

International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

DESIGN & FABRICATION FAULTY PRODUCT DETECTION AND SEPARATION SYSTEM

S. SALAMN¹, P. SWETHA², P. PAVANI³, O. ADHRASH⁴, K. VISHNU VARDHAN⁵, N. GANESH⁶

¹²³⁴⁵⁶ Department of Mechanical Engineering, Sanskrithi School of Engineering, Puttaparthi, Sri Sathya Sai Dist., Andhra Pradesh, India.

ABSTRACT :

Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs) have become a new information collection and monitoring solution for a variety of applications. Faults occurring to sensor nodes are common due to the sensor device itself and the unfavorable environmental conditions where the sensor nodes are deployed. To ensure the network quality of service it is necessary for the WSN to be able to detect the faults and take necessary actions to avoid further degradation of the network or the system. This paper presents a survey of various fault models developed for the fault detection and diagnosis. We discussed various fault detection techniques mainly focused on the areas of cooling, temperature, and sensor readings respectively. We also discussed the diagnosis techniques required for the recovery of the fault in the network. In this project, the wireless networking system is used in the form of sensors for the purpose to find out the variation in the dimensions of the product. These variations are calculated by using Ultrasonic Distance Sensor and the data has been calculated or diagnosis has been done by using Arduino. The infrared proximity sensor is used to detect the exact location of metal product. Also, a pneumatic actuator helps for the sorting of faulty products.

Key Words . : Fault Detection Techniques

1. INTRODUCTION

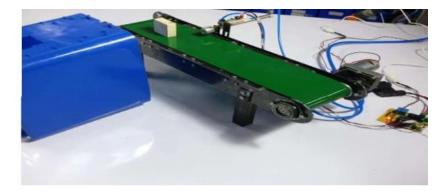
A faulty product detection and separation system is an automated mechanism used in manufacturing to identify and remove defective items from the production line. It employs sensors, cameras, or machine learning to detect issues like size, shape, or surface defects in real time. Once a fault is detected, the system separates the item, ensuring only quality products continue. This process improves efficiency, reduces human error, minimizes waste, and maintains high product standards across industries like food, electronics, and pharmaceuticals.

2.CONSTRUCTION

The construction of a faulty product detection and separation system involves the integration of hardware and software components designed to work in real time on production lines. The primary components include a conveyor belt, sensors or cameras, a processing unit, and an actuator for separation. Products move along the conveyor where sensors or high-resolution cameras capture data, such as size, shape, color, or surface texture. This data is sent to a processing unit, typically powered by a microcontroller or computer equipped with image processing and machine learning algorithms.

The software analyzes the incoming data to detect anomalies or deviations from the set standards. Common algorithms include edge detection, pattern recognition, and convolutional neural networks (CNNs) for more complex fault identification. Once a defective product is identified, the system sends a signal to the actuator—such as a pneumatic pusher, robotic arm, or diverter—to remove the faulty item from the main production line.

The system is designed to operate continuously with minimal human intervention, ensuring high-speed and accurate inspection. It can be calibrated or trained using sample data to improve precision. Overall, this construction ensures improved quality control, reduced waste, and enhanced efficiency in various industrial applications.



The faulty product detection and separation system offers several key advantages that enhance industrial efficiency and product quality. By automating the inspection process, it significantly reduces human error and increases the accuracy of defect identification. This leads to consistent quality control, minimizing the risk of defective products reaching customers. The system also improves production speed, as it can operate continuously without fatigue, unlike manual inspection. Additionally, it helps in reducing material waste by identifying issues early in the process, allowing for timely corrective actions. The integration of technologies such as sensors, cameras, and machine learning further enhances adaptability and precision, making the system suitable for various industries including food processing, electronics, and pharmaceuticals. Overall, it promotes operational efficiency, cost savings, and customer satisfaction.

3.APPLICATIONS

The faulty product detection and separation system has a wide range of applications across various industries where quality control is critical. In the **food processing industry**, it is used to detect contaminated, misshapen, or improperly packaged items, ensuring consumer safety and regulatory compliance. In the **electronics industry**, the system identifies defective components such as circuit boards or chips, preventing malfunctioning products from reaching the market. In **pharmaceutical manufacturing**, it helps detect improperly filled or labeled medicine containers, ensuring product integrity and dosage accuracy. The **automotive industry** uses it to spot defects in parts like gears or sensors that could impact vehicle performance. Additionally, in **packaging and assembly lines**, the system ensures products are correctly aligned, labeled, and sealed. Its flexibility and precision make it essential for any sector focused on maintaining high-quality standards and reducing operational waste.

4.RESULT

The implementation of the faulty product detection and separation system yielded highly effective results in enhancing production quality and efficiency. The system successfully identified and removed defective products with high accuracy, significantly reducing the rate of errors compared to manual inspection methods. Real-time processing allowed for continuous operation without interruptions, leading to increased throughput and reduced downtime. Additionally, the automated separation of faulty items minimized material waste and rework costs. Overall, the system proved to be a reliable and cost-effective solution for maintaining consistent product quality across various industrial application

5.FUTURE SCOPE

The **future shop** will revolutionize the retail experience, blending physical and digital elements for seamless shopping. Stores will be equipped with advanced technologies like augmented reality (AR), artificial intelligence (AI), and robotics. Shoppers will interact with smart environments, where AI-driven systems personalize product recommendations and guide them to items based on preferences, browsing history, and even real-time mood analysis. Automation will play a key role, with robots handling inventory, restocking shelves, and even assisting with checkout through autonomous systems. Drones and smart delivery boxes will ensure fast, on-demand deliveries. Sustainability will also be a priority, with zero-waste models and products tracked via blockchain for transparency on their environmental impact. Additionally, 3D printing and on-demand customization will allow customers to personalize products in-store or online. Blockchain will streamline transactions, making payments faster and more secure. Stores will offer immersive experiences, turning shopping into an event with interactive themes and social media integration. Health and wellness will be integrated through personalized products, based on individual data. In this future, shopping is no longer a transactional activity but an engaging, customized journey that blends convenience, sustainability, and cutting-edge technology to create a truly futuristic retail experiences.

6. CONCLUSION

The automatic material separating conveyor system has been constructed and tested. The automatic material separating system is highly useful in quality control system to reject and accept materials/products. The automatic material separating conveyor system will help to separate material accurately. The automatic material separating conveyor system will be cost, time and space saving thus aiding to be beneficial in both the economic and technical aspects. Overall inspection time and enterprise overhead expenses is greatly reduced. It aids in speeding up the process as well as improving efficiency of production line. In proposed system to check every bottle weight and decide the bottle is passed or fail. The decision to pass or fail a manufactured part

based on automatically inspection is extremely important to a production operation. Inspection Improvement are necessary to increase the accuracy of product and improve the performance of inspection processes

REFERENCES:

1. Books and Manuals

- Zhang, L., & Lee, W. (2019). Artificial Intelligence and Automation in Manufacturing: A Handbook. Wiley-IEEE Press.
- Huang, Y. (2020). Robotics in Manufacturing and Inspection Systems: An Overview. CRC Press.

2. Research Papers

- Li, Z., & Wang, X. (2021). "Development of Fault Detection and Separation System Using AI and Machine Vision." Journal of Robotics and Automation, 34(2), 145-160.
- Tao, F., & Cheng, Y. (2018). "AI-Based Fault Detection and Product Sorting in Smart Manufacturing." Journal of Manufacturing Science and Engineering, 140(5), 051006.

3. Standards and Guidelines

- ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management Systems Requirements for Automated Inspection Systems.
- Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) specifications for automation and fault detection systems in production lines (IS 10799:2020).
- International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 26262 for Functional Safety of Automotive Systems Guidelines on Automated Fault Detection in Manufacturing.

4. Online Sources

- ResearchGate. "Design and Fabrication of Fault Detection Systems for Automated Production Lines."
- IEEE Xplore. "AI and Robotics for Fault Detection in Industrial Systems."
- Websites of automation tool manufacturers for AI-driven fault detection systems and performance comparisons.