



# FRUIT DETECTION AND CLASSIFICATION USING MACHINE LEARNING

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## ABSTRACT:

Fruit detection using machine learning represents a significant step toward a more efficient, automated, and informed fruit industry, benefiting producers, processors, and consumers alike. It presents a comprehensive approach for fruit detection and classification employing machine learning techniques. The methodology involves image preprocessing, feature extraction, and the implementation of various classification to accurately identify and categorize fruits. The proposed model demonstrates promising results in accurately detecting and classifying different types of fruits, showcasing its potential for use in agricultural automation and food industry applications. The fruit business has found computer vision and image processing techniques to be more and more helpful in recent years, particularly for applications in quality inspection and fruit color, size, and form sorting. This study discusses several image processing methods for classifying fruits.

**Keywords:** Teachable Machine , Tensor flowLite , Data Set , Classification , Machine Learning , Android Studio , CNN.

## INTRODUCTION:

Fruit identification is an essential job in the retail, food processing, and agricultural sectors. Fruit recognition and sorting have been automated by machine learning, which has completely changed the procedure. Fruit detection that is effective guarantees quality control, minimizes waste, and enhances production procedures. It helps with inventory control, making it possible to track and distribute stocks more effectively. The recent revolution in numerous sectors, such as image identification and classification, can be attributed to the integration of machine learning techniques with mobile applications. Fruit identification and classification is an interesting area for this fusion to be used in. This field offers a wide range of practical applications, from automated inventory management to helping visually impaired people shop for groceries. With the use of machine learning methods, this project seeks to create a reliable fruit identification and categorization system that can be implemented on the Android platform using Android Studio. Through the utilization of convolutional neural networks (CNNs) and the widespread availability of smartphones, our goal is to develop a user-friendly and effective tool that can precisely detect and classify different fruits in real-time.

## METHODOLOGY:

**1.. Data Collection:** Collect a big collection of photos depicting the various fruits you want to identify. Ensure that the dataset is diverse and reflective of real-world events. Insert all the possible positions of the entered class where more database reflects in an desired output. There are some principles to get a validating data collection for an great accuracy

- There should be no duplication of a data
- The datas(images) should be clear(brightness, color objects)
- Collect more data for an particular class as far as possible

**Data Preprocessing:** Clean and prepare the photographs to guarantee consistency in size, lighting, and background. There should not be any duplication of the data that is entered (so that wastage of data can be prevented).

### *cutting out the unused datas*

- 3-dimensional pictures of an object are preferable.
- easily detectable background to be fitted.
- non-duplicated pictures are advisable.

**Feature Extraction:** Using convolutional neural networks (CNNs), extract features from preprocessed images. CNNs are particularly successful at image classification jobs and tensorflow lite codes so that we could run the project in mobile phones .

- downloading android studio(for mobile application)
- download code from teachable machine(after trained)
- insert the required front end objects and back end codes

**Model Evaluation:** Model evaluation is an essential step in building reliable and effective machine learning models. Use validation data to evaluate the performance of your trained model. To improve performance, adjust the hyperparameters and model design as needed. Make the desired changes to those features and systems. There are some steps to be followed to make a machine learning model evaluation:

#### *Importing the database*

#### *Splitting it as (80% train and 20% test)*

#### *Train a model*

#### *Evaluating its performance such as accuracy, precision, speed of the output*

#### *Plot the confusion matrix and to visualize the prediction*

#### *Tensorflow lite*

TensorFlow Mobile is a successor of TensorFlow Lite, it is employed for mobile platforms like Android and iOS (Operating System). It is used to develop the TensorFlow model and integrate that model into a mobile environment. Since TensorFlow Lite is well developed to integrate apps and their front-end developments like layout, their colors, their shapes, their designs and their wording.

**Integration with Android Studio:** Once you have a trained model, add it to your Android Studio project. You can deploy your model to Android smartphones using TensorFlow Lite or another framework. Write code to load the trained model, preprocess input photos, and compute inference for fruit detection and classification. Downloading the latest version of Android Studio to be followed by all the necessary tools to be installed along with them so that the tools are associated for running TensorFlow Lite model.

#### *Set up the android studio workspace:*

To begin with, download the latest version of Android Studio on your system (Windows, Linux) depending on your OS and depending on your system (Hedgehog, Giraffe, etc). Download all possible tools for image classifier.

#### *Create a New Android Project:*

Open Android Studio and create a new Android project. Choose a suitable project name, package name, and minimum SDK version based on your requirements.

#### *Prepare your machine learning model:*

Before integrating your machine learning model into Android Studio, firstly we should put it into a format that is compatible with TensorFlow Lite model.

- Step 1: Data Collection for Machine Learning. ...
- Step 2: Preprocessing and Preparing Your Data. ...
- Step 3: Selecting the Right Machine Learning Model. ...
- Step 4: Training Your Machine Learning Model. ...
- Step 5: Evaluating Model Performance. ...
- Step 6: Tuning and Optimizing Your Model.

#### *Include the model into android project:*

Copy the converted TensorFlow Lite model (e.g., my\_model.tflite) into the app's assets folder. This folder contains static files bundled with the app.

**Testing and Optimisation:** Thoroughly test the application to ensure accurate fruit identification and classification under various settings. Optimize the application's performance and efficiency. There are some routines to be followed for a typical test optimization:

#### *Minimizing the size of the used test suites*

1. Establishing the smallest possible subset of test suites capable of reaching the required goals
2. Getting rid of excessive test cases
3. Analyzing the optimal test coverage criteria
4. Improving test case maintenance

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## **RESULTS:**

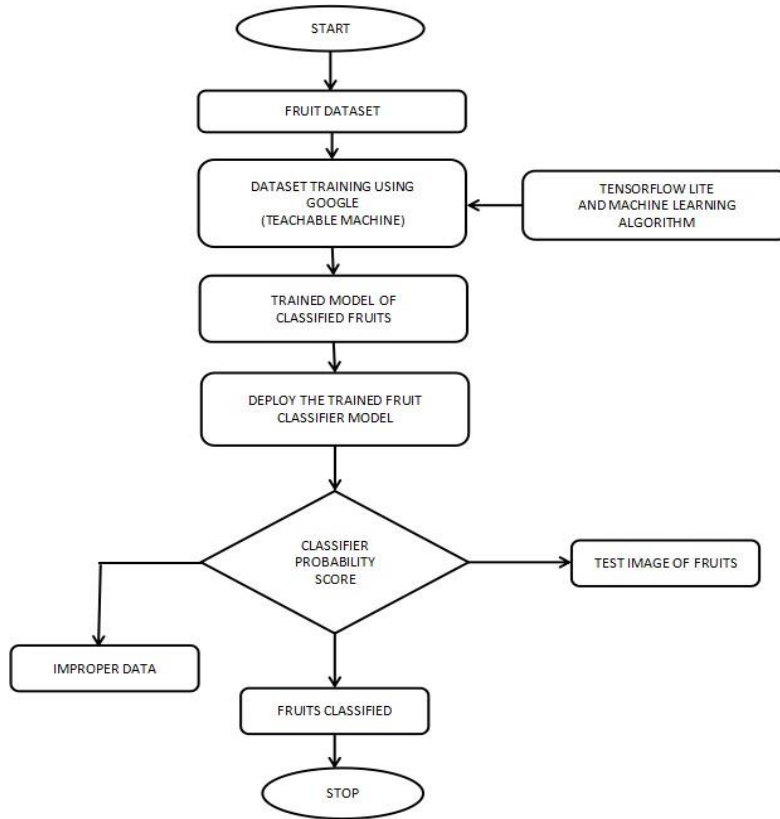


Fig 1 : Flowchart

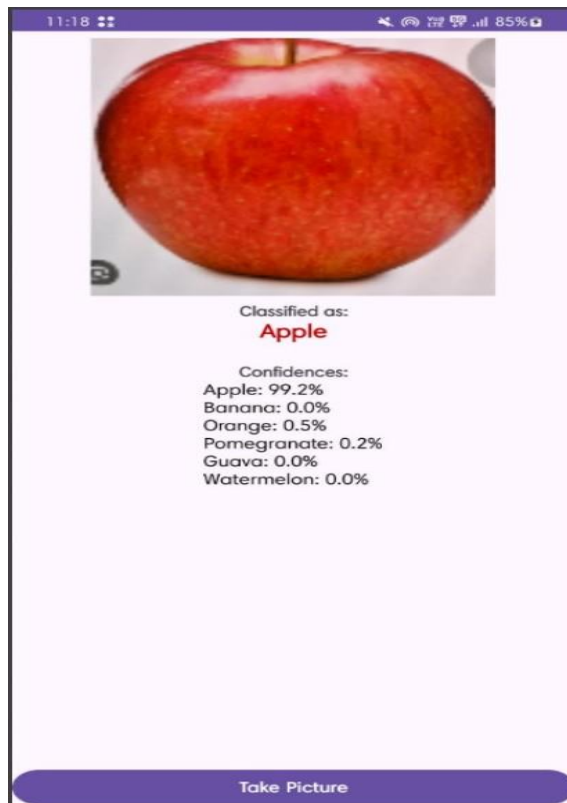
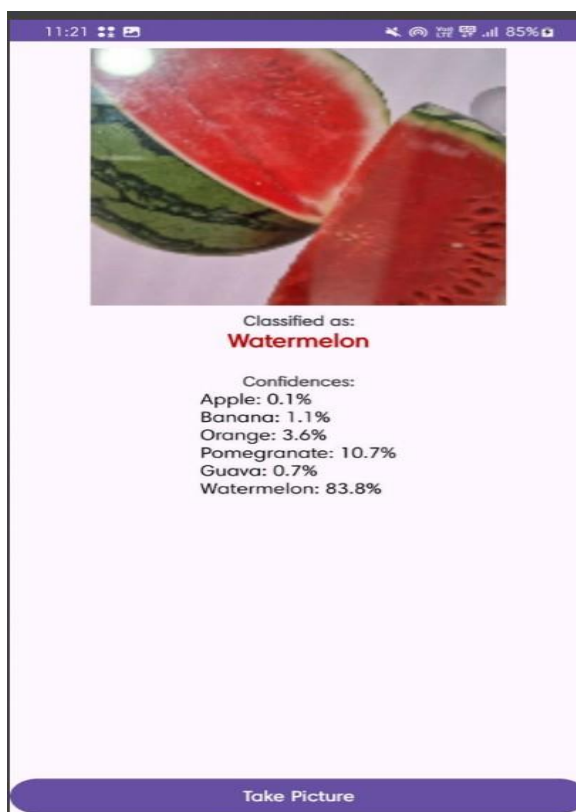


Fig 2: Output



**Fig 3: Output**

## CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, by automating procedures, guaranteeing quality, and fostering sustainability, machine learning-based fruit detection and categorization has significantly improved the fruit sector. Growers and consumers both benefit from these developments. We can focus on local fruit and vegetable image classification in the future. It can also be used to classify and identify herbal plants, leaves, and flowers. It is possible to design a system that will recognize and deliver information on herbal plants, leaves, and flowers. We can also work on some more categorization elements that can distinguish between different illness types and/or fruit textures and structures. These are all directions for the future. Working on these can help create a prototype model that can be utilized in industries. Based on the aforementioned techniques, mobile applications can be created for the same purpose, which farmers and the general public can use to identify and categorize horticulture items.

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