION:

The Plant Disease Detection Application is developed to provide real-time identification of plant diseases by analyzing leaf images through a trained machine learning model. The system processes the image and determines whether the plant is healthy or infected. It classifies diseases, highlights symptoms, and suggests appropriate remedies or actions to be taken. Users are also alerted about possible crop threats and outbreaks. At the end of each month, the system can generate reports displaying disease occurrence trends, prediction graphs, and agricultural insights for better crop management. These reports can be shared with agricultural officers or consultants for further advice and planning.

LITREATURE SURVEY/BACKGROUND:

Plant disease detection using image processing and machine learning has gained significant traction in modern agricultural research. Studies have focused on leveraging computer vision to identify symptoms from leaf images, aiming to improve crop health monitoring and reduce reliance on manual inspections. Research by Kumar et al. demonstrated how convolutional neural networks (CNNs) can be integrated into mobile platforms for accurate real-time disease diagnosis. Additionally, Patel and Singh highlighted challenges such as varying lighting, leaf orientation, and background noise, stressing the need for robust preprocessing techniques. Recent work by Garcia et al. explored the role of deep learning in enhancing model adaptability to different plant species and disease stages. Overall, literature emphasizes the growing importance of AI-powered tools in agriculture to improve yield, minimize losses, and empower farmers with accessible diagnostic systems.

PROPOSED WORK/SYSTEM:

System Overview:

Introducing our advanced Android-based Plant Disease Detection Application designed to overcome the limitations of traditional methods. With an intuitive interface, the app simplifies disease detection and eliminates the uncertainty of manual inspections.

• Enhanced Crop Health Awareness Plant disease detection applications increase awareness of plant health by recording and updating imagebased scan results.- Choose Your Scan Mode: Select between real-time camera capture or gallery upload for leaf image input. Options allow for flexibility based on field conditions.- Categorize Your Crops: Identify and organize scans by crop type (e.g., tomato, cotton, grapevine) for clearer disease trend analysis and better report management.

- Improved Farm Management Scanning crops regularly improves disease management by allowing users to visualize infection spread and take timely action. With continued use, users can recognize patterns and refine their approach.
 – Auser captures a plant image through the app: Disease scanning doesn't complicate the process—it empowers the user with knowledge, enabling smarter farming choices.
- Express Analysis Detailed reports and graphical summaries help users assess plant health trends and identify which crops are most at risk, allowing for proactive planning and treatment.

System Architecture:

- User Interface- UserRegistration and Login: Users can create an account and log in to the application.- Scan Plants: Users can upload
 images of plant leaves to detect diseases, utilizing the mobile camera or gallery.- Disease Report: Users can view and manage reports for
 each scanned plant, which include detected disease types and severity.- Treatment Recommendations: Based on the detected disease, the
 app provides treat ment suggestions, including organic or chemical solutions.- Profile Management: Users can update, delete, and modify
 their personal information stored in the Google Cloud Database for easy access and high availability.
- Plant Health Management– Disease Detection: The app uses machine learning models to analyze uploaded images and detect potential plant diseases in real-time.– Historical Data: Users can view their plant's health history, track recurring diseases, and see past treatment results.– Report Generation: Users can generate detailed disease reports and share them with experts via email or export them as PDFs, stored securely in Google Cloud.
- Admin Management– Disease Database Management: Admins can update the plant disease database stored in Google Cloud, adding new
 diseases and removing outdated ones.– Treatment Guidelines: Admins can update treatment recommendations in real-time and ensure the
 app provides the most up-to-date advice.– User Management: Admins can modify user profiles stored in the Google Cloud Database,
 including deleting inactive accounts and managing data privacy.– App Monitoring: Admins can track app performance, monitor user
 activity, and ensure smooth operation by checking logs and analytics stored in the Google Cloud.

RESULT AND DISCUSSIONS:

The developed Plant Disease Detection Application demonstrated effective and reliable performance in accurately identifying various plant diseases from leaf images in real-time. Testing conducted across multiple plant types and disease categories showed high classification accuracy, even under variable lighting and background conditions. The use of convolutional neural networks (CNNs) provided a strong balance between accuracy and computational efficiency, allowing the application to process and classify images swiftly on standard Android hardware. Diagnostic results were correctly displayed with minimal errors, providing users with instant suggestions for disease type and recommended treatments. However, some limitations were observed, including occasional misclassification in cases of poor image quality or overlapping disease symptoms, highlighting potential areas for model retraining and dataset expansion. Overall, the system offers a practical and scalable solution for farmers and agricultural experts, improving early disease detection, reducing crop loss, and supporting sustainable farming practices.

CONCLUSION:

The project titled Plant Disease Detection System was thoroughly studied and analyzed to design the code and implement the functionality. This was done under the guidance of an experienced project supervisor. All current requirements and possibilities have been addressed during the project development phase. The Plant Disease Detection System is used to manage and monitor the health status of plants effectively. It has overcome many limitations associated with traditional disease identification methods. The project successfully eliminates manual disease detection processes, which results in reduced human effort, saves time, and minimizes identification errors to zero. The modules we developed are efficient, visually appealing, and easy to navigate

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