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Automatic Switch Off Battery Charger

Rimpa Jha, Sabnam Mustaree, Moumita Rudra Paul, Jayashree Chakraborty, Twisa Sarkar and Sandip Bag*

Dept. of Biomedical Engineering, JIS College of Engineering
*** E-mail: sandipbag76@gmail.com**

ABSTRACT:

The design and implementation of an automatic turn-off battery charger offer a reliable and efficient solution for charging batteries while mitigating the risks of overcharging and prolonging battery lifespan. This project focuses on developing a charger that automatically detects the battery's charge level and terminates the charging process when it reaches full capacity. The methodology involves analyzing the project requirements, designing the charging circuit, implementing a charging algorithm, incorporating safety mechanisms, integrating a monitoring circuit, developing charging control logic, and providing visual feedback through indicators or displays. Thorough testing and optimization ensure accurate and safe charging performance. The automatic turn-off battery charger not only enhances charging efficiency and user convenience but also contributes to energy resource preservation and improved battery performance.

Introduction:

Electricity is a man-made energy resource, and it is crucial for humanity to preserve and utilize it efficiently. Overcharging not only decreases battery lifespan but also poses a serious threat to human safety [1-3]. Now-a-days, most of the therapeutic medical devices are portable and battery operated. So restoration of charges and minimization of battery damage is very essential for long term operation of such devices. Therefore, an automatic switch off battery charger that will operates automatically, detecting the battery's charge level as well as shutting off when it reaches to its full capacity is very much essential to protect our medical devices [4].

The aim of this project is to develop an automated battery charger technology that minimizes power loss and reduces the risks associated with overcharging batteries by preventing deep charging, the charger safeguards the battery's longevity and performance. In addition, this battery charging process will optimize the energy resource utilization and address the issue of power wastage [5-7].

Design of Automated Battery Charger

The main focuses of this project is to develop an auto-controlled battery charger that operates medical devices without human intervention, ensuring efficient and safe charging. The circuit of the charger is designed to automatically initiate the charging process if the battery voltage falls below a specified value [8]. The charger comprises various electrical and electronic components, grouped into various basic units such as power supply units, smoothing circuits, regulating unit, and regulated DC charging units. To design such charging system, the following items are required such as:

a) PCB
b) Jumper wire
c) 10KΩ, 1KΩ and 500Ω resistor
d) Capacitor
e) Transistor
f) LED
g) 1.2Volt Battery
h) Fan blade
i) 5Volt DC motor
j) 1K Potentiometer

The block diagram of such design is shown in Fig-1.

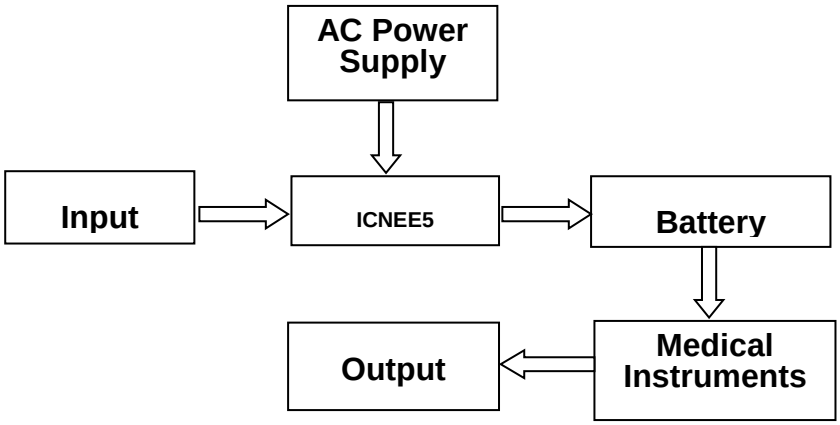

Figure 1: Block Diagram of the System

The design and implementation of an automatic turn-off battery charger involves the following steps [9,10]:

i) **Requirement Analysis:** Identify the key requirements and objectives of the project, such as automatic charging, overcharge protection, battery longevity, and user convenience.

ii) **Circuit Design:** Design the charging circuit, taking into account the specific battery chemistry and voltage requirements. This involves selecting appropriate components like microcontrollers, voltage sensors, current sensors, and control circuitry.

iii) **Charging Algorithm:** Develop an algorithm that controls the charging process based on voltage and current measurements. Determine the appropriate charging stages (e.g., bulk charge, absorption charge, float charge) for the specific battery chemistry.

iv) **Safety Mechanisms:** Integrate safety features into the charger, such as overcharge protection, short-circuit protection, and reverse polarity protection. These mechanisms ensure the safe operation of the charger and prevent potential hazards.

v) **Monitoring Circuit:** Design a circuit to continuously monitor the battery's charge level by measuring the charge current and voltage. This allows the charger to detect the drop in charge current when the battery approaches full charge.

vi) **Charging Control:** Develop control logic that interprets the charge current and voltage measurements and determines when to stop charging. This logic ensures that the charger shuts off the charging process when the battery is fully charged, preventing overcharging.

vii) **Display and Indicators:** Implement LED indicators or a display to provide visual feedback on the battery's charge level and charging status. This enhances user convenience and allows for easy monitoring of the charging process.

viii) **Testing and Validation:** Thoroughly test the charger's functionality, accuracy, and safety features using various battery types and charge/discharge scenarios. Validate that the charger reliably stops charging when the battery reaches full charge and does not overcharge or damage the battery.

ix) **Optimization and Refinement:** Fine-tune the charging algorithm and control logic based on testing results and user feedback. Optimize the efficiency, reliability, and performance of the charger.

x) **Documentation and Deployment:** Prepare comprehensive documentation, including circuit diagrams, specifications, and user instructions. Deploy the automatic turn-off battery charger for practical use, ensuring proper installation and adherence to safety guidelines.

Results

The objective of this project is to design and construct an electronic device that will supply electrical energy(charges) to a battery. The designed device consists of a circuit which performs charging and displaying battery charge level by LED during or resting state of charging. An Auto turn off battery charger proceeds to charge battery automatically by that time it will be Red light and when the battery is charged it turned into blue light and automatically cut off. The components of the prototype have been illustrated in Figure 2.

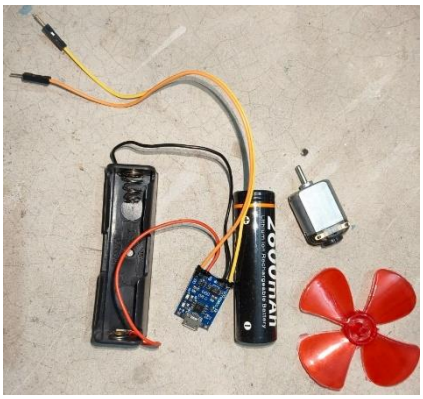

Figure 2: Components required to develop the prototype

Rechargeable batteries store electricity from the grid for later use and can be conveniently recharged when their energy has been drained. The working condition of the prototype is shown in Figure 3.

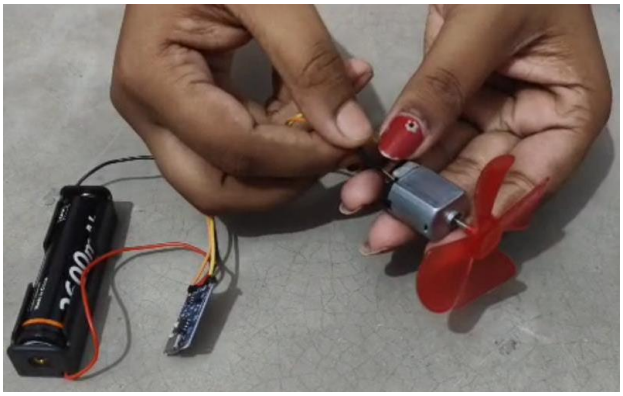

Figure 3: Working Model of the System developed

The developed system is cost effective, robust and very useful for medical application and laboratory experimental purposes.

Discussion

During the charging process, as the battery voltage approaches the programmed constant (float) voltage, the charge current exhibits an exponential drop. The charger is designed in such a way that it monitors this drop in charge current, and once it reaches a sufficiently low value, the charging process is automatically initiated. The charger utilizes a feedback mechanism to continuously monitor the charge current and battery voltage to determine the charging status accurately. These chargers employ intelligent algorithms and circuitry to detect the drop in charge current and determine the optimal point to cease charging. By effectively monitoring the charge current and battery voltage, the charger avoids overcharging, which can lead to battery damage, reduced lifespan, and potential hazards.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, the design and implementation of an automatic turn-off battery charger offer significant advantages in terms of efficiency, safety, and convenience. By incorporating advanced control circuits and monitoring mechanisms, the charger intelligently detects the battery's charge level and automatically terminates the charging process to prevent overcharging. This not only enhances the battery's lifespan but also mitigates the risks of battery damage and potential hazards. The charger's ability to accurately monitor the charge current and voltage ensures precise charging control, while its automated operation reduces the need for continuous human intervention. Overall, an automatic turn-off battery charger provides an optimal solution for efficient and hassle-free battery charging, contributing to improved energy resource utilization and enhanced battery performance. Overall, the implementation of the Automatic Switch-off Battery Charger introduces a highly efficient, safe, and user-friendly solution that minimizes risks, reduces maintenance requirements, and enhances the longevity of rechargeable batteries.

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