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An Assessment of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment and Trust in North India.

Prof. M M Anjum Parwej¹, Dr. Asif Amin Kuchey², Dr. Sajad Ahmad Mir³.

- ¹Assistant professor Chamali Devi Group of Institutions Indore.
- ²Assistant professor NG GDC Baramulla.
- ³Assistant professor NG GDC Baramulla.

ABSTRACT:

The main objective of this study is to contribute towards the vital aspects of Employee empowerment and Organisational performance. It demonstrates the association between Employee empowerment and their possessions on Organisational performance. Employee empowerment is creating a working environment where an employee is allowed to make his own decisions in specific work-related situations. The decisions can be big or small in the size and effect of their decision is up to the employer. The logic behind employee empowerment is to increase the employee's responsibility, to build employee morale and to improve the quality of employee's work life. The study explains that employee empowerment is a type of motivational approach that gives employees a sense of satisfaction with their work and organization. From this study, we analyzed that employees are satisfied with their jobs on various factors such as employee training, personal development programmers, employee meetings, employee participation in various activities, and reflection on their ideas and opinions.

Keywords: Employees, empowerment, Organizational Transparency, Employee Trust, Business performances, Motivation, etc.

1. Introduction:

Empowerment has a comprehensive context and it can be viewed through various dimensions and perspectives. It can be viewed as a set of managerial practices aimed at increasing an employee's autonomy and responsibilities thereby enabling them to discharge their job or tasks more effectively and efficiently. Empowerment can also be viewed as an individual's approach to proactive work orientation, thereby increasing the employee's performance and efficiency. Employee empowerment is a vital Public Resource Management repetition since it leads to the organization's effectiveness, achievement, distinctiveness and most prominently its development. It is centred on the idea that giving workforces expertise, possessions, authority, chance, inspiration as well as holding them answerable and responsible for results of their activities, that will contribute to their capability and satisfaction.

Employee empowerment is generating a working atmosphere where a worker is permitted to make his own verdicts in specific work-related circumstances. The decisions can be big or small, and the size and consequence of the decision is up to the employer. The logic behind employee empowerment is to upsurge the employee's accountability, to build employee morale and to improve the superiority of your employee's work life. Ideally, when an employee feels conferred in an association, he will be more productive, trustworthy and more. Empowerment is the belief that an employee has the capability to make decisions and to take exploit. For both individuals and teams, empowerment drives both employee behaviours and boldness. Empowered employees are more pleased and dedicated at work and are less expected to experience anxiety and to think about exiting the organization.

2. Organizational Transparency:

Today's employees have high expectations for their companies. In the face of a growing talent war, highly skilled performers can be fastidious about the kind of establishment they are working for and it turn out to be more and more clear that workforces want to be part of reliable establishments, genuine and crystal clear.

Transparency in an association can be derived in many stages. It may have a to some extent dissimilar connotation for every corporate, but it principally means not retreating valuable data from your workforces. Whether the info is optimistic, undesirable or nonaligned, organizational transparency means involvement and absorbent workforces while caring for the position and success of your association as considerable as you do. The more your workforces know, the more they appreciate what the association is undertaking.

3. Importance of transparency in an organization

- Builds belief: Transparency is crucial in edifice belief in the organization. The extra the organization shares with workforces, the more they
 are trusted and appreciated.
- Human resources allocation: A recent Atlasin assessment found that 86 percent of public wish to work for translucent establishments. The
 organizations that create transparency in their standards and business principles, the more translucent standing they will create, which will
 brand them more desired employers.
- Motivation: If organizations are thoughtful about by what means to stimulate workforces to perform at an upper level, they may consider being more translucent, as transparency can inspire staff to work elongated and harder.
- Commitment: When workforces are familiar with their establishment, they typically care moreover and works more for their corporation.

4. Relationship between organizational transparency and employee trust

Transparency of work has the subsequent noticeable reimbursements: Transparency is crucial in edifice belief in the organization. The extra the organization shares with workforces, the more they are trusted and appreciated. The collected data on transparency and trust recommends. Two concepts. While this inkling is logical on its face, using an instrument that measures both transparency and trust, analysis of employee opinion supports this notion. In particular, organizations that encourage and let member's participation, share substantial information so their employees can make conversant decisions, provide stable reports that hold them accountable, and open themselves up to scrutiny, are more likely to be trusted

5. Objective of the Study:

- Understand and discover the consequence of the fundamental magnitudes of employee empowerment on administrative obligation.
- > To discovery whether the employees are gratified with the existing working Set up.
- > To recommend the means to develop the Employee Empowerment
- > To analyse the level of organizational transparency and employee trust and to know the statistically significant relationship between organizational transparency and employee trust.

6. Methodology Study site and sample

The total respondents were 251 out of which 47 % are male and 42.6% female respondents. And Third Gender are 26 that is 10.4%. The percentage of male respondents is more because I collect data from industrial locations and particularly from those who are directly or indirectly associated with services sector.

TABLE NO.4. GENDER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF RESPONDENTS.

RESPONDENTS		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
	Male	118	47.0	47.0	47.0	
Valid	Female	107	42.6	42.6	89.6	
v anu	Third Gender	26	10.4	10.4	100.0	
	Total	251	100.0	100.0		

Source: Self-study

6.1. Sample size

The sample for this study was 251 subjects from different areas of the country with different age groups. The study included both the sexes coming from varied family and socio-economic background.

6.2. Research Design

The study proposal is a complete design of action for investigation. It establishes the blue print for assortment, measurement, organization and examination of the information. Historic research snaps the past to study the decorations, their influence on the current, evolutionary process and so on. In this sense,

this study can be labelled as a historical research as it disposes the credentials and explanation of various impacts of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment and mutual Trust.

6.3. Research Question:

Impact of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment is not significant?

7. The survey mechanism and data analysis

This Research study is exploratory as well as descriptive in nature and it aims at discovering role of services in economic development and Organizational Transparency and Employee Empowerment and Trust. and various services related aspects. This study is based on both primary and secondary data, which are collected through casual interviews, and the talk and walk around target population followed by data processing, statistical analysis and report writing. Secondary data has been collected through personal interviews \visits to various sources via offices. Department of finance, ministry of industries, Indian services development cooperation, Published and unpublished thesis, research papers. The sample for the contemporary research is 251 subjects from different areas of the country with different age groups. The sample consists of respondents related to the services industry as well as others who are not directly linked with services sector. The subjects included both the sexes coming from wide-ranging family and socio-economic background. The total respondents were 251 out of which 47 % are male and 42.6% female respondents. And Third Gender are 26 that is 10.4%. The percentage of male respondents is more because I collect data from industrial locations and particularly from those who are directly or indirectly associated with services sector.

Table no.1. Impact of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment.

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
	Yes	118	47.0	47.0	47.0
Valid	No	107	42.6	42.6	89.6
	Can't Say Anything	26	10.4	10.4	100.0
	Total	251	100.0	100.0	

Source: Self-study

There is significant Impact of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment.118 respondents i.e. 47.00 % thinks in positive way that Organizational Transparency encourages Employee Empowerment while 42.60 % are in negative mood and 10.40% didn't reveal anything about Organizational Transparency and Employee Empowerment.

8. Position of Organizational Transparency On Employee Empowerment

Employee empowerment has stood upfront to high priority by the government as well as private organizations and they want to create a substructure, favorable working environment to promote mutual trust to achieve organizational goals. This part of questionnaire has five variable statements subsequent in a range of low-slung to high. Such as one is measured wicked, two for decent, three as very decent, four as outstanding and five for brilliant. The Position of Organizational Transparency On Employee Empowerment is being studied on 5 point Likert scale. Employee Empowerment painstaking a priority by administration and private organizations has a mean worth of 3.0171 and standard deviation of .75029. While evolving trust scored uppermost mean value 3.5898 and standard deviation is 0.73676, trailed by that procedure and strategy are evidently clarified to everybody directly allied to services score mean value 3.3766 and standard deviation as 0.66095, backing given by top management to lower division score 3.1163 and standard deviation is 0.57400. Coordination among diverse subdivisions in their backing expansion score minimum mean value and standard deviation 2.9963 and 0.66820 respectively.

Table No 2. Position of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment

	sition of Organizational Transparency On Employee apowerment and trust.	Mean.	Standard deviation.	Variance.
1	An Employee Empowerment being considered as foremost section of trust by employer?	3.0170	.75020	.562
2	How substantial support is provided to subordinates by the upper administration?	3.1164	.57300	.328
3	Is there a clearly elaborated communication between employee and management?	3.3767	.66095	.437

4	Is there sufficient coordination between various departments in their support for organizational development?	2.9961	.66830	.447
5	Does Organizational Transparency playing role in Employee Empowerment and trust?	3.5897	.73676	.543

SOURCE: SELFSTUDY

9. Results of One-Sample Statistical Test analysis

Table no 3.Descriptive Statistics: Impact of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment is not significant?

SOURCE: SELFSTUDY	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Minimum	Maximum	Percentiles		
						25th	50th (Median)	75th
Employee Empowerment	507	3.4813	.59406	3.00	5.00	3.0000	3.0000	4.0000
Trust	507	3.4043	.75195	2.00	5.00	3.0000	4.0000	4.0000
Organizational Transparency	507	3.3748	.70682	2.00	5.00	3.0000	3.0000	4.0000

- Assessment distribution is Normal.
- Calculated from statistics.

Table no.4.One-Sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

Organizational Transparency Empowerment	on Employee	Employee Empowerment		Organizational Transparency
N		507	507	507
Normal Parameters ^{a,b}	Mean	3.4813	3.4043	3.3748
Normal Parameters	Std. Deviation	.59406	.75195	.70682
	Absolute	.361	.289	.260
Most Extreme Differences	Positive	.361	.202	.254
	Negative	239	289	260
Kolmogorov-Smirnov Z		8.130	6.503	5.844
Asymp. Sign. (02-tailed)		.00	.00	.00

Source: Author

A test is conducted to know that the Impact of Organizational Transparency on an Employee Empowerment is not significant? By one sample kolmogorov smirnov test on a normal parameter.

<u>Hypothesis</u>: Impact of Organizational Transparency on Employee Empowerment is not significant?

The distribution of **Employee Empowerment** is normal with mean 3.48 and standard deviation 0.59.the level of significance is 0.05 and calculated Asymp significance P-VALUE 0.0001 is less than the level of significance i.e. 0.05 And kolmogorov-smirnov Z value is 8.130.

Therefore, the null hypothesis stands rejected and alternative hypothesis is accepted.

Key Findings and Discussions

The research findings provide information for empowering employees and recognizing the needs and challenges working managers and staff are facing. All contestants uttered that employees want an experiment in their work and want managers to have buoyancy in employee to complete the everyday jobs

allocated to them. In addition, all contributors felt that employees should receive the essential training and resources for their jobs on or off the job. All participants uttered the necessity for employees to attain personal goals. These personal goals affect how well an employee attains his work. Employee pledge and performance define administrative success

Conclusion

The study initiate that workforce empowerment is a kind of motivational approach that an elasticities workforce a sense of gratification with their job and association. From this study, I studied that a workforces are pleased with numerous aspects such as worker training, self-development programmers, worker assemblies, participation in different operative activities and their opinions and thoughts. Through this, I conclude that empowering workforces in the organization is at a fitting level. But at the identical period, the study emphasizes that empowering workforces at the appropriate level is not sufficient to attain the anticipated reimbursements and improve productivity. The organization has the responsibility to create a work environment which helps foster the ability and desire of employees to act in empowered ways. The work organization has the responsibility to remove barriers that limit the ability of staff to act in empowered ways. Empowerment of workforces needs a culture of trust in the association and a suitable info and communication system. The aim of these undertakings is to save regulator overheads, that become redundant when employees act self-reliantly and in a self-motivated style.

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