



SPY ROBOT

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ABSTRACT:

This project focuses on the development of a spy robot designed as an FPV (First-Person View) car, powered by the ESP32 microcontroller for real-time remote surveillance. The robot is equipped with a wireless camera that streams live video to a remote operator via Wi-Fi, enabling real-time monitoring through a mobile app or a web interface.

The ESP32 handles both motor control and video transmission, ensuring efficient operation with low power consumption. The robot features ultrasonic sensors for obstacle detection, allowing for semi-autonomous navigation. Its compact and lightweight design ensures agility, while an optional night vision camera enhances surveillance in low-light environments.

This system can be applied to security monitoring, reconnaissance, industrial inspections, and search-and-rescue operations, providing an efficient and cost-effective approach to real-time remote surveillance using FPV technology.

INTRODUCTION:

Effective surveillance and remote monitoring are vital for security, military, and industrial applications. Traditional approaches, such as stationary cameras and human patrols, often face challenges like high operational costs, inefficiencies, and limited coverage.

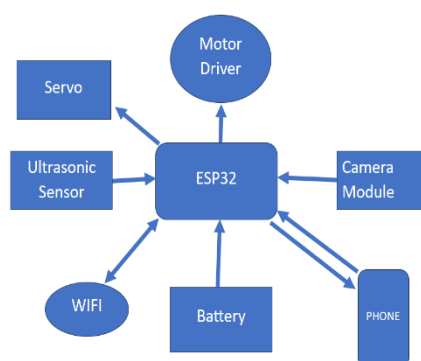
This project introduces a real-time surveillance robot utilizing the ESP32 microcontroller. The system enables wireless communication, motor control, and live video streaming, providing enhanced monitoring capabilities.

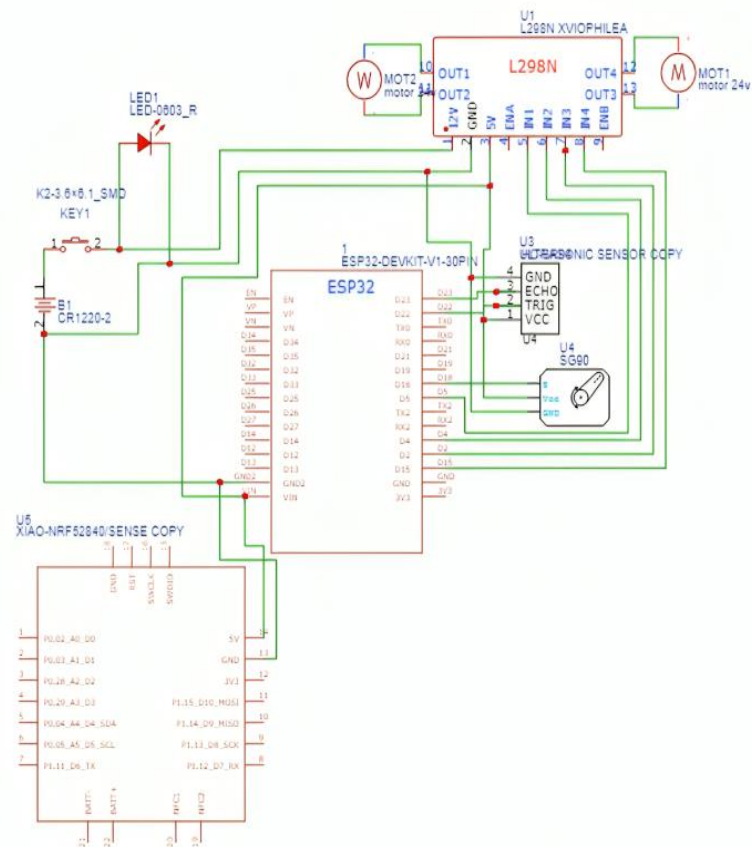
A wireless camera delivers a first-person view (FPV), allowing remote access through a mobile app or web interface. Additionally, ultrasonic sensors assist in obstacle detection, ensuring smooth navigation. With its compact, cost-efficient, and versatile design, the robot is well-suited for security patrols, reconnaissance tasks, industrial inspections, and search-and-rescue missions.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:

The spy robot, powered by an ESP32 microcontroller, operates using a rechargeable battery that supplies energy to its motors, camera, sensors, and wireless communication system. Upon activation, the ESP32 initializes key components, including Wi-Fi connectivity, motor drivers, and camera modules, ensuring the system is fully functional. It establishes a wireless link, allowing remote control via a mobile app or web interface, enabling users to manoeuvre the robot, modify the camera angle, and activate additional features like night vision. The motor driver governs movement in both manual and semi-autonomous modes, with ultrasonic or infrared sensors assisting in obstacle detection and navigation. A wireless camera provides a real-time FPV video feed, allowing users to monitor the robot's surroundings remotely. Designed for versatility, the robot can efficiently navigate complex environments, making it suitable for surveillance, reconnaissance, industrial inspections, and search-and-rescue missions. To optimize battery life, the system incorporates power-saving features such as low-power mode, controlled speed adjustments, and the possibility of integrating solar charging or automated docking stations for extended operation.

BLOCK DIAGRAM:

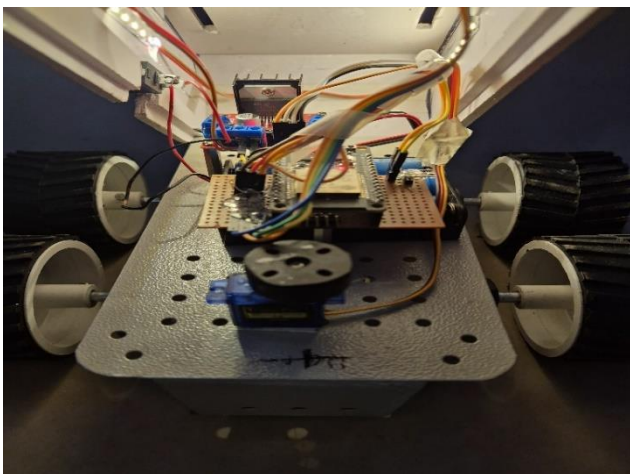


CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:

This circuit diagram represents an ESP32-based robotic system incorporating motor control, ultrasonic sensing, and wireless communication. Below is a brief overview of its key components and their functions:

1. ESP32 (Main Controller) – Oversees system operations, including motor control, sensor data processing, and wireless communication.
2. L298N Motor Driver – Regulates two DC motors, enabling movement and directional control.
3. Ultrasonic Sensor (U3) – Detects obstacles by measuring distance through ultrasonic waves.
4. SG90 Servo Motor (U4) – Likely facilitates camera adjustments or sensor positioning.
5. XIAO-NRF52840 (U5) – Functions as a secondary microcontroller, potentially enhancing wireless communication or additional processing tasks.
6. LED & Push Button (KEY1 & LED1) – Serves as an indicator and manual control switch.
7. Battery (B1) – Supplies power to the entire circuit.

The ESP32 receives input from the ultrasonic sensor and controls the motors through the L298N driver to facilitate movement. This system is well-suited for applications such as remote surveillance and autonomous navigation.

RESULTS:

ADVANTAGES:

- **Live Video Monitoring** – Provides real-time video streaming for continuous observation in high-risk areas, offering better coverage than stationary cameras.
- **Remote Control Capability** – Operates via Wi-Fi, mobile applications, or web platforms, allowing surveillance in hazardous locations without direct human involvement.
- **Advanced Security Features** – Incorporates night vision and AI-driven object detection to discreetly track activities, identify risks, and send instant alerts.
- **Smart Navigation System** – Uses ultrasonic or infrared sensors to detect obstacles and adjust movement, enabling semi-autonomous patrolling and rescue operations.
- **Low-Light Visibility** – Infrared (IR) cameras enhance functionality in dark environments, making it ideal for night surveillance, security patrols, and emergency response.
- **Compact & Agile Design** – Small and manoeuvrable, capable of accessing confined spaces such as tunnels and restricted areas for inspection and intelligence gathering.
- **Budget-Friendly & Expandable** – Lowers operational costs while allowing future upgrades with AI, GPS, and additional sensors to enhance performance.
- **Industrial Safety Monitoring** – Ideal for overseeing hazardous environments like chemical plants and mines, detecting issues such as gas leaks or overheating to prevent accidents.

CONCLUSION:

The ESP32-powered FPV spy robot is a cost-effective and versatile system designed for various applications, including security monitoring, military reconnaissance, industrial inspections, and home automation.

Utilizing the ESP32 microcontroller, it delivers real-time video streaming, reliable wireless communication, and precise motor control, making it well-suited for remote surveillance.

Its remote operation capability enhances safety by enabling users to monitor areas without being physically present, reducing exposure to hazardous conditions. The integration of AI-based object detection, ultrasonic sensors for obstacle avoidance, and night vision technology further enhances its adaptability in challenging environments.

As IoT and embedded systems continue to advance, this spy robot offers a scalable and upgradeable solution for surveillance and automation needs, making it a valuable tool for modern security and reconnaissance operations.

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