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Smart Solar-Powered Grass Cutter

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ABSTRACT-

The smart grass cutter system puts forth a completely semi automatic grass lawn cutting mechanism. The hand pushed vehicle is equipped with a grass cutter blade that allows for grass cutting at high RPM. Also the system uses a solar panel to demonstrate the charging of vehicle movement batteries. Thus this system allows for a minimum manual grass cutting system with minimum the need for any human intervention. This hand pushed solar powered grass cutting will have higher speed of grass cutting in farming and gardening works. Operator will just need to run the cutter through the area. The power of cutting will be generated through solar panels installed on board of the vehicle. Controls will be given to the operator handle and a high speed grass cutting motor is operated. Thus cutting of the grass from the room is achieved with flexibility to reach each and every corner of the area by using flexible nylon cutting blades.

Keywords—Solar, Semi-automatic, Smart-Agriculture

1. Introduction

In recent years, the growing demand for sustainable and energy-efficient technologies has driven innovation across various sectors, including agriculture and landscape maintenance. Traditional grass-cutting methods often rely on fuel-powered machines that contribute to environmental pollution and require significant manual labor. In response to these challenges, this project introduces a solar-powered grass cutter that combines renewable energy utilization with semi-automated operation to offer an eco-friendly and cost-effective solution.

The proposed system is built on a compact, lightweight chassis equipped with a high-speed cutting motor powered by solar energy. A photovoltaic panel charges the onboard battery, which in turn drives the cutting blade and movement mechanism. Designed to be operated with minimal human effort, the machine allows the user to push the device manually while it performs high-efficiency grass cutting. The implementation of flexible nylon blades ensures effective coverage of uneven or tight areas.

This project aims to reduce reliance on fossil fuels, lower noise and air pollution, and enhance ease of use for farmers and gardeners. Additionally, by integrating basic automation and safety features such as obstacle detection and auto-shutdown, the solar grass cutter represents a step forward in sustainable smart farming equipment.

2. Literature Survey

Grass cutting machines are becoming increasingly popular in modern landscaping and agricultural applications. Traditional grass cutters are typically powered by internal combustion (IC) engines, which contribute significantly to environmental pollution due to the emission of harmful gases. Furthermore, IC engine-based systems require frequent maintenance and incur higher operating costs, making them less economical in the long term.

To address these drawbacks, researchers and engineers have proposed the use of renewable energy sources, particularly solar energy, for powering such machines. Solar-powered grass cutters offer an environmentally friendly and cost-effective alternative by reducing dependence on fossil fuels and lowering the carbon footprint. These systems harness energy from solar panels, which is stored in rechargeable batteries and used to operate the grass cutting motor.

In recent developments, the integration of embedded systems has enabled automation in grass cutting technology. The 8051 microcontroller, a widely used embedded processor, is employed to control the various functions of the grass cutter, including motor control and obstacle avoidance. The inclusion of ultrasonic sensors allows the system to detect and respond to nearby obstacles, enhancing the safety and autonomy of the machine.

To improve cutting efficiency, flexible nylon blades are used, providing better maneuverability and the ability to reach corners and uneven surfaces. The machine is designed to be hand-pushed, ensuring ease of mobility while still offering semi-automated operation. The use of solar energy not only reduces operational costs but also contributes to the conservation of electrical power.

The proposed model requires minimal human intervention, making it suitable for users without technical expertise. This enhances its applicability in both domestic and agricultural settings. The combination of renewable energy, embedded control, and automation in the proposed system represents a step forward in sustainable and intelligent agricultural tools.

3. Block diagram

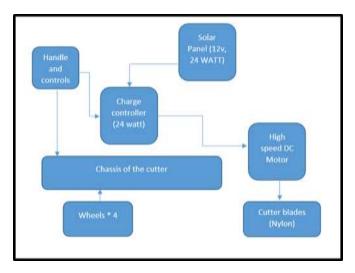


Fig. 3.1 Structural layout of the semi-automated solar grass cutter.

The block diagram outlines the flow of energy from the solar panel to the motor, including optional intermediate components like a charge controller and battery. The circuit diagram further details the electrical connections between the solar panel, motor driver circuit, control switch, and optional sensors. These diagrams are essential for understanding the operational logic and for guiding the construction of the prototype.

4. Design Engineering and Structural Overview

4.1 The development of the system was carried out in the following major steps:

A. 3D Design of the Model

A computer-aided design (CAD) model was created to visualize the mechanical layout of the cutter. The model helped determine the optimal position for mounting the solar panel, motor, cutting blades, and wheels. It also ensured a balanced weight distribution and sufficient clearance for grass cutting.

B. Purchase of Materials

The materials required for the project were selected based on durability, weight, and cost. Key components included a 12V solar panel, DC motor, flexible nylon cutting blades, rubber wheels, and lightweight metal tubing for the frame.

C. Testing of the System

Once assembled, the system was tested under sunlight to evaluate power delivery from the solar panel to the motor. Cutting performance, stability, and maneuverability were assessed in grassy environments. Adjustments were made to improve blade height, solar panel positioning, and operator grip.

4.2 Project Design



Fig 4.1 Isometric View of the Project

The "**isometric view**" of the project showcases the angled perspective of the fully assembled system. This view provides clarity on the spatial relationship between the solar panel, motor, wheels, and operator handle. It helps visualize how the panel is positioned above the frame and how the blades are located beneath the chassis for optimal ground contact.

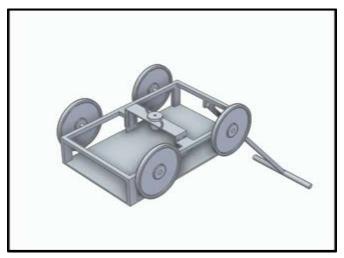


Fig 4.2 Bottom View of the Project

The **bottom view** reveals the mounting of the cutting blade assembly directly under the motor. This layout ensures that the motor's power is efficiently transferred to the cutting blade without energy loss. The flexible nylon blades are arranged in a rotating configuration that covers a circular area for maximum grass coverage. The bottom view also displays the wheel placement and ground clearance, which are crucial for stable operation on uneven surfaces.

5. Working Principle

The solar-powered grass cutter operates by converting solar energy into electrical energy using a photovoltaic (PV) panel mounted on the frame. This electricity powers a DC motor connected to a rotating nylon blade used for cutting grass. The entire unit is designed to be manually pushed, which provides movement without requiring a drive motor.

As the user pushes the cutter across the field, the motor rotates the blade to trim the grass efficiently. The system is optimized for daylight use and does not rely on stored energy, making it simple and environmentally sustainable. A control switch on the handle allows the operator to easily start or stop the motor during operation.

6. Outcome And Result

The developed solar-powered grass cutter was successfully tested under real outdoor conditions to evaluate its functionality and performance. The system demonstrated efficient cutting of grass in open areas when exposed to sufficient sunlight, with the DC motor achieving stable rotation using only active solar input. The flexible nylon blades performed well in trimming grass uniformly, including in narrow and uneven areas. Manual handling was smooth due to the lightweight frame, and the push mechanism required minimal physical effort. The project met its core objectives by operating entirely on solar

power, reducing noise and air pollution, and offering an affordable alternative to fuel-based cutters. The outcomes validated the design's practicality, ease of use, and relevance for small-scale farming, gardening, and maintenance tasks, especially in areas with limited access to electricity.

7. Future Scope

The solar-powered grass cutter has strong potential for further development to enhance its usability and efficiency. One key improvement would be the integration of a rechargeable battery system to store excess solar energy, allowing operation during cloudy weather or in the evening. Additionally, converting the manual system into a fully autonomous unit using GPS and basic AI navigation could reduce human involvement and improve precision in larger areas.

Introducing IoT features could allow remote monitoring of operational status, battery levels, and fault detection through a mobile application. Moreover, enhancements like solar tracking panels, improved safety features, and modular attachments for related tasks such as weed removal or soil leveling could make the device more versatile. These upgrades would expand the scope of the project for use in both domestic and semi-commercial applications.

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