

# **International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews**

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

# "Unveiling the Natural Charm: A Comprehensive Review of Herbal Soaps and Their Therapeutic Marvels"

Shivshankar M.Nagrik<sup>*a*</sup>, Sadhana R. Chavan<sup>*b*</sup>, Samruddhi P. Sable<sup>*c*</sup>, Vaishnavi R. Ghait<sup>*d*</sup>, Saurabh S. Suradkar<sup>*e*</sup>, Bhavika Ajay Wargat<sup>*f*</sup>, Rutuja S.Shingne<sup>*g*</sup>, Swapnil Rathod<sup>*h*</sup>.

<sup>a</sup>Student, M. Pharm, Department of Pharmaceutics, RSCP, Buldhana, 443001, India
<sup>b</sup>Student, B. Pharm, OCP, Jalna , 431203, India.
<sup>c.d.e.f.g</sup>Student, B. Pharm, GCP, Sakharkherda, Buldhana ,443202, India .
<sup>h</sup>Student, B. Pharm, RSCP, Buldhana, 443001, India

## ABSTRACT :

In the realm of natural wellness and sustainable living, herbal soaps have emerged as a compelling alternative to conventional soaps. This review paper delves into the intricate world of herbal soaps, exploring their formulation, key ingredients, benefits, types, properties, and current market scenario.Herbal soaps are crafted from natural oils, herbal extracts, essential oils, and botanical ingredients, embodying the synergy between traditional herbal wisdom and modern skincare science. They offer a multitude of benefits, from gentle cleansing to therapeutic properties like moisturizing, soothing, and aromatherapy effects.The popularity of herbal soaps is underscored by their use of potent natural ingredients such as Azadirachta indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum, Sapindus mukorussi, and Acacia concinna, renowned for their medicinal properties. Studies emphasize the importance of understanding the rheological behavior and structural properties of herbal soaps, including Neem soap, Aloe Vera soap, Rosemary soap, Calendula soap, Tea Tree Oil soap, and Lavender soap, cater to various skincare needs with their unique botanical blends. These soaps are characterized by their mildness, moisturizing abilities, antioxidant-rich formulations, and suitability for different skin types.The current global scenario showcases a significant rise in the demand for herbal soaps, driven by consumer preferences for natural and organic products. Despite challenges like variable quality, limited lather, shorter shelf life, and higher cost, the advantages of herbal soaps, including their natural ingredients, hypoallergenic nature, environmental friendliness, and aromatherapy benefits, continue to resonate with consumers worldwide.As the beauty market evolves, propelled by factors like the COVID-19 pandemic, herbal soaps stand out as sustainable, effective, and holistic skincare solutions, contributing to the promotion of overall well-being and environmental consciousness.

Keywords: Herbal Soap, Natural Ingredients, Modern Skin Care, Therapeutic Benefits, Ocimum Tenuiflorum, Natural Oils.

# 1. Introduction :

In the quest for natural wellness and sustainable living, herbal soaps have emerged as a popular and effective alternative to conventional soaps. These handcrafted soaps, infused with a variety of natural ingredients, offer numerous benefits that extend beyond mere cleanliness [1]. They combine the wisdom of traditional herbal medicine with the modern understanding of skin care, providing a holistic approach to hygiene and health.

Herbal soap is a type of soap made from natural oils and fats combined with herbal extracts, essential oils, and other botanical ingredients. Unlike conventional soaps, which often contain synthetic chemicals and artificial fragrances, herbal soaps are formulated with ingredients derived from plants. These ingredients are chosen not only for their cleansing properties but also for their therapeutic benefits, ranging from moisturizing and soothing the skin to providing aromatherapy effects[2].

Herbal soaps have gained popularity due to their natural ingredients like Azadirachta indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum, Sapindus mukorussi, and Acacia concinna, known for their medicinal properties[3]. These herbal soaps offer benefits beyond just cleansing, with ingredients like neem leaves exhibiting anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, and antifungal properties. Additionally, the use of botanical ingredients in herbal cosmetics ensures minimal side effects on the skin [4]. Evaluating the performance of herbal soaps is crucial, as seen in studies analyzing the rheological behavior of solid soaps, emphasizing the importance of understanding their structural properties for quality assessment [5]. Furthermore, the development of herbal soaps aligns with the broader trend of utilizing natural products in various applications, showcasing the potential for herbal soaps to provide effective and safe skincare solutions [6].

Herbal soap differs from regular soap in several key aspects. Herbal soaps are formulated using natural compounds like plant extracts such as Curcuma longa, Citrus limon, and Olea europaea, which possess antimicrobial and antibacterial properties, making them effective in treating skin infections and promoting healthy skin [7]. Additionally, herbal soaps often contain ingredients like virgin coconut oil and whey kefir, enhancing their quality and providing unique characteristics like good scent and compliance with industry standards [8]. Furthermore, herbal soaps utilize botanical ingredients with a long history of traditional medicine usage, offering benefits such as anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, and antifungal properties from plants like

Azadirachta indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum, and Sapindus mukorossi [9]. The production process of herbal soaps involves cold saponification methods, resulting in soaps with good appearance, color, odor, and significant antioxidant and antibacterial properties [10].

#### Key Ingredients

Natural Oils and Fats: Common base oils used in herbal soap include olive oil, coconut oil, palm oil, and shea butter. These oils are known for their moisturizing properties and ability to produce a rich, creamy lather.

Herbal Extracts: Depending on the desired effect, various herbs can be infused into the soap. For example, chamomile and calendula are often used for their soothing properties, while peppermint and eucalyptus provide a refreshing and invigorating experience.

Essential Oils: These concentrated plant extracts not only impart natural fragrances to the soap but also carry various skin benefits. Lavender oil is calming and relaxing, tea tree oil has antiseptic properties, and rosemary oil can help stimulate circulation.

Natural Colorants: Herbal soaps often use natural colorants such as turmeric, beetroot powder, and spirulina. These ingredients add visual appeal without the need for synthetic dyes.

**Exfoliants**: To enhance the cleansing experience, natural exfoliants like oatmeal, crushed nuts, and seeds may be added. These help to remove dead skin cells and promote a smoother, more radiant complexion[11-15].

# 2.Benefits of Herbal Soap

Gentle on Skin: Free from harsh chemicals and artificial additives, herbal soaps are typically less irritating and more suitable for sensitive skin. They help maintain the skin's natural moisture balance, preventing dryness and irritation.

Therapeutic Properties: The inclusion of specific herbs and essential oils can provide additional health benefits. For instance, soaps with aloe vera and neem can be beneficial for acne-prone skin due to their antibacterial properties.

**Eco-Friendly**: Herbal soaps are often biodegradable and produced using sustainable methods. This reduces environmental impact and promotes a healthier planet.

Aromatherapy: The natural scents of essential oils can have mood-enhancing effects. For example, citrus scents can uplift and energize, while lavender can promote relaxation and stress relief.

Customization: Herbal soaps can be tailored to meet specific skin needs or preferences. This makes them versatile and highly personalized skin care solutions[16-19].

# 3. Types of herbal soap

There are various types of herbal soaps available that are made using different herbal ingredients. Some common types of herbal soaps include:

#### 3.1. Neem soap

Neem soap is a natural skincare product that harnesses the potent properties of the neem tree (Azadirachta indica) to provide a host of benefits for the skin. Known for its antibacterial, antifungal, and soothing qualities, neem soap has been used for centuries in traditional medicine and skincare routines. This herbal soap is rich in neem oil and neem leaf extract, along with nourishing base oils and essential oils, creating a gentle yet effective cleanser that promotes healthy, radiant skin. In this introduction, we will explore the various benefits and uses of neem soap, highlighting its role in promoting skin health and well-being[20].

#### 3.2. Aloe Vera Soap

Aloe vera soap is a remarkable fusion of nature's soothing properties and modern skincare needs. Derived from the gel of the aloe vera plant, this soap harnesses the plant's legendary healing and moisturizing abilities, making it a favorite choice for those seeking gentle yet effective skincare solutions. Known for its cooling and anti-inflammatory properties, aloe vera has been used for centuries to treat various skin conditions, from minor burns to chronic eczema. Aloe vera soap takes these benefits a step further by providing a convenient and luxurious way to incorporate aloe's therapeutic properties into daily hygiene routines.Formulated with a blend of aloe vera gel, nourishing oils, and other natural ingredients, aloe vera soap is designed to cleanse without stripping the skin of its natural moisture. This makes it ideal for all skin types, particularly for individuals with sensitive, dry, or irritated skin. The rich lather and soothing scent of aloe vera soap offer a refreshing and calming experience, transforming an everyday task into a pampering ritual. Whether you are looking to hydrate dry skin, soothe irritation, or simply enjoy a gentle and natural cleansing option, aloe vera soap stands out as a versatile and beneficial choice for holistic skincare[21].

#### 3.3 Rosemary Soap

Rosemary soap is a revitalizing and therapeutic cleansing bar that harnesses the potent benefits of rosemary, a herb renowned for its invigorating properties and aromatic allure. Infused with rosemary essential oil and enriched with natural oils, this herbal soap offers a unique combination of deep cleansing and skin nourishment. Perfect for those seeking a natural skincare solution, rosemary soap is celebrated for its ability to stimulate circulation, purify the skin, and provide a refreshing sensory experience. Whether you're looking to rejuvenate tired skin or enjoy the soothing, herbaceous aroma, rosemary soap stands out as a holistic choice for daily skincare[22].

#### 3.4 Calendula Soap

Calendula soap is a natural, herbal soap renowned for its gentle yet powerful skin-healing properties. Infused with extracts from the calendula flower (Calendula officinalis), this soap harnesses the plant's anti-inflammatory, antimicrobial, and soothing qualities to provide a luxurious and therapeutic cleansing experience. Calendula, often referred to as "marigold," has been used for centuries in traditional medicine for its ability to heal wounds, calm irritated skin, and promote overall skin health. Ideal for sensitive skin, calendula soap offers a natural solution for those seeking to nourish, protect, and rejuvenate their skin while enjoying the aromatic and calming essence of this remarkable herb [23].

#### 3.5 Tea Tree Oil Soap

Tea tree oil soap is a natural and versatile cleanser renowned for its potent antibacterial and antifungal properties. Extracted from the leaves of the Melaleuca alternifolia tree, native to Australia, tea tree oil has been used for centuries as a traditional remedy for various skin ailments. This essential oil, when incorporated into soap, offers a multitude of benefits for skin health, making it a popular choice for those seeking a natural alternative to chemicalladen skincare products. Tea tree oil soap not only cleanses the skin thoroughly but also helps combat acne, soothe irritations, and promote a clearer, healthier complexion. Its invigorating aroma and therapeutic properties make it an essential addition to any skincare routine, suitable for all skin types. Whether used for daily cleansing or as a targeted treatment for specific skin concerns, tea tree oil soap provides a refreshing and effective solution for maintaining optimal skin health [24].

#### 3.6 Lavender Soap

Lavender soap, a timeless favorite in the realm of natural skincare, is celebrated for its soothing aroma and multifaceted benefits. Crafted with the gentle essence of lavender, this herbal soap offers more than just a refreshing cleanse. Its calming properties make it a staple for those seeking relaxation and stress relief in their daily routine. Beyond its aromatic allure, lavender soap boasts antiseptic and anti-inflammatory qualities, making it an excellent choice for individuals with sensitive or problematic skin. Infused with natural oils and enriched with lavender's botanical magic, this soap embodies the perfect blend of nature's care and luxurious pampering, transforming an everyday task into a soothing, therapeutic experience [25].

# 4. Properties of herbal soap

Natural Ingredients: Herbal soaps are typically made from natural ingredients such as plant extracts, essential oils, and herbs. These natural ingredients are often chosen for their skin-loving properties and are believed to provide various benefits for the skin.

Mild and Gentle: Herbal soaps are usually formulated to be mild and gentle on the skin. They are typically free from harsh chemicals, sulfates, and synthetic fragrances, which can be irritating to the skin. This makes herbal soaps suitable for people with sensitive skin

Moisturizing: Many herbal soaps contain moisturizing ingredients such as shea butter, cocoa butter, and natural oils, which can help to hydrate the skin and prevent dryness.

Antioxidant-Rich:Herbal soaps often contain plant extracts that are rich in antioxidants. Antioxidants help to neutralize free radicals, which are harmful molecules that can damage the skin cells and cause premature aging[26].

Nourishing:Herbal soaps are often formulated with nourishing ingredients such as vitamins, minerals, and essential fatty acids that can provide nutrition to the skin. These nutrients can help to support the skin's [27].

#### 5. Different types of skins and skin related issues

Different skin types cover as normal, oily, dry, combination, or sensitive skin types. Skin type depends on things such as:

- How much water is present in skin, which affects its comfort and elasticity
- How oily it is, which affects its softness
- How sensitive it is

# i. Normal Skin Type

Not too dry and not too oily, normal skin has:

- No or few imperfection
- No severe sensitivity
- Barely visible pores
- A radiant complexion

# ii. Combination Skin Type

Skin can be dry or normal in some areas and oily in others, such as the T-zone (nose, forehead, and chin). Many people have this type. It may need slightly different care in different areas. Combination skin can have: Pores that look larger than normal, because they are more open Blackheads Shiny skin [28].

#### iii. Dry skin:



#### Fig.1-Dry skin

#### Many persons have:

- Almost invisible pores
- Dull, rough complexion
- Red patches
- Skin is less elastic
- More visible lines

A person 's skin can crack, peel, or become itchy, irritated, or inflamed. If it's very dry, it can become rough and scaly, especially on the backs of hands, arms, and legs.

Dry skin may be caused or made worse by:

- Persons 'genes, Aging or hormonal changes
- Weather such as wind, sun, or cold
- Ultraviolet (UV) radiation from tanning beds
- Indoor heating, Long, hot baths and showers
- Ingredients in soaps, cosmetics, or cleansers, Medications[29-32].

#### **Oily Skin Type:**

- Such persons may have:
- Enlarged pores
- Dull or shiny, thick complexion
- Blackheads, pimples, or other blemishes[33].

#### Skin related Issues: -

High alkaline soap means there are lots of un-saponified lye left in soap, it can irritate skin. This is especially so for anyone with sensitive skin, including young children. Irritants in traditional soaps can cause dryness, contact dermatitis, inflammatory acne and throw off the delicate pH balance your skin maintains for both face and body[34].

# **Contact Dermatitis**

Soap bars containing a potent antiseptic, tetrachlorosalicylanilide (TCSA), can leave with some fairly serious side effects. TCSA was linked to an entire epidemic of photo allergic contact dermatitis in England in the 1960s. The parts of body exposed to an irritant, like TCSA or even fragrances in harsh soap and cosmetics, can break out into a red, often itchy rash accompanied by dry, cracking skin, oozing blisters, swelling and burning. **Dryness:** 

Dry skin looks about as good as it feels: tight, uncomfortable and, in some instances, even painful. Harsh cleansers can strip the skin 's natural oils, leading to dryness and irritation. Surfactants in cleansers can damage proteins and lipids in skin, leading to tightness, itching, dryness and barrier damage after washing, according to a study published in Dermatologic Therapy. **Inflammatory Acne** 

It seems counterintuitive, but the cleanser you 're using to rid your skin of dirt and oils that clog pores could be contributing to the very acne you 're trying to prevent or clear up. Cleansing agents such as harsh soap with a higher pH may damage the acid mantle 's natural antimicrobial defenses and lead to acne vulgaris, among other conditions, according to a study published in Skin Pharmacology and Physiology [35]. **Composition of herbal soap:** 

Herbal soaps are made using a combination of natural ingredients that offer various benefits to the skin. While the specific com- position can vary depending on the brand and the desired proper- ties, here are some common ingredients found in herbal soaps

Base oils Essential oil Herbs or botanicals Natural colorants Additional ingredients

#### 6.Current Scenario of Herbal Soap

The global herbal soap market was valued at USD 181.31 million in 2021–2022, and it is anticipated to increase at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 5.9% to reach USD 255.7 million by 2030.India's contribution of the global herbal drug export market is less than 0.5% (Jain, 2019). In hospitals and clinics, herbal soap is frequently used for handwashing, patient bathing, and general cleaning. Because of its skin-friendly composition, there won't be any allergic responses or skin irritations. Furthermore, the invigorating aroma of herbal soaps contributes to the promotion of mental and physical relaxation. Because it has so many advantages, herbal soap is widely used in homes all over the world. Over the year, there has been an upsurge in demand for natural and organic products[36].



#### Fig.2 Current Scenario of Herbal Soap

# Effect of COVID- 19 on the beauty market

China's sales in February declined significantly, up to an 80% decrease from the country's sales in 2019. Nonetheless, a noteworthy recovery occurred in March, with a 20% year-over-year reduction, suggesting a quick recovery despite the prevailing conditions. Although many sales of beauty products are being made online, beauty retailers still stand to lose. Spending by consumers on online shopping platforms has skyrocketed globally. In order to improve client satisfaction, it is necessary to speed the product delivery procedure. The epidemic has altered the structure of the market. The middle class is growing worldwide thanks to internet buying platforms[37].

# 7.Advantages of herbal soap

#### • Natural Ingredients

Herbal soaps are typically made from natural plant-based ingredients such as herbs, essential oils, and botanical extracts. These natural ingredients are often gentle on the skin and may help to soothe and nourish the skin without causing irritation or dryness. • Hypoallergenic

Herbal soaps are often hypoallergenic, meaning they are less likely to cause allergic reactions compared to synthetic soaps that may contain harsh chemicals and artificial fragrances.

#### • Environmentally Friendly

Herbal soaps are generally considered to be more environmentally friendly compared to synthetic soaps, as they are often biodegradable and do not contain harmful chemicals that may harm aquatic life or pollute the environment.

# Aromatherapy Benefits

Many herbal soaps contain essential oils, which can provide aromatherapy benefits. These essential oils may help to relax the mind, uplift the mood, and provide a sense of well- being during the bathing process[38-41].

#### 8.Disadvantages of herbal soap

#### Variable Quality

Herbal soaps are available in a wide range of brands and formulations, and the quality may vary. Some herbal soaps may contain lower quality ingredients or lack the desired efficacy, which can affect their performance.

#### Limited Lather

Herbal soaps may not lather as much as synthetic soaps due to their natural ingredients. While lather is not necessarily an indicator of cleaning efficacy, some people may prefer a rich lather during their bathing routine.

# Shorter Shelf Life

Herbal soaps may have a shorter shelf life compared to synthetic soaps, as they do not typically contain preservatives. This means that they may spoil or become less effective over time, especially if not used within a certain period.

# Higher Cost

Herbal soaps may be more expensive compared to synthetic soaps, as they often contain higher-quality natural ingredients. This can make them less affordable for some consumers, especially those on a tight budget.

• Limited Availability: Depending on your location, herbal soaps may not be as widely available as synthetic soaps, which are mass-produced and readily available in most store[42-45].

#### **Conclusion :**

In conclusion, the rise of herbal soaps in the realm of skincare is not merely a trend but a significant shift towards natural wellness and sustainable living. These handcrafted soaps, crafted with a blend of natural oils, botanical extracts, and essential oils, offer a multitude of benefits that extend beyond basic cleanliness. They embody the fusion of traditional herbal wisdom with modern skincare science, providing a holistic approach to hygiene and health. With ingredients like Azadirachta indica, Ocimum tenuiflorum, Sapindus mukorussi, and Acacia concinna, herbal soaps showcase the power of natural compounds in promoting skin health. Their therapeutic properties, including anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, and antifungal benefits, make them stand out in the skincare market. Moreover, the eco-friendly nature of herbal soaps, along with their customizable options and aromatherapy benefits, further enhance their appeal to consumers seeking natural and effective skincare solutions. As evidenced by the current global herbal soap market trends and the increasing demand for natural and organic products, herbal soaps are here to stay. Despite some challenges like variable quality and limited availability, their advantages such as hypoallergenic properties, environmental friendliness, and aromatherapy benefits outweigh the drawbacks. Overall, herbal soaps represent a harmonious balance between nature's bounty and modern skincare needs, making them a valuable addition to any skincare routine focused on holistic well-being.

#### Acknowledgements

Authors (Shivshankar M. Nagrik) are greatful to, Sadhana R. Chavan , Samruddhi P. Sable , Vaishnavi R. Ghait , Saurabh S. Suradkar , Bhavika Ajay Wargat , Rutuja S.Shingne , Swapnil Rathod.

#### **REFERENCES**:

- 1. Amrutkar SV, Patil AR, Ishikar SK. A Review on Herbal Soap. Research Journal of Topical and Cosmetic Sciences 2022:49–54. https://doi.org/10.52711/2321-5844.2022.00008.
- 2. Passmore J, Velez M. SOAP-M: a training evaluation model for HR. Industrial and Commercial Training 2012;44:315-25. https://doi.org/10.1108/00197851211254743.
- Bezboruah T, Bora A. Performance Evaluation of Hierarchical SOAP Based Web Service in Load Balancing Cluster-Based and Non-Cluster-Based Web Server. International Journal of Information Retrieval Research 2015;5:19–30. https://doi.org/10.4018/ijirr.2015100102.
- Pacor P, Lander LH, Papenhuijzen JMP. A rheological investigation of solid soap. Rheologica Acta 1970;9:455–60. https://doi.org/10.1007/bf01975416.
- 5. Panda H. Herbal soaps & detergents handbook. Niir Project Consultancy Services; 2011 Jun 9.
- Akuaden NJ, Chindo IY, Ogboji J. Formulation, Physicochemical and Antifungi Evaluation of Herbal Soaps of AzadiractaIndica and ZiziphusMauritiana. IOSR Journal of Applied Chemistry. 2019 Aug;12(8):26-34.

- Adigun O, Manful C, Prieto Vidal N, Mumtaz A, Pham TH, Stewart P, Nadeem M, Keough D, Thomas R. Use of natural antioxidants from newfoundland wild berries to improve the shelf life of natural herbal soaps. Antioxidants. 2019 Nov 8;8(11):536.
- Chaudhari VM. Studies on antimicrobial activity of antiseptic soaps and herbal soaps against selected human pathogens. Journal of Scientific and Innovative Research. 2016;5(6):201-4.
- Prieto Vidal N, Adeseun Adigun O, Pham TH, Mumtaz A, Manful C, Callahan G, Stewart P, Keough D, Thomas RH. The effects of cold saponification on the unsaponified fatty acid composition and sensory perception of commercial natural herbal soaps. Molecules. 2018 Sep 14;23(9):2356.
- Devi DA, Sivani DV, Anusha D, Sarath G, Sultana SM. Formulation and Evaluation of Antimicrobial Herbal Soap. Int. J. Pharm. Sci. Rev. Res. 2021;71(2):122-5.
- 11. Ruckmani K, Krishnamoorthy R, Samuel S, Kumari HL. Formulation of herbal bath soap from vitex negundo leaf extract. Journal of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Sciences ISSN. 2014;974:2115.
- 12. Sharma SK, Singh S. Antimicrobial herbal soap formulation. Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International. 2020;32(36):82-8.
- Atolani O, Olabiyi ET, Issa AA, Azeez HT, Onoja EG, Ibrahim SO, Zubair MF, Oguntoye OS, Olatunji GA. Green synthesis and characterisation of natural antiseptic soaps from the oils of underutilised tropical seed. Sustainable Chemistry and Pharmacy. 2016 Dec 1;4:32-9.
- 14. Jones M. The Complete Guide to Creating Oils, Soaps, Creams, and Herbal Gels for Your Mind and Body: 101 Natural Body Care Recipes. Atlantic Publishing Company; 2011.
- Kongtun S, Suracherdkaiti W. Herbal antibacterial liquid soap development against bacterial skin diseases. InCurrent Research Topics in Applied Microbiology and Microbiology 2009 (pp. 497-500).
- Saini K, Dubey G, Yadav T, Singh RP. Application of Phytoconstituents In Herbal Soap Formulation. Journal of Advanced Research in Pharmaceutical Sciences and Pharmacology Interventions. 2023 Dec 1;6(2):1-6.
- 17. Devi DA, Sivani DV, Anusha D, Sarath G, Sultana SM. Formulation and Evaluation of Antimicrobial Herbal Soap. Int. J. Pharm. Sci. Rev. Res. 2021;71(2):122-5.
- 18. Bhavani J, Chinnathambi M, Sandhanam S, Jothilingam S, Arthi S, Monisha N. FORMULATION AND EVALUATION OF HERBAL SOAP BY USING NATURAL INGREDIENTS.
- 19. Panda H. Herbal soaps & detergents handbook. Niir Project Consultancy Services; 2011 Jun 9.
- 20. 20.Formulation Evaluation of Herbal Soap Patel Anu\*, Patel Anar, Patel Jahanvi and Bhavsar Hemal, IJSRR and 2022, 11(2), 42-72, ISSN: 2279–0543
- 21. Sumit K, Vivek S, Sujata S, Ashish B. Herbal cosmetics: used for skin and hair. Inventi J 2012; 3:1-7.
- 23. Varsha M Chaudhari Department of Microbiology, Studies on antimicrobial activity of antiseptic soaps and herbal soaps against selected human pathogens 5(6): 201-204 2016.
- Kereru, P. G., Karikó, J. M., Kenji, G. M., Thiong'o, G. T., Gachanja, A. N., and Makira, H. N. (2010). Antimicrobial activities of skincare preparations from plant extracts. African Journal of Traditional, Complementary and Alternative Medicines, 7
- Bandyopadhyay, U., Biswas, K., Sengupta, A., Moitra, P., Dutta, P., Sarkar, D., ... and Banerjee, R. K. (2004). Clinical studies on the effect of Neem (Azadirachta indica) bark extract on gastric secretion and gastroduodenal ulcer. Life Sciences, 75(24), 2867-2878.
- 25. Sai Ram M, Sharma SK, Ilavazhagan G, Kumar D, Selvarathinam W, Immunomodulatory effects of NIM-76, a volatile fraction from Neem oil. J. Ethnopharmacology., 1997, 55, 2, 133–139p.
- 26. Sidecar RD, Kolte AY, Barmade BS, Desai VF, Immunopotentiation effects of Azadirachta indica (Neem) dry leaves powder in broilers, naturally infected with IBD virus. Indian J. Exp. Biol., 1998, 36, 1151–1153p.
- 27. Subapriya R, Nagini S, Medicinal properties of neem leaves: a review. Curr. Med. Chem. Anticancer Agents, 2005, 5, 2, 149-156p.

- 28. Abdel-Ghaffar F, Semmler M, Repellency against head lice (Pediculus humans capitis) Parasite. Res., 2007, 100, 2, 329- 332pA REVIEW ON HERBAL COSMETICS.
- Oliveira R, Ferreira J, Azevedo LF, Almeida IF. An Overview of Methods to Characterize Skin Type: Focus on Visual Rating Scales and Self-Report Instruments. Cosmetics. 2023 Jan 11;10(1):14.
- 30. Battie C, Jitsukawa S, Bernerd F, Del Bino S, Marionnet C, Verschoore M. New insights in photoaging, UVA induced damage and skin types. Experimental dermatology. 2014 Oct;23:7-12.
- 31. Li Y, Li L. Contact dermatitis: classifications and management. Clinical Reviews in Allergy & Immunology. 2021 Dec;61(3):245-81.
- 32. Tarnowska M. Evaluation of skin absorption of inorganic ions with regard to their physicochemical properties (Doctoral dissertation, Université de Lyon).
- Sharma R. Skin Typing and High Resolution MRI of Human Skin: Multiple Contrast Approach for Image Characterization. Nature Precedings. 2010 Jan 20:1-.
- 34. Verim A, Duymuş R, Çalım ÖF, Karaca ÇT, Özkul MH, Yaşar H, Bahadır E, Bakal N. Effect of nose skin on the columellar incision scar in a Turkish population. Otolaryngology--Head and Neck Surgery. 2013 Sep;149(3):438-44.
- 35. Agarwal P, Alok S, Fatima A, Verma A. Current scenario of herbal technology world wide: An overview. International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research. 2013 Nov 1;4(11):4105.
- 36. 37.
- 37. Coiffard L, Couteau C. Soap and syndets: differences and analogies, sources of great confusion. European Review for Medical & Pharmacological Sciences. 2020 Nov 1;24(21).
- 38. Saini K, Dubey G, Yadav T, Singh RP. Application of Phytoconstituents In Herbal Soap Formulation. Journal of Advanced Research in Pharmaceutical Sciences and Pharmacology Interventions. 2023 Dec 1;6(2):1-6.
- 39. Panda H. Herbal soaps & detergents handbook. Niir Project Consultancy Services; 2011 Jun 9.
- Neshtak AL, Myronenko LS, Timchenko VK. Development of herbal antibacterial liquid soap against bacterial skin diseases. XIMIЯ, БІО-І ФАРМТЕХНОЛОГІЇ, ЕКОЛОГІЯ ТА ЕКОНОМІКА В ХАРЧОВІЙ, КОСМЕТИЧНІЙ ТА ФАРМАЦЕВТИЧНІЙ ПРОМИСЛОВОСТІ. 2023:43.
- 41. Kongtun S, Suracherdkaiti W. Herbal antibacterial liquid soap development against bacterial skin diseases. InCurrent Research Topics in Applied Microbiology and Microbiology 2009 (pp. 497-500).
- 42. Nadaroglu H, Baran A. The antimicrobial activity of herbal soaps against selected human pathogens. Tenside Surfactants Detergents. 2020 Sep 16;57(5):354-60.
- 43. Mrozek-Szetela A, Rejda P, Wińska K. A review of hygienization methods of herbal raw materials. Applied Sciences. 2020 Nov 21;10(22):8268.
- 44. Jain KV, Simon SP, Jain J, Supreetha S, Mathew MJ, Sudeep CB. Comparative antibacterial effectiveness of alcohol and herbal based commercially available hand antiseptics. Journal of Indian Association of Public Health Dentistry. 2013 Apr 1;11(2):27-33.
- 45. Mohlakoana MR. Qualitative and quantitative analysis of saponins from selected southern African soap plants and their antimicrobial activity against skin pathogens. University of Johannesburg (South Africa); 2020.