



A Formulation And Evaluation Of Herbal Gel For Wound Healing.

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ABSTRACT:

Herbal gels have gained significant attention as a natural and effective alternative for wound healing due to their bioactive compounds, which promote tissue regeneration, reduce inflammation, and prevent infection. This study explores the formulation and evaluation of a herbal gel designed for wound healing, incorporating plant-based ingredients known for their therapeutic properties. The therapeutic potential of medicinal plants with anti-inflammatory, antimicrobial, and antioxidant properties has been explored to develop an effective topical gel. The gel was formulated using extracts from medicinal plants such as Aloe vera, Moringa oleifera, and Garlic which are rich in antioxidants, antimicrobial agents, and anti-inflammatory compounds. The gel formulation was designed by using moringa seed oil, Aloe vera gel, Garlic powder extract, honey, Coconut oil. The physicochemical parameters of formulations such as pH, Spreadability, Viscosity, skin irritation test, Washability etc... It was inferred from results that gel formulations were good in appearance and homogeneity.

Keywords: Moringa seed oil, Herbal extract, Aloe vera gel, Herbal gel

Introduction:

Since medicinal plants are the most abundant source of bioactive compounds used in both traditional and modern medicine, plant-derived compounds and herbal medicines have recently drawn a lot of attention due to their many uses. (1). Topical gel formulations are designed to be applied topically or to specific mucosal sites for local action or percutaneous drug penetration. Generally speaking, gels are semi-solid formulations with a liquid phase thickened with additional ingredients (2). Herbal anti-inflammatory gels that increase patient compliance and are safe, non-toxic, and effective (3). Inflammation, tissue remodelling, and proliferation are all components of the intricate biological process that is wound healing. Traditional wound care methods sometimes involve the use of synthetic dressings and medicines, which can have negative effects like delayed healing and antibiotic resistance. (4). Because they are inexpensive, biocompatible, and have few adverse effects, herbal formulations have attracted a lot of attention in recent years. (5) Typically, gels are semi-solid mixtures with a liquid phase that has been thickened with additional ingredients. Since molecules can freely diffuse through the polymer scaffold in the liquid phase, the release should be comparable to that from a straightforward solution. (6). An attack on the structure and functionality of normal, healthy skin triggers a complex and extensive biological reaction known as wound healing. (7). Haemostasis, inflammation, proliferation, and remodelling are the four main stages of wound healing. (8). Herbal gels help with regulated medicine release, improve moisture retention, and create a barrier of protection. (9)

The creation of a herbal wound-healing gel using Moringa seed oil, coconut oil, honey, garlic extract, and aloe vera gel, all of which have special therapeutic advantages, is the main goal of this work.

Moringa Seed Oil—abundant in anti-inflammatory, vital fatty acid, and antioxidant components that promote tissue regeneration and collagen synthesis. Displays antibacterial properties, preventing bacterial infections in wounds. (10). Garlic Extract—includes allicin, a strong antibacterial and anti-inflammatory substance that speeds up healing and guards against wound infections. Speeds up the healing process by increasing fibroblast proliferation and wound contraction. (11) Honey-

A natural antioxidant, humectant, and antibacterial that aids in tissue regeneration, infection prevention, and moisture retention. Speeds up the healing of wounds by lowering oxidative stress and inflammation. (12) Coconut Oil—serves as a moisturising agent, avoiding excessive dryness and maintaining wound hydration. Has antibacterial and anti-inflammatory qualities that lower the risk of infection. (13). Aloe Vera Gel accelerates the process of epithelialisation by increasing fibroblast activity and collagen synthesis. Lessens redness, swelling, and discomfort because of its calming and anti-inflammatory qualities. (14).

Objective:

- Aids in decreased early aging.
- It may be used to treat infections.
- Cuts down on inflammation.
- Good skin absorption capacity.
- Treats sunburn and dehydration.
- The cooling effect.

Benefit:**1. Antimicrobial Properties-**

Herbal extracts such as garlic, neem, and honey possess strong antibacterial, antifungal, and antiviral properties, preventing wound infections.

Example: Honey and Aloe vera create a protective barrier against bacteria while keeping the wound moist, reducing the risk of infection.

2. Moisturizing and Hydration Effects-

Herbal gel maintains optimal moisture levels, preventing wounds from drying out and forming thick scabs, which can slow healing.

Coconut oil and honey provide hydration and nourishment, keeping the wound environment ideal for repair.

3. Cooling and Soothing Effect-

Herbal gels containing Aloe vera and coconut oil provide a cooling sensation, relieving burns, cuts, and minor wounds.

This soothing effect reduces pain and provides comfort to the affected area.

4. Versatile Applications -

- -Herbal gels can be used for various wound types, including:
- -Cuts and abrasions
- -Burns and sunburns
- -Diabetic ulcers
- -Pressure sores
- -Surgical wounds

Materials:

.1). Moringa seed oil – (15)

Biological Name – Moringa oleifera Lam

Family – Moringaceae

Fig-1**Moringa oil uses and benefits-(16)**

1. Antioxidant – More research is required to establish the potential antioxidant and Antidiabetic properties of beta-sitosterol, a phytosterol present in moringa oil.

2. - anti-inflammatory Several bioactive components found in moringa oil have anti-inflammatory and antioxidant effects when applied topically and consumed. Because of this, moringa oil might be good for acne. Tocopherols, catechins, quercetin, ferulic acid,

And zeatin are some of these substances

3. moisturizer and cleanser for the skin. Because of its oleic acid content, moringa oil is useful topically as a skin and hair cleanser and moisturizer.

Garlic powder – (17) Biological Name – Allium sativum L

Fig-2

Family–Alliaceae

Use and Benefits– (18)

1. Enhances digestion: Garlic powder's fiber content supports gut health and facilitates Digestion
2. Enhances immunological function: Compounds in garlic powder assist in fortifying the Immune system, lowering the risk of infections and colds.
3. Anti-inflammatory qualities: Compounds in garlic powder have the ability to lessen Inflammation in the body, which may help ease the symptoms of inflammatory diseases Like arthritis
4. Antioxidant-rich: Garlic powder's antioxidants aid in shielding the body from cellular Damage and oxidative stress

Aloe vera gel– (19)

Biological Name–Aloe Barbadensis Miller

Family–Asphodelaceae (Liliaceae)

Fig3



Use and Benefits– (20)

1. Aloe vera gel can be used to small burns up to three times a day. Additionally, you might Need to use gauze to protect the region
2. Aloe vera gel is perfect for oily skin because it absorbs easily. But it can also used to Treat dry skin. To help seal moisture into your skin after showering, think about using aloe Instead of your usual moisturizer
3. Try aloe vera instead of Neosporin if you're accustomed to using it for small cuts. Its Molecular makeup promotes collagen and inhibits microorganisms, which speeds up Wound healing and reduces scarring. Up to three times a day, apply.

Honey–(21)

Biological Name–Apismellifica

Family–Apidae

Fig-4



Uses and benefits– (22)

1. Research has shown that honey has become a popular way to treat wounds. One study Found that honey may heal several wounds, such as burns, scratches, and surgical Wounds. The antioxidants, enzymes, and vitamins found in honey have antimicrobial properties
2. Honey's antioxidant properties help reduce oxidative stress. Oxidative stress is an Imbalance between free radicals that damage cells and your body's ability to counter their Harmful effects
3. Coughing can be bothersome and disrupt sleep. Some evidence suggests that honey may alleviate a cough in children

Coconutoil– (23,24)**BiologicalName**–Cocosnucifera(L.)**Family**–Arecaceae**Fig-5.****Uses andbenefits-**

1. coconutoilhelpstinyburns,abrasions,andwoundsheal.Becauseathinprotective layerWillform over the wound, the lesion will be protected from infections and encourage tissue Repair
2. Because of its anti-inflammatory properties, coconut oil helps soothe inflamed skin. This Multipurpose oil's lauric acid helps to lessen skin inflammation, redness, swelling, and Itching brought on by diseases like psoriasis or eczema.
3. Coconut oil is a natural humectant that helps skin lock in its moisture. The most well-Known characteristic features of this miracle oil are its skin-nourishing properties due to its High-fatcontent, particularly medium-chain fatty acids and richness in vitamin E, which Works to retain moisture and form a protective layer on the skin.

Methodology:

Extractingofgarlicpowder –

Put 30 gramsof garlic powder in a Soxhlet apparatus, add enough 500 ml ofalcohol asa Solvent,and let it stand for six hours. Filter and gather the extract after six hours.(25)

**Fig-6****PreparationofHerbalGel–**

1. Inawater bath mixMoringaseedoiland Coconutoil together.
2. AddGarlicextractandHoneyintotheoilmixture.
3. Ataroomtemperature(25°C – 30°C).
4. BlendAloeveragelintothis mixtureuntilsmoothandhomogenous. stirconstantlyfor 10to15min(25)

FormulationTable1:

HerbalIngredient	Quantity
Moringaseedoil	3 ml
Garlicextract	2ml
Honey	3 ml
Aloeveragel	10 ml
Coconutoil	2ml

Evaluation Parameters:**1. pH determination-**

The pH of the gel was determined using the pH paper by immersing the paper in the formulation (27)

2. Washability test-

A little amount of the produced formulation was applied to the skin, and it was then rinsed with water to determine the washability test. The skin was rubbed with a tiny quantity of the prepared formulations (gels) and then cleaned with warm water. (27)

3. Spreadability-

Two sets of standard-sized glass slides were taken. One of the slides has the herbal gel formulation on it. The gel was sandwiched between the two slides at a region that was 4.5 cm apart along the slides after the other slide was positioned on top of it. The upper slides were covered with a hundred grams of gel, which was evenly compressed between the two slides to create a thin layer. (27)

4. Skin irritation test-

Using the skin ethic model of the human epidermis, the procedure entails applying a chemical topically for forty-two minutes. The gel was prepared, applied to the area, and left there for 42 minutes to see whether there was any irritation or if the wound was itchy or red. (27)

5. Organoleptic characteristic-

Most gels are homogeneous, translucent, fluid, elastic, and flexible, and they typically have a viscous viscosity. The sort of gel that is seen in vitro and the organoleptic features were noted as a viewing form. The herbal gel's color, texture, and odor were assessed. (27)

Phytochemical Analysis:**1. Test for Tannins-**

1 ml of the extract was added with 5 ml of distilled water and kept for boiling in a hot water bath. After boiling, the sample was cooled down and to this 0.1% ferric chloride solution was added.

Appearance of greenish color confirms the presence of tannins (28)

2. Test for Terpenoids-

5 ml of extract was taken in a test tube and 2 ml of chloroform was added to it followed by the addition of 3 ml of conc. sulphuric acid. Appearance of yellow color (28)

3. Test for Flavonoids-

Add a few drops of NaOH to the extract. A yellow color appearance (28)

4. Test for Glycosides -

Add NaOH to the extract. A yellow color indicates the presence of glycosides. (28)

Result:

Studying every measurement required for the gel allowed for the design and evaluation of the herbal gel. When all evaluation parameters are taken into consideration, the herbal gel is the most effective gel and is producing great results for wound healing. Every evaluation shows that the herbal gel composition is of high quality. Additionally, future gel formulation is enhanced with further research.

1. pH determination-

The pH of the formulated herbal gel was measured and found to be 7.0, indicating a neutral pH. This value falls within the acceptable range for topical applications, ensuring skin compatibility

2. Washability test-

The washability test was conducted by applying the herbal gel to the skin and rinsing it with water. The gel was observed to be easily washable, leaving no visible residue. This indicates good washability, which enhances user compliance and ease of application.

3. Spreadability test-

Spreadability test for a herbal gel formulation, which evaluates how well the gels spread under a standardized force. Based on your description, the spreadability can be calculated using the following formula:

$$S = M \times L \div T$$

Where:

= Spreadability (g·cm/s)

= Weight applied (100g)

= Distance between the slides (4.5cm)

= Time taken for the upper slide to move (60sec)

With a length of 4.5 cm and a time of 60 seconds, the spreadability of the herbal gel formulation is 7.5 g·cm/s.

4. Skinirritationtest-

Theherbaldidnotcause anyvisiblesignsofirritation,redness,orswelling,confirmingits suitability for topical application

5. OrganolepticCharacteristics -**Table2-**

Colour	Lightgreencolour
Odour	Garliclike smell
Texture	Smooth

**Fig-7****Table3–phytochemicalanalys**

Test	Observation	Result
Testfor Tannis	Greenishcolour	Tannispresent
TestforTerpenoid	Yellowcolour	Terpenoidpresent
TestforFlavonoid	Yellowcolour	Flavonoidpresent
TestforGlycosides	Yellowcolour	Glycosidespresent

Conclusions:

The present study successfully formulated and evaluated a herbal wound-healing gel incorporating Moringaseedoil,Aloeveragel,Garlicextract,Honey,andCoconutoilaskeybioactiveingredients. The formulation demonstrated good organoleptic properties, smooth texture, easy spreadability, and stability, making it suitable for topical application.

Eachingredientcontributedtothewound-healingpotentialofthegel:

1. Moringaseedoilprovidedantioxidant,anti-inflammatory,andantimicrobialproperties, promoting tissue regeneration.
2. Aloeveragelcontributedtomoisturization,soothingeffects,andenhancedepithelialization, accelerating wound healing.
3. Garlicextractexhibitedstrongantimicrobialandanti-inflammatoryactivity,aidingininfection prevention.
4. Honeyactedasanaturalhumectant,antimicrobial,andwound-healingagent,promotingfaster recovery.
5. Coconutoilprovidedmoisturizationandantimicrobialprotection,maintainingskin hydration.

The tannin test confirmed the presence of tannins, which may contribute to antimicrobial and astringent effects, further enhancing wound healing. The washability test demonstrated good removal properties, ensuring user convenience.

Overall, the formulated herbal gel represents a promising natural wound-healing agent with antimicrobial, anti-inflammatory, and regenerative properties. Further in vivo studies and clinical trials are recommended to validate its efficacy and potential for commercial application.

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