

## **International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews**

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

# Social Entrepreneurship: A Pathway to Sustainable Socio-Economic Growth and Environmental Stewardship

## Ms. Sanjana

Assistant Professor, SDM College of Business Management, Mangalore Email: sanjana@sdmcbm.ac.in

#### ABSTRACT

Social entrepreneurship has become a strong way to solve a number of important social, economic, and environmental problems while also encouraging long-term growth. Social entrepreneurs are agents of transformative change because they combine the creativity and strategic thinking of traditional entrepreneurs with a commitment to making the world a better place. Their initiatives help to make the best use of limited resources, protect the natural environment, and improve the lives of people who are poor in developing countries. This paper, which is based only on secondary research, looks at how social entrepreneurship can help India grow in a way that is good for the environment and the economy. It talks about the most important things that social entrepreneurs do to protect the environment, improve education, create jobs, and build communities. There are also talks about problems and ideas for making the country's social entrepreneurship ecosystem stronger.

Keywords: Social entrepreneurship, sustainability, innovation, environment, socio-economic development.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Bill Drayton once said, "Social entrepreneurs aren't happy with just giving people fish or teaching them how to fish." They won't stop until they change the fishing business for good. This statement sums up what social entrepreneurship is all about: using creativity, innovation, and strategic thinking to solve long-standing social problems. Social entrepreneurs want to make a lasting difference in society while also making sure that their work is sustainable. This is closely related to the ideas behind sustainable development, which stress meeting the needs of the present without hurting the ability of future generations to meet their needs. Social entrepreneurs, on the other hand, measure their success by how much good they do for society. His work includes finding solutions to long-term problems in health care, education, the environment, and people's jobs. India is one of the biggest places in the world for impact investing, so social entrepreneurship could help the country grow in a way that is fair and long-lasting.

## 2. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

• To analyze how social entrepreneurship supports sustainable socio-economic development and environmental protection.

To examine the growing importance of social entrepreneurship in India.

• To highlight the need for social entrepreneurship to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals.

To study the role of social entrepreneurs in environmental protection.

• To identify key social entrepreneurship initiatives that contributes to environmental and socio-economic upliftment.

## 3. METHODOLOGY

This study utilizes a descriptive research design grounded in secondary data. Books, magazines, reports, government documents, and trustworthy online sources were used to get the information. The analysis is in line with the research goals and looks at how social entrepreneurship works and what it means in India.

#### 4. HISTORY OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

The term "social entrepreneurship" has only become popular in the last few decades, but it comes from earlier efforts to bring about social change. Vinoba Bhave, who started the Bhudan movement; Robert Owen, who started the cooperative movement; and Florence Nightingale, who was a leader in modern nursing, are all examples of early social entrepreneurs who worked on mission-driven projects.

Muhammad Yunus' Grameen Bank, Bill Drayton's Ashoka Foundation, and Indian groups like SKS Microfinance and Youth United are just a few examples of modern social entrepreneurship that have become well-known around the world. His work inspired many new researchers around the world who want to make the world a better place.

#### 5. CONTRIBUTION OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURS IN INDIA

India is now a global hub for social innovation. The country has created a great environment for socially responsible businesses by having more than 283 Ashoka Fellows, the most in the world.

Government initiatives to support social entrepreneurship

- Startup India, 2016: Encourages innovation-based business models.
- Stand-Up India (2016): This promotes entrepreneurship in women and SC/ST communities.
- Swachh Bharat Mission (2014): Open opportunities in sanitation, waste management, clean technologies.

#### Noted social entrepreneurs in India

- Harish Hande, Celco: Distributed 120,000 solar power systems in rural Karnataka.
- Divya Rawat: Promoting mushroom farming is the way to reduce migration from Uttarakhand's hilly areas.
- Ziveli: Helping Manipuri artisans reach global markets.
- Watermaker India: Produces potable water from moisture in the air.
- Aadhaar: Constructs eco-friendly classrooms by reusing shipping containers.

These examples represent the broad range of social entrepreneurship going on in India, from renewable energy innovations to artisan empowerment and sustainable infrastructure.

#### 6. ROLE OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Social entrepreneurs can be change agents by: • Making social value that lasts.

- Finding new ideas that will have a lasting effect on the community. Keep learning and changing all the time.
- Making brave choices even when things are hard.
- Being responsible to those who benefit and to society

#### 6.1 Contribution to Economic Development

Social enterprises make valuable contributions to strengthening local and national economies by:

- Employment generation: They generate employment opportunities especially among the weaker and marginalized groups.
- Balanced Regional Development: Many operate in rural and disadvantaged areas.
- GDP Growth: MSMEs and social enterprises are contributing majorly to economic output.
- Improvement in lifestyle: Products/services available at less price tend to improve the living standards of people.
- Increase exports: Many social enterprises promote eco-friendly or artisan-based products in global markets.
- Community development: These are usually made in the areas of health, education, and local infrastructure.

#### 6.2 Contribution to Environmental Protection

Social enterprises also have a big impact on the environment:

- Encouraging the use of green technology.
- Cutting down on pollution and waste.
- Encouraging ways of making things that are good for the environment.
- The goal is to make people more aware of environmental issues.
- Helping new clean technology and renewable energy sources.

The Global Environment Facility, the World Bank, and UNEP are some of the international groups that work with social enterprises to promote environmental sustainability.

#### 7. CHALLENGES AND SUGGESTED MEASURES

There are a lot of problems that social entrepreneurship in India has to deal with, such as a lack of money, low levels of public awareness, poor infrastructure, and not enough institutional support.

#### **Recommended solution**

- •• We should set up specialized training centers for social entrepreneurs.
- · Add courses on social entrepreneurship to colleges and universities.
- Use media campaigns to get more people to know about it.
- Bettering the infrastructure and technical support system.
- Regularly running programs to help people start social businesses.
- · Make it easier to get money and find funding.
- In government programs and bids, give social enterprises more weight.
- Acknowledge and reward outstanding social entrepreneurs.

## 8. CONCLUSION

Social entrepreneurship gives people a chance to change the way society and the economy grow in a way that is good for the environment. Traditional entrepreneurs are mainly motivated by making as much money as possible. On the other hand, social entrepreneurs look for new and scalable ways to solve social problems. Their work helps communities that aren't as well off and gives them the tools they need to improve their lives and protect the environment. With the right policies, funding, and awareness, social entrepreneurship could greatly speed up India's progress toward development that is fair and long-lasting. Giving social entrepreneurs more power is very important for making sure that social equity, environmental sustainability, and economic resilience last for a long time.

## References

- International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology. (2018). Social entrepreneurship and sustainable development (Vol. 5, Issue 1, pp. 837–842).
- Fikpani. (2012, November 28). Social entrepreneurship in India. https://fikpani.wordpress.com/2012/11/28/social-entrepreneurship-in-india/
- Khanka, S. S. (n.d.). Entrepreneurial development. S. Chand Publishing.
- Academia.edu. (n.d.). Social entrepreneurship: A step towards sustainability. <a href="http://www.academia.edu/8611737/Social">http://www.academia.edu/8611737/Social</a>
  Entrepreneurship A Step towards Sustainability