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# SMART SALINE INFUSION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

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#### ABSTRACT:

This paper describes the creation of a new Smart Saline Infusion Monitoring System meant to improve patient safety and simplify the delivery of healthcare. The device, focused around an Arduino UNO microprocessor, includes a multi-sensor array comprising a load cell for precise saline level monitoring, a temperature sensor, a heartbeat sensor, and a SpO2 sensor. Healthcare providers get instant insights from constantly obtained real-time patient data shown on an LCD panel. The system aggressively sets off an alarm, sends automated SMS notifications, and makes phone calls to assigned carers in critical circumstances like low saline levels or aberrant vital signs, hence guaranteeing prompt response and reducing any problems. By automating vital monitoring chores, lowering the possibility of human error, and allowing effective resource allocation inside healthcare environments, this creative approach shows the promise to enhance patient care.

Index terms: Saline infusion; Patient monitoring; Microcontroller; Smart healthcare; Wireless communication; Sensors; Alarm system; Medical device; Telemedicine

## I. INTRODUCTION

Designed to solve important patient monitoring issues in medical environments, the Smart saline infusion management system is a creative healthcare tool. It guarantees the ongoing monitoring of saline levels and vital indicators including temperature, heart rate, and blood oxygen saturation (SpO2) by means of an Arduino UNO microcontroller combined with sophisticated sensor technology. Particularly useful in situations where quick response is critical—such as hospital wards, intensive care units, and remote healthcare facilities—this system

A load cell measures the saline bottle's weight; a potentiometer defines the threshold level. The technology alerts medical personnel when the saline level falls below this threshold. Apart from saline monitoring, the device also includes a temperature sensor, a heartbeat sensor, and a SpO2 sensor to track the patient's vital signs. Should any anomalies be found, the system notifies the carer by means of a GSM module sending automated SMS and call alerts and triggers an alarm.

This approach guarantees that carers are quickly notified of important events and it lessens the load of manual monitoring. This method shows how technology may change medical care by increasing patient safety and enhancing healthcare efficiency.

## **II. LITERATURE REVIEW**

Monitoring saline bottles in hospitals calls for constant attention to reduce possible health concerns; thus, an IoT-based saline level monitoring system for healthcare was proposed. Using load cells to gauge the fluid level within the bottles, this study presents a creative IoT-based approach for monitoring saline levels. The device includes an Arduino microcontroller and GSM module to deliver immediate SMS alerts to healthcare professionals should the saline level drop below a defined threshold. The data demonstrate that this technique lowers manual oversight and enhances patient safety by assuring quick action. Its reasonably priced design also makes it a feasible choice for hospitals with constrained resources. This Automation of Saline Bottle Monitoring Using IoT and Wireless Communication tackles important issues like saline overflow or depletion in hospital settings by means of an automated saline monitoring system.

This Automation of Saline Bottle Monitoring Using IoT and Wireless Communication offers an automated saline monitoring system to solve important problems like saline overflow or depletion in healthcare settings. A microprocessor handles quick data processing while the device combines load cells for exact weight measurement of saline bottles. Healthcare professionals can monitor in real time using a WI-FI-enabled module that guarantees flawless data transmission to a mobile app. Predefined criteria for saline levels set off alerts, so guaranteeing quick action. The technology increases operating efficiency and patient safety by means of faster saline replacement and less manual involvement. Combining vital sign monitoring with saline level detection, this IoT-Based Integrated Health Monitoring System with Saline Level Detection suggests a thorough IoT-based health monitoring system.

vital sign tracking with saline level detection. The device monitors saline levels using load cells and sensors in conjunction with vital indicators including heart rate, SpO2, and body temperature. Data is processed by an Arduino microcontroller and GSM module, which also sends notifications to carers when anomalies are found. The technology improves patient safety by means of real-time monitoring and automatic alerts, hence reducing the burden of healthcare workers. Timely intervention is critical in ICU environments and post-operative care, hence this approach is very useful there. This paper presents a smart saline monitoring and patient vital sign tracking system meant for concurrent observation of saline levels and patient health parameters. Designed for concurrent observation of saline levels; a potentiometer defines crucial threshold values. Sensors also monitor important vital signs like heart rate, SpO2, and body temperature. When saline levels fall or vital signs depart from acceptable limits, the system notifies carers using a GSM-based notification system and an alarm. Real-time monitoring by the prototype shows great dependability, hence highlighting notable promise for use in both hospital and home care environments. Developed to monitor vital signs and saline levels concurrently, a real-time ECG and saline level monitoring system runs on an Arduino UNO processor. This method allows doctors to track patient status in real-time, hence enabling quick reactions to any notable changes. The technology greatly improves patient care and clinical results by means of quick interventions. Its inclusion of timely notifications and real-time tracking makes it a useful tool in improving healthcare delivery. A smart intravenous infusion dosing system has been suggested to maximise saline infusion rates by using machine learning techniques.

Using machine learning techniques, a clever intravenous infusion dosing system has been suggested to maximise saline infusion rates. The device minimises the likelihood of problems like fluid excess or depletion by constantly changing infusion rates depending on individual patient demands. The technology guarantees individualised dosing by using sophisticated algorithms, hence improving patient safety and lowering the probability of negative outcomes. Promoting more exact and efficient patient treatment, this method is a major development in intravenous therapy. This method is a major development in intravenous therapy since it encourages more accurate and efficient patient treatment.

Developed to detect saline levels and give timely notifications to medical experts, an intravenous infusion monitoring and alarm system This approach guarantees that changes in patient circumstances are rapidly responded to by healthcare professionals, hence enabling fast treatments. The approach increases patient safety and improves general patient care results by lowering the likelihood of problems. Its alarm feature is crucial for handling important changes in patient needs, therefore guaranteeing improved control of intravenous therapy. A GSM-based remote monitoring device integrated with a flexible saline flow rate measuring system has been created to monitor saline flow rates and notify medical professionals.

To monitor saline flow rates and notify doctors, a GSM-based remote monitoring device has been combined with a flexible saline flow rate measuring system. This method allows real-time monitoring so that healthcare professionals can remotely manage patient status and react fast. The technology guarantees more effective healthcare delivery and improves patient safety by lowering the need for human checks, hence enhancing patient care results. An intelligent saline bottle system has been created to track usage and monitor saline levels, therefore alerting medical professionals for prompt interventions.

Designed to track usage and monitor saline levels, an intelligent saline bottle system notifies medical personnel for prompt treatments. Smart design of the device automates saline use tracking, therefore reducing the possibility of human error and improving patient safety. The technology improves general patient care and helps to more effectively control saline infusions by enabling real-time monitoring. A suggested NRF transceiver-based system sends real-time notifications to medical personnel monitoring saline levels and vital signs. The NRF transceiver design of this system guarantees that healthcare professionals get timely alerts and may quickly react to changes in patient status by enabling smooth communication across devices. The method improves patient care results and helps proactive healthcare interventions by means of constant monitoring.[10]

## **III. PROPOSED SYSTEM**

Combining manual saline monitoring and solitary vital sign tracking into one automated solution, the suggested method aims to solve their disadvantages. At the heart of the system is an Arduino UNO microcontroller linking several sensors and parts. Real-time weight measurement of the saline bottle is done using a load cell; threshold settings are changeable using a potentiometer to identify low saline levels. Specialised sensors track vital signs—including heart rate, SpO2, and body temperature—thereby guaranteeing full and continuous patient health tracking.

The system has a GSM module to provide real-time alarm notifications. The technology automatically sends an SMS or initiates a call to medical personnel or carers if the saline level drops below the predefined threshold or any vital metrics change beyond the normal range. A neighbourhood alert is also set off to quickly bring attention to the problem. Real-time data visualisation provided by the LCD lets carers easily track the patient's state by showing both saline levels and vital signs.

Well-suited for hospitals, ICUs, and home care settings, this affordable and scalable system guarantees prompt responses, lowers human error, and limits manual intervention. It greatly increases patient safety and improves the general effectiveness of healthcare delivery.

The system monitors both the saline levels and the patient's vital signs in real time by use of a load cell combined with \*\*temperature\*\*, \*\*heartbeat\*\*, and \*\*SpO2 sensors\*\*. These sensors give constant and correct data on the patient's state, so allowing medical practitioners to quickly identify any changes or abnormalities. The system guarantees exact monitoring and management of saline infusion by including sophisticated sensor technology and automation, hence greatly lowering the possibility of human error and improving patient safety.

The system's distinctive feature is the \*\*potentiometer-based threshold setting\*\*, which lets medical personnel specify wanted saline levels. This modification guarantees tailored saline management that satisfies specific patient requirements and lowers the probability of problems like fluid overload or depletion. The device uses a \*\*GSM module\*\* to provide SMS notifications to medical personnel when irregularities in either saline levels or vital

signs are found, hence guaranteeing quick response in emergency cases. By guaranteeing quick medical assistance during crises, our real-time alarm system improves patient safety.

The device guarantees quick reactions by including an alarm that sounds an audible warning to instantly grab attention during crises. A LCD also provides real-time visualisation of saline levels and vital parameters, hence allowing medical professionals to rapidly obtain necessary information. Its simple and user-friendly design helps the system to operate, hence lowering the possibility of human error and improving the general efficiency of patient monitoring. Aimed at improving healthcare procedures, the Smart Saline Monitoring and Patient Vital Sign Tracking System automates vital sign and saline level monitoring. The system provides a consistent and reasonably priced solution fit for hospitals, intensive care units, and home care settings with features including sensor integration, real-time data tracking, GSM-based alarm notifications, and a simple user interface. The system reduces the danger of problems, encourages prompt treatments, and guarantees better patient results and general healthcare standards by means of its increased accuracy and efficiency of patient care.

## **IV. IMPLEMENTATION**

In this section, the detailed implementation of the system is described with reference to the block diagram shown in Fig. 1. The system includes several key components:

Arduino UNO - The Arduino UNO microcontroller serves as the core processing unit of the system, orchestrating the seamless integration and operation of all connected components. It communicates with various input sensors, including the load cell, heartbeat sensor, temperature sensor, and SpO2 sensor, while simultaneously managing output devices such as the GSM module, LCD, and alarm system. The Arduino UNO processes real-time data from these sensors, evaluates the values against predefined thresholds, and takes prompt actions such as activating alarms or sending SMS notifications through the GSM module. Its versatility, reliability, and user-friendly programming environment make it an ideal choice for this project, allowing for the effective integration of diverse functionalities into a unified and efficient solution.

Load Cell - The load cell is used to measure the weight of the saline bottle, ensuring that saline levels are monitored continuously. This component detects even small changes in the bottle's weight and transmits the data to the Arduino through an HX711 amplifier. If the weight drops below a pre-set threshold, the system triggers an alarm and sends an SMS to notify caregivers. This functionality prevents situations where the saline bottle runs out unnoticed, ensuring uninterrupted treatment and patient safety.

LCD – The LCD is used to provide a visual representation of the patient's vital signs and saline levels. It shows real-time data, including heart rate, temperature, SpO2 levels, and the remaining saline volume, allowing caregivers to monitor the patient's condition at a glance. The display is connected to the Arduino, which updates it continuously with the latest sensor readings. This component enhances usability and ensures medical staff have easy access to critical information without needing additional devices.

Temperature Sensor - The temperature sensor, such as LM35 or DHT11, is used to monitor the patient's body temperature continuously. This component plays a crucial role in tracking changes in body temperature, which could indicate fever or other health conditions. The sensor provides real-time data to the Arduino, which compares it to a preset threshold. If the temperature exceeds or falls below this threshold, the system triggers an alarm and sends a notification via the GSM module. This ensures caregivers are alerted promptly to take necessary actions, improving patient safety and care efficiency.

Heartbeat Sensor - The heartbeat sensor measures the patient's heart rate by detecting electrical signals generated by the heart. This data is vital for identifying irregularities such as tachycardia or bradycardia. The sensor transmits the heart rate data to the Arduino, which analyzes it in real time. If the readings deviate from the normal range, the system activates an alarm and sends an SMS to notify medical staff. This component ensures constant monitoring of the patient's cardiac health, reducing the risk of undetected complications.

SPO2 Sensor - The SpO2 sensor, like the MAX30100 or MAX30102, measures the oxygen saturation level in the patient's blood. Oxygen saturation is a critical parameter for detecting respiratory issues or hypoxemia. The sensor connects to the Arduino and transmits data, which is processed to calculate the SpO2 level. If the level falls below a predefined safe range (e.g., 90%), the system triggers an alarm and sends an alert via the GSM module. This ensures caregivers can respond quickly to potential respiratory distress, improving patient outcomes.

Alarm System - The alarm is an audio output device used to alert caregivers locally when any critical issue arises, such as low saline levels or abnormal vital signs. It serves as an immediate notification system, complementing the remote alerts sent by the GSM module. The Arduino activates the alarm whenever a threshold is breached, ensuring caregivers within the vicinity are promptly informed. This component adds an extra layer of safety by drawing attention to urgent situations.

GSM Module - The GSM module, such as SIM800 or SIM900, is responsible for enabling remote communication. It allows the system to send SMS alerts or make calls to caregivers when any parameter exceeds or falls below the predefined thresholds. For example, if the saline level drops too low or if a patient's vital signs indicate distress, the GSM module sends an automatic notification, ensuring timely intervention. This component is crucial for remote patient monitoring, particularly in home care or settings where medical staff cannot be physically present at all times.

Potentiometer - The potentiometer is a variable resistor used to set or adjust threshold values for various parameters, such as saline levels, heart rate, temperature, and SpO2. This component provides flexibility, allowing the user to customize the system's sensitivity to suit specific patient requirements. The Arduino reads the potentiometer's output and uses it to define the thresholds for triggering alarms and alerts. This ensures the system can be adapted for different use cases, enhancing its practicality and usability.



#### Fig. 1. Block Diagram Representation of Smart saline infusion management system

These components collectively enhance the precision, safety, and efficiency of saline infusion management.

## V. RESULT

The Smart Saline Infusion Management System has demonstrated substantial effectiveness through various stages of testing and implementation. During controlled laboratory environments, the system showcased high accuracy in measuring saline weights and monitoring vital signs, proving its reliability and precision. In simulated healthcare settings, the system successfully identified and alerted healthcare providers to anomalies such as low saline levels and abnormal vital signs, ensuring patient safety through timely interventions.

Additionally, the integration of the GSM module enabled efficient remote monitoring by sending real-time alerts via SMS to healthcare providers. This feature greatly enhanced the system's practicality in diverse clinical scenarios. Overall, the system's automated monitoring and alert capabilities significantly improved the efficiency and safety of saline infusion management, reducing the workload on healthcare staff while ensuring optimal patient outcomes. The successful real-world trials validate the potential of this system to be a valuable asset in modern healthcare, paving the way for broader adoption and further advancements in smart healthcare technologies.

The simulation output from Proteus 8 Professional for titled "Saline Level Monitoring," effectively demonstrates the system's real-time monitoring capabilities. The Arduino UNO, GSM module, and LCD work seamlessly to collect and present critical data such as temperature, weight, heartbeat, and SPO2 levels. The virtual terminal displays sensor readings and status messages, including a high-temperature alert, which underscores the system's ability to promptly identify and signal abnormalities. This real-time data presentation is crucial for ensuring patient safety and optimizing the infusion process. The successful simulation validates the system's design and implementation, showcasing its potential for practical healthcare applications and its ability to enhance patient monitoring and care efficiency.



Fig.2 Simulation Output 1

The system monitors the saline bottle's weight to accurately track the infusion flow rate. When the weight of the saline bottle drops below a specified threshold, the system promptly indicates that the load level is low. This mechanism ensures timely intervention, preventing complications arising from an empty saline bottle.



#### Fig.3 Simulation Output 2

In the figure, the system monitors the patient's vital signs, focusing primarily on the heartbeat to ensure timely detection of any irregularities. The system uses sensors, such as an electrocardiogram (ECG) module or a heart rate sensor, to continuously track the patient's heart activity. This data is processed by a microcontroller or processor to analyse the rhythm and rate of the heartbeat. If an abnormal pattern, such as arrhythmia or tachycardia, is detected, the system immediately triggers an alert.

This alert could be in the form of a visual indicator on a display screen, an audio alarm, or a notification sent to a connected monitoring device, such as a healthcare provider's smartphone. By providing real-time monitoring and alerts, this system ensures rapid medical response, significantly reducing the risks associated with undetected cardiac anomalies. It is especially useful in intensive care units, remote patient monitoring, and home healthcare setups, ensuring patient safety and improving overall healthcare efficiency.



#### Fig.4 Simulation Output 3

In the figure, the system monitors the temperature of the saline solution to ensure it remains within a safe range for infusion. A temperature sensor, such as a thermistor or a digital temperature sensor, is integrated into the system to continuously measure the saline solution's temperature. The sensor sends real-time data to a microcontroller, which compares the measured temperature with a predefined threshold. If the temperature exceeds this threshold indicating that the saline solution is too warm or unsuitable for use the system triggers an alarm.

This alarm can manifest as a buzzer sound, a warning light, or a message on a display unit, alerting medical staff to take immediate action. By maintaining the saline solution's temperature within safe limits, this system prevents potential complications such as thermal discomfort or harm to the patient. It is particularly beneficial in environments where the saline bottles are stored in varying conditions, ensuring patient safety and adherence to medical standards.

### **V. CONCLUSION**

The Smart Saline Monitoring and Patient Vital Sign Tracking System provides a revolutionary approach to the problems experienced in healthcare monitoring. The system guarantees a better degree of accuracy and dependability in patient care by means of modern sensors, real-time monitoring, and automatic alert systems. Traditional techniques of vital sign tracking and saline level monitoring depend mostly on manual supervision, hence raising the possibility of mistakes and delays. By means of a strong, automated solution, this system closes these gaps and greatly increases efficiency in medical settings including hospitals, ICUs, and even home care arrangements.

Its capacity to track both saline levels and patient vitals—including heart rate, SpO2, and body temperature—in real-time is a major feature of this device. This integrated capability makes the system both affordable and space- and resource-efficient by doing away with the requirement for distinct monitoring equipment. By guaranteeing that carers get immediate alerts of any vital changes, the GSM-based alert system helps them act quickly. The addition of an LCD for real-time data visualisation and audible alarms for emergencies further improves user accessibility and enables quick decision-making in important circumstances.

Apart from its practical advantages, the system is meant to be affordable and scalable. Its dependence on commonly accessible parts like the Arduino UNO microcontroller, GSM module, and conventional medical sensors guarantees that it can be used in healthcare facilities of different sizes and resource levels. The easy-to-use interface reduces the learning curve for medical personnel and carers by streamlining procedures. For resource-limited settings where access to sophisticated healthcare technologies could be restricted, this makes the system very useful.

By lowering the dangers connected with human errors and delayed responses, the Smart Saline Monitoring and Patient Vital Sign Tracking System substantially improves patient safety and efficiently reduces the burden on healthcare workers. Its creative method provides a consistent and useful solution to raise the quality of medical care by improving automation and real-time monitoring in the healthcare industry. This technology represents a significant development in modern healthcare by addressing important issues and providing a scalable, affordable solution, hence opening the path for more patient-centred and successful treatment methods.

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