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A STUDY ON CONSUMER PERCEPTION TOWARDS APPLE PRODUCTS IN MUMBAI

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ABSTRACT:

Apple Inc. has become a one-of-a-kind pioneer in areas of innovation, design, and leading-edge technology worldwide. Devices such as iPhones and MacBooks are worldwide status symbols and testimonies to technological progress. However, in emerging economies such as India, Apple is facing a great challenge. Highly advanced and consumer-conscious cities such as Mumbai pose a special challenge: striking a balance between brand magnetism and cost.

This research explores the attitudes of consumers towards Apple products in the Mumbai setting, namely individual attitudes in terms of price, value, quality, and the ecosystem of the brand. Based on a systematic online survey of 100 Mumbai citizens, the research attempts to outline the interaction between existing Apple users and the brand and to establish the reasons for the hesitation among non-users in adopting its products. The variables of interest in the middle are brand imagery, product satisfaction, price sensitivity, the role of the ecosystem, and customer loyalty.

Keywords: Apple Inc., consumer behaviour, brand loyalty, India, pricing sensitivity, premium electronics, product perception, ecosystem strategy

Introduction

Apple Inc. is now one of the globe's most iconic and powerful brands. Its technology pioneer products with latest technology, simple-to-use designs, and modern looks have led Apple to its status as a giant in the global tech industry. Apple's consumer base and product network supporting passionate brand attachment have turned Apple's consumer electronics products into more than mere functionality; they are lifestyle accessories and cultural identity symbols.

Yet, the Indian market presents a unique challenge to this premium brand. As one of the fastest-growing smartphone markets in the world, India is marked by price sensitivity, rising middle class, and cutthroat competition from Android-based players offering comparable specs at radically lower prices. Under such circumstances, Mumbai is a city of utmost importance having early adopters of technology and an enormous consumer base eager to look up to global brands as a measure of success and sophistication.

The main purpose of this research is to measure consumer sentiment regarding Apple in Mumbai, a market with increased sensitivity towards brands and economic heterogeneity. In this research, there is an exploration of a selection of different determinants, namely the affective and cognitive attachments that are associated with the brand Apple, how Apple products have a perceived value relative to the price, whether Apple's system is in favor of customer loyalty, and local determinants such as social prestige and peer influence in affecting purchase.

By examining these texts in this manner, the research acquires a bird's-eye perspective on how global brand identity translates into local consumer experience. It is hoped that the research uncovers not only the salience of Apple to the average Mumbai consumer, but also how Apple succeeds in getting the balance right between aspiration and availability in one of the world's most economically complex city economies.

Literature Review

Perceived brand refers to the perception that a brand possesses among a consumer based on experience, advertisement, peer pressure, and emotional attachment. In Apple's case, these are hybrid dimensions of innovation, luxury selectivity, design philosophy, and group belonging.

India Premium Branding: Apple's Indian strategy is mostly based on the utilization of its premium brand equity. Sharma (2021) and Kapoor & Mittal (2018) observe that Apple is closely linked in people's minds with trust, elitism, and high technology. In urban India, where consumption is image-based increasingly, such traits are in high demand by upper-middle-class Indians.

Adoption Barriers: Indian consumers are also cost-sensitive. Ramaswamy & Prakash (2020) found that although Apple has immense brand pull, price was used as a first-time purchase barrier. Local and Chinese brands were providing similar specifications at a reduced price, and hence Apple's value proposition must be substantiated more strongly.

The Ecosystem Advantage: Apple's highly integrated ecosystem on products such as iPhones, iPads, MacBooks, and services such as iCloud and Apple Music have led to a record level of integration and brand lock-in. It fosters long-term loyalty but can also serve as an entry barrier for those who are not financially well-placed to carry the cost.

Research Objectives and Hypotheses

Objectives:

- 1. To evaluate consumer perceptions of Apple in Mumbai with respect to brand, pricing, and product experience.
- 2. To assess the extent of brand loyalty among current Apple users.
- 3. To identify the barriers that prevent potential consumers from adopting Apple products.
- 4. To explore the role of Apple's ecosystem in shaping consumer commitment.

Hypotheses:

- H1: Apple's strong brand image significantly influences positive consumer perception in Mumbai.
- H2: Pricing remains the most substantial barrier for consumers who have not adopted Apple products.

Research Methodology

This study utilized a quantitative research design. A structured online survey was disseminated via Google Forms to 100 respondents in Mumbai, selected through non-probability convenience sampling.

Survey Design:

- Demographic Questions: Age, gender, occupation, and Apple ownership status
- Perception Questions: Likert scale statements on quality, pricing, satisfaction
- Behavioral Questions: Brand loyalty, upgrade frequency, willingness to pay premium

Data Analysis:

Collected data was analyzed using basic descriptive statistics to interpret trends and identify insights.

Limitations of Methodology:

- Sample may skew toward younger, digitally active individuals.
- Results may not be generalizable to rural or older populations.

Data Analysis & Interpretation

The survey report presents insightful findings based on consumer perceptions in the case of Apple devices in Mumbai. Inferring outcomes from data generated from a set of 100 respondents, outcomes provide information pertaining to user patterns, brand affinity, price and value perception, and the value of ecosystems. Apple Product Usage: The frame of sampling is also split equally with 50% of the respondents stating themselves as Apple product users and the other 50% as non-users. The same ratio of division offers a balanced platform for comparison of the adopters and the non-adopters.

Brand Perception: The Apple image was positive to all the respondents.

• 74% of them reported their overall impression to be "Positive" or "Very Positive".

The most observed brand characteristics were "Premium" (64%), "Expensive" (50%), and "Innovative" (38%). The results indicate Apple to have high aspirational value and to be regarded as a luxury high-quality brand in the Mumbai market.

Pricing as a Deterrent: Use of pricing still serves as a deterrent.

- 44% of respondents see Apple products as too costly.
- Only 38% of the interviewees said the price is reasonable, and 17% don't know whether they do or not. This is a value conveyed by the
 brand and price strategy mismatch, most often stated reason among non-consumers for not being able to afford Apple products.

Ecosystem Impact: Apple's ecosystem has a very significant impact on consumer decision.

- A staggering 46% of the sample gives the ecosystem importance a "Very Important" rating.
- Another 26% indicate that it is "Somewhat Important."

This implies cross-platform services and experiences enhance customers' satisfaction and loyalty towards the brand.

In-Depth Analysis: Apple has a high-end brand value which stimulates innovation, sophistication, and prestige but has limited the masses due to its prestige pricing strategy. The majority of consumers place the brand on a pedestal and would wish to have Apple devices but the cost deters them. The

ecosystem also plays a very significant role in stimulating the loyalty of existing consumers.

Hypothesis Testing

Hypothesis 1: Influence of Brand Image on Consumer Perception

Hypothesis:

- H₀ (Null): Apple's brand image has no significant effect on consumer perception.
- H₁ (Alternative): Apple's brand image significantly influences positive consumer perception.

To test this hypothesis, an independent samples **t-test** was conducted. Respondents were grouped based on whether they associated Apple with strong brand characteristics (Premium, Innovative, Trendy).

Their overall perception of Apple was rated on a 5-point scale (1 = Very Negative, 5 = Very Positive).

Results:

Group	Mean Perception Score	Sample Size
Strong Brand Image Group	4.21	81
Weak/No Brand Image Group	3.42	19

t-statistic: 3.17p-value: 0.0042

Interpretation:

The p-value of 0.0042 is less than the significance level of 0.05, indicating a statistically significant difference. Hence, the **null hypothesis is rejected.**This confirms that **Apple's brand image significantly influences consumer perception** among Mumbai consumers.

Hypothesis 2: Pricing as a Barrier to Adoption

Hypothesis:

- H₀ (Null): Pricing is not a significant barrier to adopting Apple products.
- **H2** (Alternative): Pricing is a significant barrier to adopting Apple products.

To test this hypothesis, a **Chi-square test of independence** was conducted. It analysed the relationship between Apple product usage (User vs. Non-User) and whether respondents perceived Apple products as overpriced.

Contingency Table:

	Think Apple is Fairly Priced	Think Apple is Overpriced
Apple non-users	18	32
Apple Users	38	12

• Chi-square statistic: 14.65

• **p-value:** 0.00013

Degrees of Freedom: 1

Interpretation:

With a p-value of 0.00013 (far below the 0.05 threshold), the **null hypothesis is rejected**.

This indicates that there is a **significant association between non-usage and pricing perception**, confirming that **pricing is indeed a key barrier** for many consumers in Mumbai who have not adopted Apple products.

Summary of Hypothesis Tests

Hypothesis	Test Used	Result
H1: Brand image → Perception	Independent t-test	Significant
H2: Pricing → non-usage	Chi-square test	Significant

Findings

Based on the survey of 100 respondents in Mumbai, the following key findings emerged:

> Equally Balanced User Base:

There is equal availability and familiarity of users as well as non-users on both sides of Apple, with 50% of the survey respondents already being users

of Apple products. This reflects equal familiarity and availability but also suggests potential for growth.

> Positive Brand Perception:

Apple will most likely be viewed as a costly, premium, and innovative brand. 74% of the respondents said that their impression was "Positive" or "Very Positive". The most frequent words used when describing the brand were "Premium" (64%) and "Innovative" (38%).

> Pricing as a Main Barrier

Even where there is respect for the brand, price is an issue. 44% regard Apple products as too pricey, and in non-users, price was cited most often as a reason for non-use.

> Ecosystem Value:

The very integrated nature of the Apple ecosystem also plays a big role in creating brand loyalty. 72% of respondents gave the ecosystem "Very Important" or "Somewhat Important" ranking in the buying decision.

> Aspirational Appeal among Non-Users

Aspirational interest was strong even among non-consumers of Apple products. Non-users reported that they would think about buying Apple if prices were reduced.

Existing User Loyalty:

Existing Apple users were highly satisfied. They were keen on continuing to use Apple products and valued the seamless user experience.

Conclusion

Apple's brand has deep emotional and aspirational value among Mumbai's urban consumers. The company is seen not just as a tech manufacturer, but as a symbol of modernity, status, and technological superiority. However, this prestige comes at a price that many consumers cannot justify.

While the remaining surveyed base had not used Apple, most were ready to use Apple if value proposition and price improved. Apple's greatest strength remains its ecosystem that keeps user's hostage with an end-to-end experience Android players have yet to replicate well.

In the process of continuing to retain and grow its share in India's most competitive metropolitan market, Apple will have to do both: preserve its upscale brand image without making the product affordable and convenient.

Recommendations

- Expand Affordable Offerings: Continue to develop and promote entry-level models like the iPhone SE and older generation flagships with competitive pricing.
- > Localize Marketing Campaigns: Emphasize emotional storytelling that connects with Mumbai's aspirational class, highlighting both status and utility.
- > Trade-In and EMI Programs: Facilitate easier upgrades through trade-ins, EMIs, and bundled service offerings.
- Leverage the Ecosystem: Educate consumers on the long-term benefits of the Apple ecosystem (e.g., iCloud, Airdrop, seamless handoff).
- Enhance Service Accessibility: Invest in certified service centers and post-sale workshops in an effort to guarantee the trust of targeted users.
- Influencer & Campus Engagement: Secure partnership with influencers in the vicinity, provide special discount rates for students and fight with youth population.

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