

International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

Harnessing Artificial Intelligence for Women Empowerment : Opportunities and Challenges

Dr.Satinder Bir Kaur

Professor & Dean Academics, Ludhiana College of Engineering & Technology, Katani Kalan, (141113) Ludhiana, Punjab.

A BSTRACT:

Women empowerment stands as a crucial aspect of sustainable development, yet persistent challenges such as economic inequality, limited access to education and healthcare, and underrepresentation in decision-making roles persist globally. This paper explores the intersection of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and women empowerment, presenting opportunities for addressing these challenges and fostering inclusive development. By integrating AI technologies like machine learning, natural language processing, and robotics. This paper highlights novel solutions to empower women across various domains such as education, healthcare, economic independence, and policy-making. Through a comprehensive review of existing literature, policy frameworks, and case studies, it provides insights into the transformative potential of AI in promoting Women empowerment.

Keywords: Women, education, decision-making, technology, disparities, Initiative

Introduction :

Women empowerment, a vital component of sustainable development, remains an imperative global agenda. Despite advancements in gender equality efforts, women continue to face multifaceted challenges such as economic disparity, limited access to education and healthcare, and underrepresentation in decision-making roles. However, the intersection of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and women empowerment presents a promising avenue for addressing these challenges and fostering inclusive development. The integration of AI technologies, including machine learning, natural language processing, and robotics, offers novel solutions to empower women across various domains. From enhancing access to education and healthcare to fostering economic independence and promoting gender-inclusive policies, AI holds immense potential to catalyze positive change for women globally.

This research paper aims to explore the dynamic relationship between AI and women's empowerment, examining the current landscape, opportunities, challenges, and potential pathways for leveraging AI to advance gender equality and women's rights. By critically analyzing existing literature, policy frameworks, and case studies, this paper seeks to provide insights into the transformative power of AI in promoting women's empowerment while addressing ethical considerations and mitigating risks.

The subsequent sections will delve into a comprehensive review of the existing literature, delineating the objectives of the study, analyzing the status of women empowerment globally and specifically in regions like India, discussing gender disparities and challenges, reviewing progress and initiatives, elucidating the potential of AI for women's empowerment, examining associated challenges and risks, and finally, offering suggestions and recommendations for harnessing AI effectively to empower women and foster inclusive socio-economic development. In essence, this research paper seeks to contribute to the growing discourse on AI and women's empowerment, providing a nuanced understanding of the opportunities, challenges, and ethical considerations at the nexus of technology and gender equality. By elucidating actionable insights and policy recommendations, this paper aims to inform policymakers, researchers, and practitioners about the transformative potential of AI in advancing women's empowerment and fostering a more equitable and inclusive society.

Review Of Literature:

A review of existing literature reveals a growing body of research exploring the relationship between AI and women empowerment. Studies have highlighted the potential of AI technologies, such as machine learning, natural language processing, and robotics, in addressing gender disparities and promoting women's participation in various sectors. Additionally, scholars have examined the ethical, social, and economic implications of AI for women, including concerns related to bias, privacy, and job displacement which are as follows:

Buolamwini and Gebru ,2018: In this paper "Gender Shades: Intersectional Accuracy Disparities in Commercial Gender Classification" presents a pioneering study that investigates the accuracy of commercial gender classification systems across different demographic groups. The authors assess the performance of these systems in classifying gender, particularly focusing on their performance across different skin tones and genders. Their findings reveal significant disparities in accuracy, with darker-skinned individuals and women being misclassified at higher rates compared to lighter-skinned individuals and men. This study underscores the importance of addressing bias and fairness in AI systems, highlighting the potential

consequences of deploying biased algorithms in real-world applications. Overall, "Gender Shades" serves as a critical contribution to the growing literature on algorithmic bias and fairness in AI, urging researchers and practitioners to prioritize fairness and inclusivity in the development and deployment of AI technologies.

Reddy, V., & Kumar, M. A. 2018: This paper discusses the potential of artificial intelligence (AI) as a tool for women's empowerment in India. The authors examine various applications of AI that can contribute to enhancing women's socio-economic status, including access to education, healthcare, and economic opportunities. Through a comprehensive analysis, the paper highlights the role of AI in addressing gender disparities and promoting women's empowerment in the Indian context. Additionally, the authors discuss challenges and opportunities associated with the adoption of AI technologies for women's empowerment and suggest strategies for leveraging AI effectively to achieve gender equality goals in India

Buolamwini and Gebru 2018. This paper "Gender Shades: Intersectional Accuracy Disparities in Commercial Gender Classification" presents a pioneering study that investigates the accuracy of commercial gender classification systems across different demographic groups. The authors assess the performance of these systems in classifying gender, particularly focusing on their performance across different skin tones and genders. Their findings reveal significant disparities in accuracy, with darker-skinned individuals and women being misclassified at higher rates compared to lighter-skinned individuals and men. This study underscores the importance of addressing bias and fairness in AI systems, highlighting the potential consequences of deploying biased algorithms in real-world applications. Overall, "Gender Shades" serves as a critical contribution to the growing literature on algorithmic bias and fairness in AI, urging researchers and practitioners to prioritize fairness and inclusivity in the development and deployment of AI technologies

Verma and Rani' 2019: This paper "Gender Inclusivity in AI: A Comprehensive Review," published in the International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Applications, offers an extensive examination of gender inclusivity in artificial intelligence. The authors conduct a thorough review of existing literature, summarizing key findings and insights related to gender inclusivity in AI algorithms, datasets, and applications. They explore various strategies and approaches aimed at promoting gender inclusivity in AI, such as inclusive data collection methods, bias detection techniques, and diversity-aware algorithmic design. Additionally, the paper discusses the importance of considering intersectionality and diverse perspectives in addressing gender biases and promoting inclusivity in AI technologies. By synthesizing findings from diverse studies, Verma and Rani provide valuable insights into the challenges and opportunities in fostering gender inclusivity in AI development and deployment. Their comprehensive review contributes to advancing our understanding of the complexities of gender dynamics in AI and offers actionable recommendations for promoting fairness and inclusivity in AI technologies. Overall, their work serves as a valuable resource for researchers, practitioners, and policymakers seeking to address gender biases and promote diversity in AI.

Mittal, S., & Sharma, S. 2019: In this paper, the authors present a case study focusing on the use of artificial intelligence (AI) for women empowerment in rural India. Through empirical research and analysis, they examine how AI technologies can be deployed to address socio-economic challenges faced by women in rural areas, such as limited access to education, healthcare, and economic opportunities. The case study explores specific AI-driven initiatives and interventions implemented in rural communities to empower women and improve their quality of life. The paper provides insights into the potential impact of AI on women's empowerment in rural India and identifies opportunities for further research and intervention

Varma, A., & Singh, A. 2019: In this study, the authors investigate the role of artificial intelligence (AI) in empowering women in India. Through empirical research and analysis, they explore how AI technologies can be leveraged to address socio-economic challenges faced by women and promote their empowerment across various sectors. The paper discusses specific AI applications and interventions aimed at improving women's access to education, healthcare, economic opportunities, and political participation. Furthermore, the study examines the impact of AI on gender equality outcomes in India and identifies opportunities for

Gurumurthy and Jawahar2020,:. This paper "Gender Shades in AI: A Review" offers a comprehensive examination of gender biases in artificial intelligence systems. The authors critically review existing literature on gender biases in AI, covering various aspects such as data collection, algorithm development, and deployment of AI technologies. They highlight the different forms of biases that can emerge in AI systems, including gender stereotypes embedded in training data, biased decision-making processes, and unequal access to opportunities for men and women. Furthermore, the paper discusses the implications of gender biases in AI for different domains, including employment, healthcare, and criminal justice. By synthesizing findings from diverse studies, Gurumurthy and Jawahar provide valuable insights into the complexities of gender biases in AI and offer recommendations for addressing these biases to promote fairness and inclusivity in AI technologies. Overall, their review contributes to advancing our understanding of the challenges and opportunities in ensuring gender equity in AI development and deployment.

Kuklinski and Brachten 2020, This paper "Gender Bias in AI—A Systematic Literature Review," published in Information Systems Frontiers, presents a systematic review of the existing literature on gender bias in artificial intelligence. The authors employ rigorous methodology to identify, evaluate, and synthesize relevant studies addressing gender bias in AI algorithms, datasets, and applications. They examine various dimensions of gender bias, including its sources, manifestations, and impacts on different demographic groups. Additionally, the paper discusses methodological approaches for detecting and mitigating gender bias in AI, such as fairness-aware machine learning techniques and bias mitigation strategies. By analyzing a wide range of studies, Kuklinski and Brachten provide comprehensive insights into the complexities of gender bias in AI and offer recommendations for promoting fairness and inclusivity in AI development and deployment. Their systematic literature review contributes to advancing our understanding of the challenges and opportunities in addressing gender bias in AI technologies, serving as a valuable resource for researchers, practitioners, and policymakers working in this area.

Kalra, S., & Arora'2020: This paper "A Literature Review on Gender Biases in AI" published in the International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology (IJERT) offers a systematic examination of gender biases in artificial intelligence. The authors conduct a comprehensive review of existing literature, summarizing key findings and insights related to gender biases in AI algorithms, data sets, and applications. They explore various factors contributing to gender biases in AI, including data collection methods, algorithmic design choices, and societal norms and stereotypes. Furthermore, the paper discusses the implications of gender biases in AI for different sectors, such as healthcare, education, and employment. By synthesizing findings from a wide range of studies, Kalra, S., & Arora provide valuable insights into the challenges and opportunities in addressing gender biases in AI technologies. Their literature review contributes to advancing our understanding of the complex interplay between gender, technology, and society, and

offers recommendations for promoting fairness and inclusivity in AI development and deployment. Overall, their work serves as a valuable resource for researchers, practitioners, and policymakers working towards gender equity in AI.

Vohra, N., & Nanda, P. 2020: This paper delves into the exploration of the potential of artificial intelligence (AI) in women empowerment in India. Through an in-depth analysis, the authors examine various opportunities and challenges associated with leveraging AI to advance gender equality and empower women across different sectors. The study explores specific AI applications and initiatives aimed at addressing socio-economic barriers faced by women, including access to education, healthcare, economic opportunities, and political participation. Additionally, the paper discusses the implications of AI adoption for women's empowerment outcomes and proposes recommendations for maximizing the positive impact of AI on gender equality in India

Kalyanpur, N., & Garg, V. 2020: This paper explores the opportunities and challenges of using artificial intelligence (AI) for women empowerment in India. It examines how AI technologies can be leveraged to address gender disparities and promote women's socio-economic advancement in various domains. The authors discuss potential applications of AI in areas such as education, healthcare, entrepreneurship, and governance, while also highlighting the ethical, social, and economic implications of AI adoption. Through a comprehensive analysis, the paper provides insights into the role of AI in empowering women and advancing gender equality in India

In conclusion, the existing literature underscores the transformative potential of AI in empowering women and advancing gender equality across diverse sectors. By leveraging AI technologies effectively, policymakers, civil society organizations, and technology developers can address key challenges facing women, promote inclusive socio-economic development, and contribute to the realization of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). However, to maximize the benefits of AI for women's empowerment, it is imperative to address issues related to algorithmic bias, digital divide, and ethical considerations, while ensuring that AI policies and interventions are gender-responsive and rights-based.

Objectives Of The Study:

The primary objectives of this study are:

- To study the current status of women's empowerment in India
- To explore the potential of AI in enhancing women's socio-economic empowerment.
- To examine the challenges and risks associated with the use of AI in advancing women's empowerment
- To provide suggestions and recommendations for leveraging AI effectively to empower women

Current Status Of Women Empowerment In India

The current status of women empowerment in India reflects a complex landscape influenced by socio-cultural, economic, and political factors. While there have been notable advancements in recent years, significant challenges and disparities persist, particularly in areas such as education, healthcare, economic participation, and political representation.

- Education: Despite efforts to promote gender parity in education, disparities persist in India. While the literacy rate for women has improved over the years, particularly in urban areas, rural and marginalized communities still face barriers to accessing quality education. Factors such as early marriage, gender-based violence, and socio-economic constraints contribute to high dropout rates among girls. Additionally, stereotypes and cultural norms often prioritize boys' education over girls', perpetuating gender disparities in literacy and educational attainment.
- Healthcare: Women's access to healthcare services remains a significant concern in India. While progress has been made in reducing
 maternal mortality rates and improving access to reproductive healthcare, challenges such as limited access to skilled healthcare providers,
 inadequate infrastructure, and cultural barriers persist, particularly in rural areas. Furthermore, gender-based discrimination in healthcare
 settings and disparities in access to essential health services continue to undermine women's health outcomes and well-being.
- Economic Participation: Women's participation in the labor force in India remains lower than men's, with significant disparities in employment opportunities, wages, and occupational segregation. While there has been an increase in women's workforce participation in certain sectors such as information technology and services, women continue to be underrepresented in leadership positions and face challenges such as the gender pay gap, lack of access to formal employment, and barriers to entrepreneurship. Additionally, women's participation in the informal sector, where labor rights are often undermined, poses challenges to their economic empowerment
- Political Representation: Despite constitutional guarantees and legislative reforms to promote women's political participation, women
 remain underrepresented in decision-making roles in India. While there have been initiatives such as the reservation of seats for women in
 local governance bodies (Panchayati Raj institutions), women's representation in state and national legislatures remains low. Deep-rooted
 patriarchal norms, lack of political support, and electoral challenges hinder women's access to political leadership positions, limiting their
 ability to influence policy-making and governance processes
- Legal and Social Challenges: Women in India continue to face various legal and social challenges, including gender-based violence, discrimination, and lack of access to justice. Despite legislative reforms such as the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act and the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, implementation gaps, and cultural attitudes perpetuate impunity for perpetrators and deter women from seeking recourse. Additionally, social norms and practices such as dowry, child marriage, and son preference contribute to the marginalization of women and girls, reinforcing gender inequalities.

While there have been strides in promoting women's empowerment in India, significant challenges and disparities persist across various sectors. Addressing structural barriers, investing in education and healthcare infrastructure, promoting economic opportunities, and fostering an enabling environment for women's political participation are essential for advancing gender equality and empowering women in India.

Additionally, addressing social norms, promoting gender-sensitive policies, and strengthening legal mechanisms are critical steps towards creating a more inclusive and equitable society for women and girls. Government initiatives for women empowerment through AI in India :

Govt Initiatives In India:

In recent years, the Government of India has recognized the potential of artificial intelligence (AI) in advancing women's empowerment and has initiated several programs and initiatives to leverage AI for the socio-economic development of women. Some of the notable government initiatives for women's empowerment through AI in India include:

- National Policy on Electronics (NPE): The National Policy on Electronics aims to promote the manufacturing of electronic products, including AI-enabled devices, which can benefit women entrepreneurs and professionals by providing access to innovative technologies for business growth and skill development
- Digital India Initiative: The Digital India Initiative includes various components such as digital literacy programs, e-governance services, and digital infrastructure development, which can empower women by enhancing their access to information, education, and economic opportunities through AI-powered platforms and services.
- Skill India Mission: The Skill India Mission aims to provide skill development and training opportunities to youth, including women, in emerging technologies such as AI and machine learning. Skill development programs focused on AI can equip women with the necessary technical skills to pursue careers in technology-related fields
- Startup India Initiative: The Startup India Initiative provides support and incentives to startups, including those led by women entrepreneurs, working on innovative solutions leveraging AI and other advanced technologies. This initiative encourages women to participate in the startup ecosystem and promotes the development of AI-driven solutions for women-centric issues.
- Innovation Mission (AIM): AIM promotes innovation and entrepreneurship among students, including girls, through various initiatives such as Atal Tinkering Labs (ATLs) and Atal Incubation Centers (AICs). These platforms provide opportunities for girls to learn about AI, robotics, and other emerging technologies and to develop innovative solutions to address societal challenges.
- NITI Aayog's Women Entrepreneurship Platform (WEP): NITI Aayog's WEP aims to promote and support women entrepreneurs through capacity-building programs, mentorship opportunities, and access to finance. The platform may explore AI-driven solutions to facilitate networking, market access, and skill enhancement for women entrepreneurs
- . AI for All Initiative: The Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY) launched the AI for All Initiative to promote awareness and adoption of AI technologies across various sectors. While not specifically focused on women, this initiative can indirectly benefit women by fostering the development of AI-driven solutions for women's empowerment and gender inclusion
- Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP) Campaign: While not directly related to AI, the BBBP campaign aims to address gender-based discrimination and promote the education and welfare of girls. Integrating AI technologies into existing initiatives like BBBP can enhance monitoring and evaluation efforts, improve access to education and healthcare services, and facilitate data-driven policy interventions to empower girls and women.

These initiatives collectively demonstrate the government's commitment to leveraging AI for women's empowerment in India. By promoting digital literacy, skill development, entrepreneurship, and innovation among women, these programs aim to harness the transformative potential of AI to create more inclusive and equitable opportunities for women across the country.

Opportunities And Challenges

The use of artificial intelligence (AI) in advancing women's empowerment presents both opportunities and challenges. While AI has the potential to address gender disparities and promote inclusivity, its deployment also raises various challenges and risks that must be carefully considered. Some of the key challenges and risks associated with the use of AI in advancing women empowerment include

- Algorithmic Bias: AI algorithms are often trained on biased or incomplete data, which can perpetuate existing gender stereotypes and inequalities. Biased algorithms may lead to discriminatory outcomes in areas such as hiring, lending, and criminal justice, thereby exacerbating gender disparities rather than mitigating them
- Data Privacy and Security: AI systems rely on vast amounts of data, including personal information, which raises concerns about data privacy and security, particularly for women. Inadequate data protection measures may expose women to risks such as identity theft, online harassment, and surveillance, undermining their autonomy and safety
- **Digital Divide:** Women, especially those from marginalized communities, often face barriers to accessing and benefiting from AI technologies due to factors such as limited digital literacy, internet connectivity, and access to technology. The digital gender gap exacerbates existing inequalities, excluding women from the opportunities afforded by AI-driven innovation.
- Job Displacement: The automation of jobs through AI technologies may disproportionately affect women, particularly those employed in low-skilled and routine tasks. Job displacement can exacerbate economic inequalities and exacerbate gender disparities in the labor market unless measures are taken to reskill and retrain women for emerging job opportunities
- Privacy and Data Protection Concerns: AI systems often rely on large amounts of personal data to make predictions and
 recommendations. However, the use of sensitive data, such as health records or financial information, raises concerns about privacy and data
 protection, particularly for women who may be at greater risk of data breaches and misuse. Ensuring robust data governance frameworks
 and implementing privacy-preserving AI techniques are critical for safeguarding women's privacy rights.

- Ethical and Human Rights Implications: The deployment of AI in women empowerment initiatives raises complex ethical and human rights considerations. AI systems may infringe upon women's rights to autonomy, non-discrimination, and freedom of expression if not designed and implemented with ethical principles in mind. Moreover, the use of AI in sensitive domains such as healthcare and criminal justice poses risks to women's rights to privacy, dignity, and due **process.**
- Job Displacement and Economic Disruptions: The automation of tasks through AI technologies has the potential to disrupt traditional
 employment patterns and exacerbate gender disparities in the labor market. Women, who are overrepresented in sectors vulnerable to
 automation, such as retail and administrative support, may face job displacement and economic insecurity. Additionally, the gig economy
 and platform-based work models enabled by AI may exacerbate precarious working conditions for women.
- . Dependence and Disempowerment: Overreliance on AI technologies without adequate human oversight and critical thinking skills can lead to technological dependence and disempowerment, particularly among marginalized groups. Women who lack agency and control over AI systems may become further marginalized and excluded from decision-making processes, exacerbating power imbalances and disempowering women in society.

Addressing these challenges and risks requires a multi-stakeholder approach involving governments, civil society organizations, technology companies, and academia. Promoting diversity and inclusion in AI development, ensuring transparency and accountability in AI systems, protecting women's privacy rights, and mitigating the socio-economic impacts of AI deployment is essential for harnessing the transformative potential of AI to advance women empowerment in a responsible and ethical manner. Leveraging artificial intelligence (AI) effectively to empower women requires a holistic approach that addresses various socio-economic, technological, and ethical considerations.

Suggestions For Maximizing The Positive Impact Of Ai On Women Empowerment

Here are some suggestions and recommendations for maximizing the positive impact of AI on women empowerment

- Promote Gender Diversity in AI Development: Encourage greater representation of women in AI research, development, and leadership
 roles. Invest in initiatives that support girls' and women's participation in STEM education and careers, including scholarships, mentorship
 programs, and networking opportunities.
- Ensure Ethical and Fair AI: Prioritize the development and deployment of AI systems that are transparent, accountable, and free from bias. Implement mechanisms for auditing and evaluating AI algorithms to detect and mitigate biases that may harm women. Incorporate diverse perspectives and stakeholder input in the design and testing of AI technologies
- Foster Digital Inclusion and Access: Bridge the digital gender divide by providing women with equal access to digital infrastructure, internet connectivity, and technology resources. Develop tailored digital literacy programs and skills training initiatives to empower women with the knowledge and capabilities to leverage AI for their socio-economic advancement.
- Support Women-Led AI Initiatives: Invest in startups, social enterprises, and initiatives led by women entrepreneurs that develop AIdriven solutions to address women's needs and challenges. Provide funding, mentorship, and incubation support to women-led AI ventures to scale their impact and foster innovation in women empowerment.
- Promote AI for Education and Skill Development: Integrate AI technologies into educational curricula and vocational training programs to enhance women's learning outcomes and skill development. Develop AI-powered educational tools, platforms, and resources that cater to the diverse learning needs and preferences of women, including those from marginalized communities.
- Facilitate Access to AI-enabled healthcare: Expand access to AI-driven healthcare services and telemedicine platforms that cater to women's specific health needs, including maternal and reproductive healthcare. Ensure that AI-enabled diagnostic tools and health interventions are affordable, culturally sensitive, and accessible to women in rural and underserved areas.
- Empower Women in AI Governance and Policy: Involve women in decision-making processes related to AI governance, policy
 development, and regulation. Create platforms for women's voices to be heard in discussions on AI ethics, data privacy, and human rights,
 ensuring that policies and regulations are gender-responsive and rights-based.
- Promote Ethical AI Entrepreneurship: Encourage responsible AI entrepreneurship by fostering a culture of ethical innovation, social responsibility, and sustainable business practices. Support initiatives that promote ethical AI entrepreneurship among women, including incubators, accelerators, and competitions focused on social impact and women empowerment.
- Raise Awareness and Advocacy: Increase public awareness and advocacy efforts around the potential of AI to empower women and advance gender equality. Educate policymakers, businesses, and civil society organizations about the importance of integrating a gender lens into AI development and deployment strategies.
- Monitor and Evaluate Impact: Establish mechanisms for monitoring and evaluating the impact of AI interventions on women's
 empowerment outcomes. Collect sex-disaggregated data and conduct gender-sensitive evaluations to assess the effectiveness, equity, and
 inclusivity of AI initiatives in empowering women and closing gender gaps.

By implementing these suggestions and recommendations, policymakers, stakeholders, and technology practitioners can harness the transformative potential of AI to empower women, foster gender equality, and create a more inclusive and equitable society for all.

REFERENCES:

- Buolamwini, J., & Gebru, T. (2018). "Gender Shades: Intersectional Accuracy Disparities in Commercial Gender Classification". Proceedings of the 1st Conference on Fairness, Accountability and Transparency.
- 2. Gurumurthy, A., & Jawahar, C. V. (2020). "Gender Shades in AI: A Review". arXiv preprint arXiv:2005.01782.

- 3. Kalra, A., S., D., & Arora, A. (2020). "A Literature Review on Gender Biases in AI. International Journal of Engineering Research and Technology" (IJERT), 9(4), 221-226.
- Kalyanpur, N., & Garg, V. (2020). "Artificial Intelligence for Women Empowerment in India: Opportunities and Challenges." International Journal of Computer Applications, 174(15), 15-19
- 5. Kuklinski, C., & Brachten, F. (2020). Gender Bias in AI-A Systematic Literature Review. Information Systems Frontiers, 1-31.
- Mittal, S. &Sharma, S. (2019). "Women Empowerment through Artificial Intelligence: A Case Study of Rural India." *International Journal of Innovative Technology and Exploring Engineering*, 9(2), 3096-3101.
- 7. Reddy, V., & Kumar, M. A. (2018). "Artificial Intelligence: A Tool for Women Empowerment in India." *International Journal of Science and Research*, 7(1), 1445-1449
- 8. Varma, A., & Singh, A. (2019). "Role of Artificial Intelligence in Empowering Women in India: A Study." *International Journal of Engineering Development and Research*, 7(3), 162-167.
- **9.** Maity, S. (2019). Identifying opportunities for artificial intelligence in the evolution of training and development practices. *Journal of Management Development*, 38(8), 651-663
- 10. Verma, S., & Rani, S. (2020). Gender Inclusivity in AI: A Comprehensive Review. International Journal of Advanced Computer Science and Applications, 11(6), 225-231.
- 11. Vohra, N., & Nanda, P. (2020). "Exploring the Potential of Artificial Intelligence in Women Empowerment in India." International Journal of Management, Technology and Social Sciences, 5(1), 168-175
- 12. Lechman, E., & Paradowski, P. (2021). Digital technologies and women's empowerment: casting the bridges. *Technology and Women's Empowerment*, Taylor & Francis.
- 13. Bao, Z., & Huang, D. (2022). Can artificial intelligence improve gender equality? Evidence from a natural experiment. *Evidence from a Natural Experiment (August 27, 2022).*
- Buslón, N., Cortés, A., Catuara-Solarz, S., Cirillo, D., & Rementeria, M. J. (2023). Raising awareness of sex andgender bias in artificial intelligence and health. *Frontiers in global women's health*, 4, 970312. https://doi.org/10.3389/fgwh.2023.970312
- Lima, R. M. D., Pisker, B., & Corrêa, V. S. (2023). Gender bias in artificial intelligence. Journal of Telecommunications and the Digital Economy, 11(2), 8-30.
- Ravi, B., Sudarsanam, S. K., & Anitha, R.(2019) Artificial Intelligence–Will it Hasten or Hamper Women Career Progression. *International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering* (IJRTE) ISSN: 2277-3878, Volume-8, Issue 1C2, 12-16,