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Artificial Intelligence: Transforming Managerial Practices-A Systematic Literature Review

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ABSTRACT-

Artificial Intelligence (AI) embodies the remarkable capacity of machines to glean insights from historical data, recognize patterns, and utilize that knowledge to render decisions or offer recommendations. Its integration into various management domains has showcased an array of possibilities, empowering efficiency and optimizing numerous operational processes. AI, through pre-set algorithms and cohesive computational methodologies, augments the human facet of HR by infusing technology with intelligence.

This fusion promises an evolved landscape that elevates both job seekers and existing employees, fostering an environment conducive to generating superior and expedited outcomes. Among the manifold applications, AI's prowess shines in talent acquisition and recruitment—critical functions within the HR spectrum. By significantly curtailing the time and energy traditionally spent on tasks like applicant screening, database management, interview coordination, and query resolution, AI paves the way for a more efficient and streamlined process.

In this research paper we discuss multifaceted utilities of Artificial Intelligence within the realm of management, exploring its transformative impact across various operational facets.

Key Words-Artificial intelligence, Human resource Management, Health Care Management

Literature Review –

The emergence of what has been termed the "Fourth Industrial Revolution" or "Industry 4.0" has brought about the integration of intelligent technologies such as Artificial Intelligence (AI) (Kong et al., 2021). With the rapid advancements in information and communication technologies (ICT), AI has gained significant prominence and has the potential to profoundly impact various facets of society (Bolander, 2019). It has become a key driving force behind the transformative changes witnessed in numerous aspects of life during this era (Aloqaily and Rawash, 2022).

Due to economic, political, social, and particularly technological transformations (Jatobá et al., 2019), Human Resource Management (HRM) has evolved into a strategic trend within organizations. However, not all departments have fully embraced this new role, resulting in a slow and occasionally problematic strategic positioning (Poba-Nzaou et al., 2020).

In such instances, the incorporation of technologies like Artificial Intelligence (AI) necessitates an adaptation to align with the changing landscape of society (Michailidis, 2018). According to Verma and Bandi (2019), a wide range of businesses within the IT sector are leveraging artificial intelligence (AI) to enhance the efficiency of their human resources. This initiative encompasses automating recruitment processes and extending to performance appraisals of employees. Organizational leaders and human resource executives believe that integrating AI into HR functions such as onboarding and benefits management has the potential to significantly improve the overall employee experience.

INTRODUCTION

Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the replication of human-like intelligence in robots, enabling them to think and learn in ways akin to humans. This involves crafting models and algorithms that empower computers to perform tasks typically necessitating human cognitive abilities. Functions such as problem-solving, learning, planning, understanding natural language, perceiving through speech and vision recognition, and decision-making constitute a few examples of these capabilities.

While AI holds numerous potential benefits for Human Resource Management (HRM), it's imperative to underscore the significance of ethical considerations, transparency, and maintaining a people-centric approach for its successful implementation within an organization. Notwithstanding the strides made, persistent challenges such as ethical dilemmas, data privacy concerns, and the imperative need for robust ethical frameworks persist. In healthcare, the integration of AI demands careful and thoughtful application, prioritizing patient privacy and well-being, necessitating a balance between intelligent utilization and ethical considerations.

The integration of AI into marketing management necessitates a systematic approach, allowing companies to capitalize on the latest AI technology developments while staying abreast of evolving marketing trends. Simultaneously, in the realm of financial management, while AI presents numerous advantages, attention must be paid to issues like data privacy, ethics, and the potential biases existing within AI models. Compliant with regulatory frameworks, the use of AI in financial services mandates adherence to industry norms and legal requirements, ensuring responsible and ethical utilization of AI technologies.

Research Methodology

The research methodology employed in this study follows a qualitative and interpretative approach, as outlined by Eskola and Suoranta (1998). To gather empirical data, six semi-structured thematic interviews were conducted, following the framework presented by Kovalainen and Eriksson (2008). The selection of interviewees was carried out through purposeful sampling, a methodology detailed by Patton (2002). Specifically, individuals with a strong background and expertise in AI were intentionally chosen, encompassing a high-ranking group of authorities in Health management, Human Resource Management, Financial Management, Logistic Management.

Respecting ethical standards, participants were approached for prior consent, seeking permission to record and transcribe the interviews. This commitment to transparency and honouring participants' rights remained integral throughout the research endeavour.

Identities are codified and in the analysis section they are referred to as Experts 1-5. The more detailed overview on the empirical data is represented in the figure 1. A similar set of questions were given to each expert, still providing freedom for the interviewee to focus on the aspects they Informants.

Informants	Job title	Duration of interview	Transcribed pages
Expert 1	HR Manager	40 min	6
Expert 2	Sales Manager	30min	5
Expert 3	Logistic Manager	35 min	6
Expert 4	Heath Care Expert	24 min	4

Figure 1 Detailed overview on the empirical data

A similar set of questions were given to each expert, still providing freedom for the interviewee to focus on the aspects they saw most important on each topic. The questions are based on 1. The Extent to Which AI Can Replace Managerial Tasks AI and Management

Research Findings-

Interview was structured and respondents replied that AI played a very important role in all aspects of Management. They said that there is no replacement of man power but AI played a role in time management and improve work efficiency. Artificial intelligence opened doors for technological intervention in almost all management streams.

	Contribution of AI(in Percentage)
HR Manager	75
Sales Manager	40
Logistic Manager	80
Heath Care Expert	65



Figure-2 Graph showing AI Contribution in Management

Artificial Intelligence (AI) plays a pivotal role in modern management across various industries. Here are some ways AI contributes to management:

Data Analysis and Decision Making and Predictive Analytics AI helps in analyzing vast amounts of data quickly and accurately, enabling better decision-making. It can identify patterns, trends, and correlations that might be overlooked by humans, aiding managers in making informed decisions. AI algorithms can forecast future trends, market changes, consumer behavior, and potential risks. This helps management in anticipating challenges and opportunities, allowing proactive measures to be taken.

Automation and Efficiency and Personalized Customer Experiences: AI automates repetitive tasks, saving time and reducing errors. This improves operational efficiency and allows employees to focus on more complex and strategic tasks that require human intervention. AI-powered systems can analyze customer preferences and behaviors to provide personalized recommendations, enhancing customer satisfaction and loyalty.

Resource Optimization & Risk Management AI algorithms optimize resource allocation, whether it's in supply chain management, scheduling, or workforce management, leading to cost savings and improved productivity. AI helps in identifying potential risks by analyzing historical data and patterns. This allows managers to develop strategies to mitigate risks and improve overall resilience.

AI has a significant role in revolutionizing healthcare management, impacting various areas:

Diagnosis and Treatment & Medical Imaging and Diagnostics AI algorithms analyze patient data, including symptoms, medical history, and test results, to assist in diagnosing diseases. Machine learning models help in predicting disease progression and recommending personalized treatment plans. AI enhances medical imaging interpretation by improving the accuracy of diagnostics like X-rays, MRIs, and CT scans. It assists in detecting anomalies and identifying patterns that might be overlooked by human eyes. AI expedites drug discovery processes by analyzing vast datasets to identify potential drug candidates and predict their efficacy. This accelerates the research and development phase for new medications.

Patient Management and Care: AI-powered systems manage patient records, automate administrative tasks, and facilitate better patient engagement. Chatbots and virtual assistants offer immediate responses to common queries, freeing up healthcare professionals' time.

Remote Monitoring and Telemedicine & Predictive Analytics for Healthcare Trends: AI enables remote monitoring of patients' vital signs and health parameters. This allows for early detection of health issues and facilitates telemedicine, providing healthcare access to remote or underserved areas. AI analyzes large volumes of healthcare data to predict disease outbreaks, trends in patient admissions, and resource needs. This aids in proactive management of healthcare resources.

Clinical Trials and Research: AI helps in designing more efficient and targeted clinical trials by identifying suitable candidates and predicting outcomes. It accelerates the process of bringing new treatments and therapies to market. AI optimizes hospital operations, resource allocation, and workflow management, reducing administrative burden and improving overall efficiency.

Overall, AI in healthcare management enhances decision-making, improves patient outcomes, increases operational efficiency, and contributes to the development of more effective treatments and healthcare strategies. However, ethical considerations such as data privacy, bias, and transparency remain critical in its implementation.

AI and Financial management

Algorithmic Trading & Risk Management: To analyse market trends, spot trading opportunities, and execute trades at a pace and frequency that exceed human capacity, AI is widely utilised in algorithmic trading. Algorithms that use machine learning can adjust to shifting market conditions and maximise trading tactics. AI is used to manage and assess risks. Large-scale data analysis is possible using machine learning models, which can be used to spot anomalies, forecast changes in the market, and identify possible hazards. This reduces risks and aids in the decision-making process for financial institutions.

Security and Fraud Detection & Credit Scoring: AI plays a critical role in identifying and stopping fraudulent activity. In order to detect odd or suspect activity, machine learning algorithms can evaluate transaction data and behavioural patterns, assisting in the security of financial transactions and thwarting fraud. To determine an individual's or business's creditworthiness, credit scoring uses artificial intelligence. To provide more precise and individualised credit ratings, machine learning models examine a variety of data points, such as credit history, financial transactions, and even non-traditional data sources.

Portfolio Management & Regulatory Compliance: To maximise investment techniques, AI is applied in portfolio management. In order to make better investment decisions and manage portfolios, machine learning algorithms examine past data, market patterns, and other pertinent criteria. By automating transaction monitoring and reporting, AI helps financial organisations comply with regulatory regulations. This aids businesses in adhering to the constantly changing financial requirements.

Quantitative Analysis: By analysing huge datasets and seeing patterns that human analysts would miss, AI is used for quantitative analysis. This helps to manage risks and make better-informed investing decisions.

The integration of AI in finance has the potential to improve efficiency, reduce costs, enhance decision-making, and provide more personalized services to customers. However, it also brings challenges such as ethical considerations, data privacy concerns, and the need for robust regulatory frameworks to ensure responsible and secure use.

AI and Marketing management

Customer Insights and Personalization &: To find patterns and trends, AI algorithms examine enormous volumes of customer data. With this data, marketers may provide tailored experiences for specific clients, such as tailored recommendations and focused advertising. With the use of artificial intelligence, marketers may anticipate future trends and consumer behaviour. As a result, proactive campaign modifications based on anticipated results and better informed decision-making are made possible.

Chat bots and Virtual Assistants: These AI-powered tools offer immediate customer support and engagement. They can also guide customers through the sales funnel, answer questions, and provide information, all of which improve the customer experience. Artificial intelligence (AI) tools are capable of producing text, such as blog posts, product descriptions, and social media posts. Material curation algorithms assist marketers in locating and disseminating pertinent material to their target audience.

Email Marketing Optimisation & Ad Targeting and Optimisation: AI is used to analyse user behaviour and adapt timing and content for optimal engagement in email marketing campaigns. To enhance ad targeting, AI systems examine user behaviour and preferences. AI is utilised by automated bidding and ad placement systems to enhance campaign performance through optimisation.

Social Media Monitoring & Customer Segmentation: Artificial intelligence (AI) systems keep an eye out for sentiment analysis, brand mentions, and new trends on social media sites. With the use of this data, marketers can successfully engage their audience and make data-driven decisions. Marketers can customise their plans to target certain audience segments by using AI algorithms that can segment customers based on a variety of variables.

To sum up, artificial intelligence (AI) enables marketers to optimise several areas of business plans, improve consumer experiences, and make data-driven decisions. AI will probably play a bigger part in marketing as long as technology keeps developing.

Optimisation of the Supply Chain:

Demand Forecasting and Optimisation of Logistics: By using AI algorithms to forecast demand trends, businesses may improve their inventory levels and supply chain management.

Artificial Intelligence can improve distribution and logistics procedures, cutting expenses and raising overall supply chain effectiveness.

Scenario Analysis & Strategic suggestions: By simulating multiple scenarios, artificial intelligence (AI) enables organisations to examine the possible implications of diverse strategic decisions prior to execution. AI systems are capable of analysing enormous volumes of data to produce strategic suggestions that aid in executive decision-making.

AI and Human Resource Management

Artificial Intelligence (AI) can bring significant benefits to various aspects of human resource management. Some of the top applications of AI in HR include automating administrative tasks, enhancing the recruitment process, improving worker engagement and retention, enabling personalized learning and development, and facilitating data-driven decision-making. By leveraging AI, HR professionals can focus on higher-level strategic initiatives and make more informed and efficient decisions that positively impact the organization's overall performance.

- 1) **Recruitment-** Artificial Intelligence (AI) has the potential to benefit both hiring organizations and job applicants. AI technology can improve the application process by designing more user-friendly forms that increase the likelihood of completion and reduce the number of abandoned applications.
- 2) **Internal Mobility and Employee Retention**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) can also significantly impact internal mobility and employee retention. HR professionals can leverage AI-powered personalized feedback surveys and employee recognition systems to better understand employee engagement and job satisfaction, leading to higher retention rates and improved employee well-being. Automation of administrative tasks using Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a game-changer in human resource management. Artificial Intelligence (AI) can help HR professionals shift their focus from low-value, repetitive administrative tasks to strategic planning at the organizational level. By automating processes such as benefits administration, candidate pre-screening, and interview scheduling,

Conclusion-

The implementation of AI-based interventions has the potential to greatly enhance employee productivity and assist professionals in improving overall performance and experience. AI-powered management applications have the capability to analyze, predict, and support decision-making for key stakeholders. However, there are challenges to consider, such as privacy concerns, skill gaps, maintenance requirements, integration capabilities, and limited proven applications. AI in management empowers leaders to make data-driven decisions, streamline operations, innovate, and adapt to an ever-evolving business landscape, making it an indispensable tool for modern businesses.. Here are some key roles that AI can play in HR. It's important to note that while AI can automate certain tasks and provide valuable insights, human judgment and intervention are still crucial in HR decision-making. AI should be used as a tool to augment HR professionals' capabilities, enhance efficiency, and improve decision-making processes rather than replacing human involvement entirely.

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