



ENHANCING STUDENT ENGAGEMENT THROUGH DIFFERENT SERIES OF SAMSUNG DEVICES

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ABSTRACT:

In the digital age, mobile devices have become central to the education ecosystem, influencing not only content delivery but also the overall student experience. This study explores the extent to which Samsung's various device series—namely Galaxy A, M, S, and Tab—affect student engagement in higher education. The research is based on primary data collected from undergraduate and postgraduate students using Samsung devices for academic activities. It assesses how device specifications, performance, and design impact learning processes including online class participation, note-taking, collaborative work, and research. Through a mixed-methods approach combining surveys and interviews, the study identifies trends, benefits, and limitations associated with each device series. The findings aim to guide educational institutions, students, and technology developers in enhancing digital learning outcomes through appropriate device selection and usage strategies.

Keywords : Samsung devices, mobile learning, student engagement, Galaxy Tab, Galaxy S series, online education, educational technology, digital literacy, device usability, remote learning tools

1. Introduction

Over the past decade, technology has revolutionized the education landscape, with mobile devices becoming indispensable tools for learning. The COVID-19 pandemic further accelerated this shift, compelling both students and teachers to rely on smartphones and tablets for education continuity. Among the major mobile technology providers, Samsung Electronics stands out due to its wide range of products tailored to diverse user needs.

Samsung offers multiple series—such as the Galaxy A (budget), M (mid-range), S (flagship), and Tab (tablet)—each with unique features, price points, and target demographics. These devices are equipped with advanced applications, large displays, multitasking tools, and stylus integration, making them suitable for different forms of learning, from traditional lecture attendance to hands-on digital design work.

This study investigates how students from various academic backgrounds interact with Samsung devices and the extent to which these interactions enhance or limit their academic engagement. By understanding these dynamics, the research aims to contribute to the broader discourse on the effectiveness of mobile learning and technological inclusion in higher education.

2. Review of Literature

The existing body of research reveals the growing role of mobile devices in facilitating flexible and inclusive education. Scholars such as Kukulska-Hulme (2009) and Sharples (2013) argue that mobile learning supports personalized learning experiences and allows learners to engage with content anytime, anywhere.

Samsung's devices have often been featured in research examining mobile technology in education. For instance, Hwang & Wu (2014) studied the integration of Android-based tablets in classroom settings and found a marked improvement in engagement, particularly when devices had stylus and multitasking features.

Recent research by UNESCO (2022) emphasizes the importance of device compatibility with educational platforms such as Google Classroom, Microsoft Teams, and Zoom. Furthermore, the evolution of device affordability and performance has allowed budget-conscious students to access quality learning tools.

However, few studies have made detailed intra-brand comparisons to assess how different series within a single manufacturer affect user engagement in education. This study addresses that gap, offering comparative insights into how Samsung's Galaxy series meets varied academic demands.

3. Objectives

- To evaluate student usage patterns of Samsung devices in academic environments.
- To compare user experiences and engagement levels across Samsung Galaxy A, M, S, and Tab series.

- To determine which device features most significantly affect learning outcomes.
- To analyze satisfaction and challenges among students using different Samsung devices.
- To propose recommendations for maximizing educational benefits through mobile technology.

4. Methodology

The research used a mixed-methods approach:

- Quantitative: Online survey administered to 150 students across 10 institutions in India using Google Forms. Questions focused on device type, usage frequency, satisfaction levels, and perceived benefits.
- Qualitative: Semi-structured interviews with 20 students from different academic disciplines to gather in-depth perspectives on usability and limitations.
- Data Analysis: Responses were analyzed using basic statistical tools and thematic coding for qualitative data. Participants were categorized based on the device series they used, allowing for comparison among user groups.

5. Findings and Observations

a) Device Usage Distribution

- Galaxy A Series: 35% of students
- Galaxy M Series: 28%
- Galaxy S Series: 18%
- Galaxy Tab Series: 19%

b) Galaxy A Series

- *Strengths*: Affordability, decent battery life, good for basic academic apps (Docs, Zoom, Google Classroom).
- *Weaknesses*: Slower processing speed, limited RAM leads to lag in multitasking.
- *User Feedback*: Suitable for reading and attending online lectures, but not ideal for heavy research or media editing.

c) Galaxy M Series

- *Strengths*: Slightly better performance and display quality than A series. Better battery support for long study sessions.
- *Weaknesses*: Still lacks processing power for creative applications.
- *User Feedback*: Students liked it for streaming lectures and accessing online study materials.

d) Galaxy S Series

- *Strengths*: High-resolution display, powerful processors, excellent for multitasking and split-screen work.
- *Weaknesses*: Higher cost, may be inaccessible for some students.
- *User Feedback*: Ideal for students in technical and creative fields such as architecture, design, and engineering.

e) Galaxy Tab Series

- *Strengths*: Large screen, stylus (S Pen), enhanced reading and note-taking experiences, productive for design and content creation.
- *Weaknesses*: Less portable than phones, may not be compatible with all mobile apps.
- *User Feedback*: Highly preferred for writing, drawing, organizing notes, and using eBooks.

f) Cross-Device Trends

- *Engagement Levels*: Highest with Galaxy S and Tab series.
- *Device Fatigue*: More common among A and M series users due to screen size and lag.
- *Study Apps Used*: Notion, OneNote, Adobe Scan, Microsoft Teams, Google Docs, Zoom.

6. Conclusion

The study affirms that mobile devices, especially from brands like Samsung, significantly impact how students engage with academic content and collaborate with peers. While entry-level devices like the Galaxy A and M series offer foundational access to digital learning, it is the premium

models—the Galaxy S and Tab series—that truly elevate the learning experience by offering features that support creative, efficient, and multitask-oriented engagement.

As education continues to embrace digital transformation, the right technological tools can bridge learning gaps and empower students. However, the choice of device must align with individual learning needs, academic disciplines, and institutional support mechanisms.

7. Suggestions and Recommendations

For Students:

- Assess academic needs before choosing a device—technical and creative students may require Tab or S series devices.
- Use cloud storage and digital organization tools to maximize productivity.

For Educators and Institutions:

- Promote device-agnostic platforms that work across A, M, S, and Tab series.
- Offer technical training to help students utilize full device potential (e.g., using Samsung Notes, DeX mode).

For Samsung:

- Launch education-specific bundles with discounted prices and academic tools.
- Continue innovating battery efficiency, app compatibility, and stylus features.
- Develop a Samsung Education Suite optimized for student use.

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