



Perception of Executives Regarding Diversity, Equity and Inclusion in their Organization

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ABSTRACT :-

Diversity, equity, and inclusion, or DEI, has become a key component of business success, influencing workplace culture, employee engagement, and overall business performance. This study explores executives' perceptions of DEI in their organizations, with a focus on awareness, implementation strategies, challenges, and the outcomes of DEI projects. A mixed-method approach was used to collect the data, which includes Google Forms questionnaires and face-to-face interactions with executives from various companies. The study use non-probability sampling techniques like convenience and purposive sampling to ensure relevant and diverse responses.

The findings indicate that while most CEOs agree that DEI is important, implementation gaps are caused by organizational resistance, unconscious bias, and a lack of written policies. Although many executives believe that DEI initiatives increase employee satisfaction and innovation, they find it difficult to ensure equitable opportunities for everybody. The analysis also highlights a comparison of DEI perceptions by firm size, industry, and leadership commitment.

This study contributes to a deeper understanding of executive perspectives of DEI, challenges they encounter, and potential strategies to advance a more equitable and diverse workplace. The information gained can assist legislators, HR professionals, and business leaders in developing DEI programs that support workplace diversity and align with organizational goals.

Keywords: Diversity, Equity, Inclusion

INTRODUCTION

Concept of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI)

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) are key components of a society or workplace that respects and celebrates individual differences. Diversity entails appreciating and celebrating each person's distinct traits and viewpoints, including socioeconomic level, ability, gender, sexual orientation, age, race, country, religion, and sexual orientation. By removing systemic impediments, equity ensures that everyone has an equal chance to thrive through fair treatment, allocation of resources, and opportunities.

The goal of inclusion is to actively engage and value different points of view in order to create a sense of belonging where everyone is valued, feels accepted, and is able to contribute. A proactive strategy is needed to achieve DEI, which includes equal access to resources, ongoing training, inclusive hiring practices, and the development of an inclusive culture that encourages candid communication and fights prejudice. By embracing diversity, promoting equity, and encouraging inclusion, communities and organizations can improve overall success, employee satisfaction, and performance.

Definitions of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI)

- Diversity: A group's members' range of differences, including socioeconomic level, ability, religion, nationality, age, gender, sexual orientation, race, and ethnicity.
- Equity: Fair treatment and distribution of resources and opportunities, ensuring everyone has an equal chance to succeed by addressing systemic barriers.
- Inclusion: Actively engaging and valuing diverse perspectives so that everyone feels welcome, respected, and able to contribute their unique talents and ideas.

Importance of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) for Organizations

DEI is vital for organizations because it helps attract and retain top talent, enhances decision-making and problem-solving through diverse perspectives, and fulfils a moral obligation to treat everyone fairly and respectfully.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Cox, T. (1993): Theory, research, and practice of cultural diversity in organizations. With the aim of

- a) Investigating how workplace culture influences employees' views and behaviors
- b) Analyzing the effect of diversity in culture on the efficiency of organizations
- c) Using a qualitative study approach and a sample size of 145 employees, to determine ways for managing cultural diversity in the workplace.

The research indicates that: a) Cultural differences might cause misunderstandings and disputes; b) Culture has a major influence on employee attitudes and behaviors inside the workplace. c) The Enhanced creativity and problem-solving abilities, as well as higher staff morale and job satisfaction, are just a few advantages of cultural diversity suggested by research. d) The study made the case that a variety of tactics, such as coaching and education, dialogue, and conflict resolution, are necessary for the efficient management of cultural diversity.

Robin J. Ely and David A. Thomas (2001) Cultural Diversity at Work: The Effects of Diversity Perspectives on Work Group Processes and Outcomes aims to explore the ways in which different diversity perspectives affect work. group procedures and outcomes, use a qualitative research methodology with a sample size of 220 workers to examine how diversity initiatives affect workers' attitudes and actions. According to the study, people's attitudes on diversity affect how they understand and react to workplace diversity. Diverse teams may be more creative and innovative, but they may also encounter more conflict.

Ahuja, J. (2017) Perception of Diversity and Inclusion among Indian BPO Employers

The objectives of this study were to investigate the attitudes of Indian BPO employers toward diversity and inclusion, investigate the elements that influenced their choice to adopt such policies, and evaluate the effects of such policies inside Indian BPO companies. 150 Indian BPO employers were polled for the study using a quantitative research design. According to the results, the majority of Indian BPO companies recognized the value of diversity and inclusion as well as how it may improve organizational performance. Ensuring legal compliance, improving organizational outcomes, and attracting and retaining talent were the main motivations behind the implementation of these rules. Employers who had adopted diversity policies reported greater employee satisfaction, enhanced teamwork, and increased innovation.

Warrier, U (2013) Diversity and Inclusion in Indian Banking Sector: An Empirical Study. The objectives were to examine the diversity and inclusion practices of Indian banking organizations. To identify factors influencing the implementation of diversity and inclusion policies in Indian banking organizations. To evaluate the impact of these policies on employee satisfaction and organizational performance Using a quantitative research design with a sample size of 250 Indian banking organizations, the study found that diversity and inclusion were perceived as crucial for enhancing organizational performance and improving employee satisfaction. Key factors influencing implementation included the need to foster a positive work environment, attract and retain talent, and comply with legal requirements. Organizations with effective policies reported higher employee satisfaction, better team performance, and greater innovation.

Bansal, S. (2018) Employer Perception of Diversity and Inclusion in Indian Hospitality Industry

The objectives of this study were to assess the level of awareness and perception of diversity and inclusion among employers in the Indian hospitality industry, identify the challenges in implementing such policies, and examine the impact of these policies on organizational performance. Using a quantitative research design, the study surveyed 75 Indian hospitality employers. The findings revealed that most employers in the Indian hospitality industry had limited awareness of diversity and inclusion and its associated benefits. The primary challenges faced in implementing diversity policies were a lack of training, difficulty in fostering an inclusive culture, and resistance to change. However, hospitality employers who successfully implemented diversity policies reported improved customer satisfaction, better teamwork, and increased innovation.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Scope Of The Study:-

Research on how executives view diversity, equity, and inclusion in organizations involves studying the attitudes of top managers. This includes looking at their experiences with DEI, how involved they are with DEI initiatives, and what they think DEI does for the organization's culture, performance, and reputation. The research also looks at the specific ways executives are promoting DEI, like working with diverse employees and investing in training. It also explores the challenges they face and how they deal with them. This kind of research helps us learn how to make workplaces more inclusive and fair, benefiting the organization as a whole.

Objectives of the study:

1. To investigate how executives view inclusion, equity, and diversity in the workplace.
2. To Examine executives' behaviour towards Diversity, Equity and inclusion.
3. To understand the steps taken by the management towards the diversity inclusion in the organization.

Significance of the study:-

DEI is an acronym for diversity, equality, and inclusion. If a location has a diverse population, it is considered diversified. Inclusion is about making everyone feel included, especially at work. Companies attempt to establish a diverse, egalitarian, and inclusive workplace through DEI policies and programs. Examples of this include sexual orientation, ethnicity, and other individual traits. It's important since it can convey the sense that the company is not genuine if someone doesn't feel like they belong. Through more than just rules or training, DEI seeks to make sure that everyone feels valued and included at work. Sincere employers create spaces where individuals may openly express their opinions, appreciate one another, and grow without interference. They offer anti-bias training, equitable opportunities, flexible work hours, and diverse teams. Employees and companies alike gain from this. Diversity is essential in today's corporate world. This study explores managers' perceptions of diversity, equity, and inclusion in their companies.

Research Design:-

The research design is both exploratory and descriptive. It means the study looks into Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion in an organization and describes how executives see these issues in the organization. So, the research design is both exploratory and descriptive.

Universe :- The universe for my present study was conducted across companies located in Vadodara and Ahmedabad, covering various industries. In Vadodara, data was collected from **Baroda Moulds and Dies** and **Kaizen Switchgear Products Limited**. In Ahmedabad, the research included organizations from the **Odhav** and **Bhavda** industrial areas, such as **Jackteck Hydraulics**, **Nexus Automech Pvt. Ltd.**, **Flare Binary**, and **Maruti Enterprise**. Additionally, IT companies were covered, including **Power Control**, **Techronus**, **Teckuz**, and **E-SparkBiz**. This diverse selection of companies ensures a comprehensive understanding of executives' perceptions of diversity, equity, and inclusion across different sectors.

Sample:- The sample size used in this survey was 65.

Sampling method:- Simple random sampling is the sample technique employed in this survey.

Method of data collection :-A survey on Google Forms with questions that can be answered with short or long responses.

Data analysis and interpretation :- I'll use Excel to analyze and understand the data and it will be coded in then I'll create tables for summarize it.

FINDINGS

Below are the findings based on the data interpretations for each aspect of the study

1. Respondents' education:

- Graduates make up the majority of responders (52.3%), followed by postgraduates (36.9%).
- 7.7% belong to other categories, while just 3.1% have a diploma.

This suggests a highly educated workforce, which could affect how they understand and view DEI programs.

2. Respondents' Job Titles:

- Senior executives make up the largest group of respondents (38.5%), followed by managers (18.5%) and executives (18.5%).
- 18.5% work in different positions, while 6.2% are Head of Departments.

Mid-to-senior level professionals are heavily represented in this distribution, which could influence DEI views and decision-making.

3. The respondent departments:

- The Manufacturing department has the most personnel (27.7%), followed by the Administrative (23.1%), Finance (18.5%), HR (16.9%), and IT (13.8%) departments.

In order to ensure that DEI viewpoints are collected from various functional areas, this suggests a diverse representation of departments.

4. Respondents' Years of Experience:

- The bulk of employees—52.3%—has five to ten years of experience.
- 12.3% have less than three years, 7.7% have ten to fifteen years, and 18.5% have three to five years.
- 9.2% have worked for more than 15 years.

This suggests that a wider range of experience levels are represented in the study, with mid-career professionals being more strongly represented.

5. Knowledge of DEI Concepts:

- Of those surveyed, 74% are familiar with DEI, 10% are extremely familiar, and 16% are not.

Even while this shows a high level of awareness, some employees still don't comprehend, which means further DEI training is needed.

6. Employee DEI Training:

- Of employees, just 33.08% obtain DEI training, compared to 52.03% who do not and 13.08% who are not sure.

This suggests that a large number of companies do not have formal DEI training programs, which may restrict workers' comprehension and involvement.

7. The Value of DEI in the Office:

- Of the workforce, 10.08% do not think DEI is significant, 40% are neutral, and 49.02% think it is extremely important.

This indicates that DEI's significance is strongly acknowledged, although a sizable portion seems unconcerned, indicating space for further awareness and involvement.

8. Inclusive and Diverse Workplace:

- 16.9% disagree, whereas 69.2% think their company is inclusive and varied.

This implies that some employees still encounter gaps in diversity and inclusion initiatives, even though the majority believe their company is welcoming.

9. Understanding Various Cultures and Identities:

- According to 35.4% of respondents, multiple cultures are always acknowledged, whilst 60% claim it only occasionally occurs.
- Just 4.6% of people believe that cultural diversity is never acknowledged.

This implies that while the majority of companies acknowledge diversity, some workers might not feel completely appreciated or involved.

10. The conviction that an inclusive and diverse workplace enhances business results:

- Eighty percent of those surveyed think diversity improves company outcomes, compared to 15.04% who are unsure and 4.96% who disagree.

Even if some employees are still unaware of the advantages of DEI, this demonstrates considerable support for its good effects.

11. DEI's Effect on Employee Satisfaction and Morale:

- 60% of respondents think DEI has a positive effect on satisfaction and morale, compared to 30.08% who are unsure and 9.92% who disagree. This implies that there is a strong, but not universal, belief that DEI improves the working environment.

12. The Function of DEI in Recruiting and Keeping Talent:

- While 15.04% are neutral, 84.06% (Strongly Agree + Agree) think DEI does a superior job of attracting and keeping talent.

This suggests that the majority of workers view DEI as a crucial component of hiring and retaining talent.

13. How DEI Affects Corporate Culture:

- While 27.7% feel DEI influences company culture just occasionally, 66.2% (Always + Often) think it does.

The fact that just 6.1% of respondents perceive little to no influence suggests that certain firms need to strengthen their DEI culture.

14. Assessing DEI Initiatives' Performance:

- Employee feedback is used by 53.08% of firms, compared to business outcomes (20%), diversity metrics (18.05%), and other techniques (7.07%).

This suggests a need for a more data-driven strategy as the majority of firms evaluate DEI based on employee impressions rather than objective metrics.

15. Consistent Assessment and Modification of DEI Projects:

- Regular DEI evaluations are confirmed by 61.05% of respondents, whereas 23.01% are unclear and 15.04% claim no evaluation takes place.

This implies that although the majority of firms monitor their progress in DEI, some do not communicate their efforts clearly.

Overall Key Findings & Recommendations:

Although there are gaps in training, monitoring, and regular implementation, the study shows that organizations strongly embrace DEI. In order to optimize the impact of DEI, businesses ought to:

- Increase awareness of DEI initiatives to boost staff involvement.
- Broaden training sessions to enhance comprehension.
- To monitor success, use quantifiable statistics and employee input.

- For long-term DEI success, make sure you conduct routine evaluations and modifications.

Businesses may build a more diverse, egalitarian, and inclusive workplace that benefits staff members and the company overall by tackling these issues.

SUGGESTIONS

The study's findings demonstrate the diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) efforts that firms are implementing have both strengths and opportunities for improvement. The data's overall analysis leads to the following crucial suggestions for enhancing DEI initiatives:

1. Increase Training Programs for DEI:

- Present Situation: Of those surveyed, only 33.08% say they have received DEI training, and 52.03% say they have not received any training at all.
- Recommendation: Employers should make DEI training programs more widely available to all staff members, particularly those at all organizational levels. In addition to providing ongoing learning opportunities for current employees, DEI training ought also be required as part of the onboarding process for new workers. To address pertinent concerns, training could also be customized for particular departments, work functions, or seniority levels.

2. Improve Information Sharing Regarding DEI Projects:

- Present Situation: Regarding whether DEI efforts are being routinely reviewed and modified, a sizable portion of employees are either neutral (40%) or uncertain (23.11%).
- Recommendation: Clear communication is essential to fostering employee involvement in DEI initiatives. Through internal communications like newsletters, intranet articles, and town hall meetings, organizations should effectively convey their DEI strategies, progress, and results. Employee trust in DEI initiatives can be bolstered by communicating clear DEI objectives, key performance indicators (KPIs), and the results of activities.

3. Connect Business Objectives with DEI Metric:

- Present Situation: The majority of firms (53.08% and 18.05%, respectively) concentrate on employee feedback and diversity measures, even if 20% of them tie DEI performance to business outcomes.
- Recommendation: Organizations should tie DEI results to important business KPIs like employee engagement, retention rates, productivity, and innovation in order to fully illustrate the benefits of DEI. Quantifiable information, such as performance results and diversity in leadership positions, can be used to support DEI investments and demonstrate their financial benefit.

4. Encourage an Environment That Is More Inclusive of All Workers:

- Present Situation: Despite the fact that 69.2% of workers think their workplace is inclusive and varied, 16.9% disagree, and some workers say that different cultures are rarely or never acknowledged.
- Recommendation: Companies ought to concentrate on developing a genuinely inclusive work environment where each person is treated with respect and worth. Diverse employee resource groups, cultural events, and establishing a secure environment for staff members to express who they are can all help achieve this. Businesses should also endeavour to make sure that diversity is valued at all levels, particularly in positions of leadership and decision-making.

5. Consistently Assess DEI Projects:

- As of right now, 61.05% of respondents think DEI initiatives are routinely reviewed, while 23.01% aren't sure and 15.04% think they aren't.
- Recommendation: DEI programs ought to be periodically evaluated and modified in light of continuing employee input, diversity indicators, and company results. To evaluate the success of present initiatives, find any gaps, and make sure that adjustments are being made to promote diversity, DEI assessments should be carried out annually. Feedback loops should be a part of this so that staff members can actively influence DEI policies.

6. Fill in the Blanks in DEI Acknowledgment:

- Present Situation: 4.6% of workers feel that multiple cultures and identities are never acknowledged, whereas 35.4% of workers think that they are always acknowledged.
- Recommendation: Organizations should make acknowledging other cultures a top priority and make sure that all identities are consistently celebrated. Closing the gap can be facilitated by initiatives like leadership training on cultural competency, mentorship programs, and cultural awareness activities. Workers ought to believe that the organization values, respects, and incorporates their distinct backgrounds into its culture.

7. Assess DEI Success Using a Balanced Method:

- Present Situation: Business outcomes are utilized less frequently (20%) to gauge DEI success than employee feedback (54.08%) and diversity measures (18.05%), which are employed by the majority of firms.
- Recommendation: Companies should measure DEI progress using a thorough, impartial methodology. This should incorporate quantitative data (such as representation metrics, retention, promotion rates, and company performance) with qualitative data (such as employee surveys and feedback). By using both strategies, DEI progress can be tracked more comprehensively and areas for improvement can be identified.

8. Encourage Increased Participation and Engagement of Employees in DEI Initiatives:

- Present Situation: 15.04% of workers are uncertain whether DEI initiatives are successful, and 40% of workers feel neutral about the significance of DEI at their company.
- Suggestion: Employers should actively involve staff in DEI initiatives in order to boost commitment and engagement. This could include peer mentorship programs, DEI task teams, and focus groups that enable staff members to support DEI objectives. Offering open communication platforms, such listening sessions or DEI forums, can also increase staff members' sense of involvement and value in the process.

9. Enhance Talent Retention Through DEI Initiatives:

- Present Situation: Just 15.04% of workers are neutral, whereas 80% of workers think that a diverse and inclusive workplace helps draw and keep talent.
- Suggestion: In order to retain talent, DEI should be viewed as a top strategic priority. Companies should make sure that their DEI initiatives go beyond hiring procedures and incorporate inclusive leadership training, career development opportunities for underrepresented groups, and mentorship programs. This will make sure that throughout their professional path inside the company, talent feels appreciated, supported, and involved.

10. Increase the Number of DEI Surveys and Feedback:

- Present Situation: Employee surveys and feedback are the main tools used to assess DEI progress, however many firms do not routinely collect data.
- Suggestion: Organizations should use frequent surveys and feedback systems, such as quarterly check-ins and pulse surveys, to make sure DEI is always becoming better. These ought to evaluate workers' opinions of workplace inclusion, their experiences with DEI initiatives, and any obstacles they might encounter. DEI techniques should be continuously modified and enhanced in response to this feedback.

Although many workplaces have very high opinions of DEI, the study shows that there are still a number of areas that might use improvement, particularly in the areas of assessment, training, transparency, and inclusivity. Organizations may foster a more diverse, egalitarian, and inclusive workplace by putting the aforementioned recommendations into practice. This will improve business outcomes, employee satisfaction, and talent retention

Conclusion

This study offers a thorough assessment of the current status of DEI (diversity, equity, and inclusion) in the workplace, highlighting both the areas that need improvement and the advancements that have been accomplished. According to the findings, most respondents acknowledged the significance of DEI concepts in creating a happy work environment and improving business outcomes. Only 33% of employees report having access to formal DEI training, indicating that there are still large gaps in DEI involvement and training despite this knowledge. According to this, firms have not yet made the entire investment in providing the resources required to enable DEI learning and development at all levels, even if employees recognize the importance of DEI with a mixed but encouraging picture, the study offers a thorough and perceptive overview of the situation of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) in organizations today. Seventy-four percent of workers say they are aware with DEI concepts, and eighty percent think that a diverse and inclusive workplace improves corporate results. These results show that DEI is becoming more widely acknowledged as a critical element in establishing an atmosphere that supports organizational performance and employee satisfaction. This acknowledgment is a step in the right direction to guarantee that DEI is included into companies' basic principles and activities.

Nevertheless, the study finds a number of significant gaps that prevent the complete achievement of DEI objectives, even in the face of broad awareness. The absence of DEI training is one of the biggest obstacles. Just 33% of workers say they are undergoing DEI-specific training, while 52% say they haven't taken part in any of these courses. This disparity implies that even though DEI may be acknowledged in theory, many organizations have not yet made the investments in the training and useful resources required to convert awareness into real transformation. DEI training is crucial for raising awareness as well as giving staff members the resources they need to promote inclusive practices in their daily work.

The perception of inclusiveness in the workplace is another crucial area of concern. A lesser percentage (16.9%) of respondents feel alienated or think their workplace is not inclusive, despite 69% of respondents saying it is diverse and inclusive. This disparity emphasizes the need to actively foster inclusiveness at all organizational levels diversity on its own is insufficient. Companies must make sure that workers feel appreciated, respected, and acknowledged regardless of their experiences, identity, or background if they want to create really inclusive workplaces. Creating an atmosphere where various cultural identities are honored on a regular basis as opposed to sporadically or tokenistic ally is part of this.

The report also shows that although most employees concur that DEI efforts have a beneficial impact on employee happiness, morale, and talent retention, there is still insufficient evaluation of DEI programs. Even while 61% of companies say they routinely assess DEI projects, many employees are either unclear about how effective these efforts are or believe that progress on DEI is not being openly shared. Businesses must place a high priority on using precise indicators, such as employee engagement, diversity representation, and business outcomes, to gauge the success of their DEI programs. They should also make sure that staff are informed of evaluation outcomes so they can observe the concrete results of DEI initiatives. Additionally, openness and frequent updates on the status of DEI projects would strengthen the organization's dedication to ongoing development and foster trust.

The study draws attention to the perceptions of DEI's influence on attracting and retaining talent, which is another crucial issue. A diverse and inclusive workplace is seen as both a business advantage and an ethical requirement, as evidenced by the startling 80% of respondents who concur that DEI helps recruit and retain talent. Organizations should understand, though, that although DEI can be a powerful differentiator in luring top talent, its real worth is in fostering an atmosphere where all workers believe they have an equal chance to thrive. In order to give all employees, regardless of background, the resources and chances they need to succeed, it is necessary to make sure that DEI principles are ingrained in crucial areas like leadership development, promotions, and employee feedback methods.

The study's most favourable findings include the conviction that DEI improves employee satisfaction and morale, as 60% of respondents concur that it makes for a more rewarding work environment. Nonetheless, 30% of workers are unclear about how DEI affects their level of satisfaction. This ambiguity implies that although DEI may improve worker well-being, widespread and regular use of DEI policies is required for a more pronounced and long-lasting effect. In addition to putting DEI initiatives into practice, organizations should use frequent surveys and feedback loops to actively gauge their effects on employee happiness. Future projects should be guided by this feedback, which will also guarantee that DEI efforts remain in line with employee demands.

Although the report shows that companies have made great strides in acknowledging the value of DEI and encouraging a more diverse workplace, it also identifies a number of crucial areas that need to be addressed. According to the study's conclusions, companies should fund thorough DEI training, promote genuine participation, and make sure that DEI programs are routinely assessed and modified in response to input. By doing this, businesses may establish a culture that is really inclusive, attracting varied personnel and fostering their long-term success, happiness, and engagement. In the end, a workplace where all employees feel valued, empowered, and free to do their best job will result from the effective use of DEI tactics, which will be advantageous to both the individuals and the company as a whole.

In summary, even while firms are making progress in creating inclusive and diverse workplaces, the results indicate that there is still room for improvement in a number of areas. Organizations may create a truly inclusive workplace that promotes employee satisfaction and company success by enhancing DEI training, stepping up engagement activities, making sure that frequent evaluations and honest communication are conducted, and taking a more balanced approach to success measurement.

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