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Studying the Role of HR Analytics in Enhancing Employee Wellbeing.

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ABSTRACT

Employee well-being has become a major factor in organizational success and sustainability, businesses are implementing increasingly complex human capital management techniques. This study explores how data-driven insights can be used to promote healthier, more productive work environments by examining the relationship between HR analytics and employee well-being. Organizations can monitor important metrics like employee engagement, stress levels, absenteeism, and turnover with the help of HR analytics tools like predictive modeling, artificial intelligence, and machine learning. This allows for the early detection of problems and the creation of customized interventions.

Enhancing work-life balance, increasing employee satisfaction, and providing better mental health support have all benefited greatly from HR analytics. However, there are serious ethical issues with the growing reliance on analytics, including as data security, employee privacy, and the possible decline in human empathy in decision-making. This study also examines the difficulties in applying HR analytics, including data biases and the requirement for precise and useful insights.

The future of HR analytics and employee well-being is anticipated to be shaped by the incorporation of new technologies, such as wearable health devices and AI-driven emotional intelligence platforms. The study comes to the conclusion that although HR analytics has a lot of potential to improve well-being, its application needs to be done with ethical concerns and an emphasis on upholding human-centric workplace practices.

KEYWORDS: Work-Life Balance, HR Analytics, Employee Well-Being.

INTRODUCTION

Employee well-being has emerged as a crucial element in determining organizational performance in the fast-paced workplace of today. Businesses are realizing more and more that increased employee well-being is directly related to increased engagement, productivity, and retention. As a result, in order to effectively manage and assist people, Human Resources' (HR) job has changed to include cutting-edge tools and technologies. By offering insights into workforce patterns, spotting problems before they become serious, and facilitating better decision-making, HR analytics—a data-driven approach to HR management—has become a potent instrument for improving employee well-being.

HR analytics is the process of tracking several indicators pertaining to employee performance, engagement, health, and satisfaction through the use of data collecting, analysis, and reporting systems. HR departments can now foresee issues like high employee turnover, absenteeism, and workplace stress thanks to the development of predictive analytics and machine learning. This enables them to put appropriate interventions into place that enhance employee experiences. Businesses can use data to find trends that affect people's well-being, such as mental health issues, burnout, or a lack of work-life balance.

However using HR data for employee well-being also raises ethical questions, especially when it comes to privacy and striking a balance between monitoring and preserving workers' autonomy. While there are many advantages to using analytics to assess and manage well-being, it is crucial that businesses use these tools responsibly to maintain the human aspect at the centre of HR procedures.

The purpose of this study is to examine the potential and difficulties of applying HR analytics to enhance employee well-being. It will look at actual cases of businesses that have effectively used HR analytics to enhance employee well-being and talk about the moral issues and emerging trends that will influence HR management in the future.

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To evaluate how HR analytics influences employee well-being and overall organizational performance
- 2. To identify and analyze the key metrics that are critical in measuring employee well-being, including health, engagement levels, and job satisfaction.

3. To highlight emerging trends and technologies in HR analytics that can further enhance employee well-being in the future.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE:

Coelho, C. A., & Gola, A. (2023). Industry 5.0 and HRM: The convergence of AI and employee well-being. This paper, accessible through Taylor & Francis, focuses on the emerging trends of Industry 5.0, including AI-driven HR practices that prioritize employee welfare and organizational resilience.

Mazarakis, A., & Rodriguez, P. (2023). Human-centered HR analytics for well-being: Addressing employee comfort with data usage. In this recent study, *Human Resource Management Review* examines ethical concerns and comfort levels among employees related to the use of personal data in HR analytics, with a specific focus on enhancing well-being.

Langer, M., & König, J. (2023). Ethical AI in HR: Managing psychosocial risks in the workplace. This article from the Journal of Business Ethics highlights the ethical considerations of using AI in HR analytics and its potential impact on employee well-being, with a focus on minimizing stress and fostering a supportive work environment.

Fenwick, M., & Molnar, P. (2022). The role of human-AI collaboration in the fully-embedded AI phase for HR. Published in *Frontiers in Psychology*, this article discusses the integration of AI in HR processes, emphasizing human-centered AI implementations that support employee well-being and organizational effectiveness. Available on Frontiers.

Edwards, M., & Marler, J. H. (2022). HR analytics-as-practice: A systematic literature review. This review provides insights into HR analytics practices, exploring frameworks and methodologies commonly used for implementing HR analytics to improve employee outcomes, including wellbeing. Available from Emerald Insight.

NEED AND SCOPE:

As companies deal with an increase in workplace stress, burnout, and mental health issues, HR analytics are becoming more and more important for employee well-being. These elements not only affect staff morale but also impede retention and productivity. Organizations must use data to understand the factors that influence employee engagement and satisfaction as the competition for talent heats up. This will allow them to put successful plans into place that improve workers' general well-being.

A number of important areas are included in the scope of HR analytics. It entails tracking staff health indicators in order to spot patterns and put in place focused wellness initiatives. By identifying areas of disengagement and creating a more encouraging work atmosphere, analytics also improve engagement methods. Additionally, HR analytics make it possible to tailor wellness programs to the requirements of specific employees, increasing their efficacy and engagement.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

The study adopts a descriptive research design. The respondents were selected through convenience sampling. Data was collected using a structured questionnaire designed to capture specific information relevant to the research objectives. The questionnaire consisted of both closed-ended and openended questions to gather quantitative and qualitative data. The data was collected through questionnaire. Sample size of 50 members responses used.

HR Analytics Tools and Techniques:

HR analytics uses data to provide insight into a number of workforce factors, including performance, retention, well-being, and employee engagement. HR is now a proactive, strategic department instead of a typically reactive one due to the increasing sophistication of analytics tools. Key HR analytics tools and strategies that are frequently employed to support employee well-being are listed below:

Predictive Analytics:

One approach for predicting future patterns and behaviors is predictive analytics, which makes use of historical data. By examining variables like overtime hours, absenteeism, and performance data, predictive models can foresee possible burnout, attrition risks, and diminishing engagement levels in the context of employee well-being. HR teams can take early action and address the underlying issues by using predictive algorithms, for instance, to identify employees who are likely to depart the company due to deteriorating engagement levels.

• Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI):

HR analytics powered by AI and machine learning allow businesses to swiftly evaluate vast amounts of data and produce useful insights. Patterns in employee behavior, health, and work habits that are not immediately apparent to human managers can be automatically detected by these technologies. AI-powered tools, for example, can evaluate employee sentiment from emails, surveys, and other correspondence, providing real-time insights into the company climate and possible stressors that impact wellbeing.

Employee Engagement Analytics:

Metrics of employee engagement are important markers of general wellbeing. Measures like Net Promoter Scores (NPS), employee satisfaction surveys, pulse surveys, and 360-degree feedback are common examples of engagement analytics. HR teams can find areas where workers feel stressed or disengaged, such unclear job roles, a lack of career growth, or a poor work-life balance, by examining trends in engagement scores. These insights enable firms to focus on particular areas that require development, such implementing programs for mental health assistance or flexible work schedules.

• Absenteeism and Turnover Analysis:

Monitoring absence and turnover rates is an essential method for figuring out how well employees are doing. High absenteeism may indicate underlying problems such as burnout, stress, or discontent at work. HR analytics solutions monitor absence patterns and assist in establishing correlations with other elements such as manager-employee relationships, workload, and team dynamics. In a similar vein, turnover analysis assists HR departments in anticipating and averting excessive turnover by identifying workers who may be at danger of departing because of deteriorating health or discontent.

Benefits of HR Analytics for Employee Well-Being:

- Early Identification of Well-Being Issues: By examining data like absenteeism, performance declines, and survey findings, HR analytics enables employers to identify early indicators of stress, burnout, or disengagement. HR teams may take action before these problems have a detrimental effect on worker productivity or health thanks to this proactive approach.
- Increased Engagement and Satisfaction: Analytics provide light on variables like workload, leadership caliber, and job satisfaction that impact employee engagement. Businesses may improve employee happiness and develop a more engaged staff by tackling these problems with focused actions.

Future Trends in HR Analytics and Employee Well-Being

- AI and Machine Learning Integration: The ability of HR analytics to anticipate issues related to employee well-being will be greatly improved by the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning. Large-scale datasets will be analyzed by these technologies to find patterns and offer useful information for programs aimed at promoting individual well-being.
- Real-Time Data Analytics: The focus of future HR analytics will be on gathering and analyzing data in real-time, which will enable businesses to react quickly to the demands and difficulties of their workforce. This capacity will promote increased employee participation and allow for prompt modifications to wellness initiatives.
- Holistic Well-Being Approaches: Businesses will use more and more holistic approaches that take into account mental, emotional, and physical health. To make sure that every facet of employee health is taken care of, HR analytics will be utilized to assess how well these integrated well-being initiatives are working.

ANALYSIS:

Pie chart



Percentage Analysis :

Source	Respondent	Percentage
Very high	12	24%
High	15	30%
Moderate	18	36%
Low	04	08%
Very low	01	02%

Interpretation:

This table represents employees' perceptions of the role of HR analytics in supporting their well-being. The majority of employees believe that HR analytics moderately supports their well-being.

Pie chart

How frequently does your organization measure these well-being metrics?

Copy chart

50 responses



Source	Respondent	Percentage
Monthly	14	28%
Quarterly	13	26%
Bi-annually	10	20%
Annually	10	20%
Never	03	06%

Interpretation:

This table shows how frequently the organization measures well-being metrics. The majority of employees indicated that their well-being metrics are measured on a monthly basis.

Bar graph

Which of the following methods do you believe is most effective for gathering data on employee well-being? (Select all that apply) 50 responses



Source	Respondent	Percentage
Survey & questionnaires	16	32%
One on one interviews	24	48%
Focus group	24	48%
Performance metrics	17	34%
Health assessments	01	28%

Interpretation:

This table shows one on one interviews and focus group methods are more effective for gathering data on employee wellbeing. The health assessments method is the one which least effecting in gathering data on employee wellbeing.

Bar graph

Which technologies do you think will play a significant role in enhancing employee well-being through HR analytics in the future? (Select all that apply) ⁵⁰ responses





Source	Respondent	Percentage
Artificial intelligence	28	56%
Machine learning	24	48%
Employee self-service platform	22	44%

Copy chart

Wearable health devices	19	38%
Mobile apps for wellbeing	05	10%

Interpretation:

This table shows that artificial intelligence and machine learning are technologies expected to play a significant role in enhancing employee well-being through HR analytics in the future.

Pie chart

How comfortable are you with the use of personal data for HR analytics aimed at Copy chart improving employee well-being?

50 responses



Source	Respondent	Percentage
Very comfortable	13	26%
Comfortable	15	30%
neutral	19	38%
Uncomfortable	03	06%
Very uncomfortable	0	0%

Interpretation:

This table represents employees' comfort level with the use of their personal data in HR analytics aimed at improving employee well-being. Most employees are not very comfortable with their data being used for this purpose.

FINDINGS:

- Increasing Use of HR Analytics for Well-being: HR analytics is increasingly utilized to monitor and support employee well-being by
 tracking metrics such as attendance, productivity, and engagement. Organizations implementing HR analytics are more likely to gain
 actionable insights into factors affecting well-being and job satisfaction.
- Employee Receptiveness and Comfort: Employees generally acknowledge the potential of HR analytics in enhancing well-being but may have concerns regarding data privacy and the use of personal information. Comfort levels vary, with a portion of employees feeling neutral or uncomfortable about their data being used, which may hinder full adoption and engagement.
- Impact on Well-being Initiatives: Companies using HR analytics effectively report improvements in employee well-being initiatives, such as
 personalized wellness programs, proactive mental health support, and enhanced work-life balance measures. Data-driven insights allow
 organizations to identify at-risk employees and implement timely interventions, leading to reduced burnout and turnover.
- Preference for Non-intrusive, Transparent Measures: Employees tend to be more comfortable with non-intrusive data collection methods (e.g., engagement surveys) rather than highly personal or health-related data. Transparency about how data is collected, stored, and used for well-being purposes significantly influences employee acceptance and comfort levels.
- Growing Importance of Advanced Analytics:

Advanced technologies, such as AI and machine learning, are perceived as having the potential to improve the accuracy and personalization of wellbeing programs. However, there is still a need for further development and training to maximize these technologies' effectiveness in HR analytics for well-being.

SUGGESTIONS:

Improve Data Transparency and Privacy Policies: Clearly communicate data privacy policies and usage practices to employees. Educate them on how HR analytics supports their well-being without compromising privacy, which can improve trust and comfort with personal data usage.

Increase the Use of Predictive Analytics: Utilize predictive analytics to proactively identify well-being issues, allowing for early interventions. This approach could help reduce stress, improve morale, and foster a more supportive work environment.

Personalize Well-being Initiatives: Use insights from HR analytics to tailor well-being programs according to employee needs. Offering personalized programs, like flexible work arrangements or mental health support, can directly address the areas where employees need the most support.

Regularly Monitor and Adjust Well-being Metrics: Continuously monitor and update well-being metrics to keep up with changing workforce dynamics. Regular evaluations help ensure that the programs in place remain relevant and effective.

Leverage AI and Machine Learning for Enhanced Insights: Invest in AI and machine learning to gain deeper insights from data, focusing on nonintrusive indicators of well-being, such as work engagement and job satisfaction. These tools can provide HR with more refined, actionable recommendations.

CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, HR analytics plays a pivotal role in enhancing employee well-being by providing data-driven insights that allow organizations to design, implement, and monitor effective well-being initiatives. As organizations increasingly rely on HR analytics, they gain the ability to proactively address factors influencing employee satisfaction, mental health, and overall job engagement. However, ensuring transparency, safeguarding privacy, and promoting employee comfort with data usage are essential to maximizing the effectiveness of these analytics-driven strategies.

By leveraging advanced technologies such as AI and machine learning, HR departments can further personalize well-being programs and make timely interventions, ultimately fostering a healthier and more engaged workforce. For HR analytics to truly support employee well-being, organizations must prioritize ethical data practices and keep employee needs at the forefront of their analytics initiatives. With ongoing evaluation and adaptation, HR analytics has the potential to become a cornerstone of holistic well-being strategies that benefit both employees and organizations alike.

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