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# **Evaluating the Impact of Marketing Analytics on ROI and Strategic Decision-Making in Startups**

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# ABSTRACT

Startups are under constant pressure to grow quickly while keeping costs in check. In this environment, marketing analytics can play a big role in helping them make better decisions and improve returns on their marketing efforts. This study looks at how digital marketing startups in India are using analytics tools, what metrics they focus on, and how these practices affect their performance.

Based on surveys and interviews with startup marketing teams, the research shows that while awareness of tools like Google Analytics is high, actual day-to-day use—especially of advanced features—is much lower. Challenges like limited skills, tight budgets, and fast-changing markets continue to hold startups back. The paper shares practical suggestions to help teams, investors, and policy-makers support wider adoption of analytics so these businesses can grow more confidently and sustainably.

Keywords: Marketing analytics, ROI, startups, digital marketing, decision-making, India, RBV, TAM

# Introduction

Digital tools have made it easier for startups to promote their brands and compete with larger companies. But with limited money and time, they can't afford to waste effort. Every marketing decision needs to deliver results. That's where analytics comes in—it helps teams understand what's working, what's not, and where to focus next.

Even though tools like SEMrush and HubSpot are widely available, many startups don't go beyond the basics. They might check traffic numbers but miss out on deeper insights. This study explores why that gap exists and how startups can use analytics more effectively in their strategies. It's based on the Resource-Based View (RBV), which focuses on internal strengths, and the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM), which looks at how people adopt tools based on usefulness and ease of use.

# **Problem Statement**

Startups in digital marketing work in a space that's fast, competitive, and often unpredictable. They know analytics can help them get more from their marketing budgets, but many still struggle to use it well. Often, it's not because the tools are missing—but because they're not fully understood or used. This results in poor decisions, missed insights, and wasted resources. This paper looks at the root of that gap and how to bridge it.

# Aim of the Paper

This research focuses on understanding how digital marketing startups can make better use of analytics to:

- Improve return on investment (ROI)
- Make clearer, data-backed decisions
- Overcome internal and external challenges in using analytics tools
- Build a stronger process around data in their marketing work

The study is aimed at founders, marketers, investors, and anyone working to help startups grow smarter.

# Literature Review

Digital marketing has changed the game for startups. With platforms like social media, search engines, and email, small businesses have more ways than ever to reach people. But these platforms also generate a lot of data—and without the right skills or systems, that data can go unused.

Statista (2024) expects global digital ad spending to cross \$700 billion by 2025. Startups will be a big part of that. Tools that can help them track campaign performance are becoming essential.

The Resource-Based View (Barney, 1991) says companies succeed when they make the best use of their internal capabilities—like people, skills, or tools. In marketing, this means knowing how to use analytics well. The Technology Acceptance Model (Davis, 1989) explains that people adopt new tools only if they see them as helpful and easy to use.

Research supports this idea. Chaffey and Smith (2022) found that data-focused companies grow faster. Deloitte (2023) reported that 63% of fast-growing startups said real-time analytics made a difference in their success. Kumar et al. (2021) found that tracking basic metrics like ROI and CAC improved results by 20%.

But adoption isn't as strong as it could be. An IIM Bangalore report (2022) found that although most startups spend on digital marketing, fewer than half actually track campaign results well. HubSpot (2023) also showed that while many use analytics tools, few go beyond the default features.

One issue is that most existing research looks at large companies—not startups. There's little detail on how small teams with limited time and money actually use analytics day to day. Cultural factors, team skills, and leadership approach also matter, but are underexplored. Startups also don't always know what success in analytics looks like, because they don't have benchmarks to compare against.

This study tries to fill that gap. It looks at how tools, skills, and leadership (inputs) affect actual usage and results (outputs), including ROI and campaign success.

## Methodology

The research used a combination of survey data and interviews to get a well-rounded view.

# Sample and Data Collection

We focused on digital marketing startups in India—mostly smaller firms in big cities and some Tier-II towns. The startups included had fewer than 100 employees and had been around for less than 10 years. They worked in areas like SEO, email marketing, content creation, and social media. Surveys were sent to marketing team members, and interviews were conducted with founders and team leads.

# Survey Design

The survey covered what tools were used, how often, and what people thought about them. It also asked whether they felt analytics helped them make better decisions or improve ROI. Interviews added more context, touching on company culture, leadership attitude, and external pressures.

#### Analysis

Survey results were analyzed using basic statistics and regression to check for relationships between analytics use and ROI. Interview responses were grouped into themes to identify patterns in how startups think about and use data.

#### Limitations

The sample size was small, and the responses were self-reported, which can sometimes affect accuracy. Also, since the study looked only at a single point in time and focused on urban areas, it doesn't show long-term trends or rural differences.

# Findings

#### **Tool Usage**

Most startups used tools like Google Analytics or Facebook Insights. But many didn't go beyond tracking surface-level metrics like pageviews or engagement. Advanced features like custom dashboards or goal tracking were rarely used. Only 40% said they regularly used these deeper functions.

# Impact on ROI and Decisions

There was a clear link between analytics use and improved ROI. Startups that tracked metrics like CAC or CTR were able to spot which campaigns worked best and adjust quickly. Interviews confirmed that using data helped founders make decisions faster and use budgets more efficiently.

#### Barriers

Teams said their biggest challenges were lack of technical skills (65%), tight budgets (54%), and not enough training (47%). Some also didn't know which metrics actually mattered. Rapid market changes and customer unpredictability made things harder.

## **Role of Leadership**

Leadership made a big difference. Startups where founders supported analytics adoption and pushed for data-backed decisions were far more likely to use tools effectively. In contrast, companies without that support often got stuck at a basic level.

## **External Challenges**

Market competition and customer behavior changes made it harder to act on data. Startups in fast-moving sectors found it tough to keep up, even with analytics. This showed that flexibility is just as important as having data.

# What Worked Well

Startups that did well had a clear system. They invested in team training, picked specific KPIs to follow, and met regularly to review performance. They also encouraged marketing, product, and sales teams to work together. Some used automation and brought together data from different sources, which saved time and improved decision-making.

# Conclusion

Marketing analytics can make a real difference for startups—but only when it's used properly. Most startups know the tools, but few are taking full advantage of them. The biggest issues are usually internal: lack of skills, limited time, small budgets, and hesitation around change.

To move forward, startups need support from leadership, more training, and a mindset that values learning from data. Outside players—like investors, accelerators, and policymakers—also have a role to play in making sure teams have access to tools and know-how.

This study gives a starting point for understanding how analytics can help startups grow more efficiently. There's still more to learn—especially about how adoption plays out over time or across different sectors—but building good habits now will lead to better decisions and stronger results down the road.

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