

# **International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews**

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

# Yavani: The Secret Ingredient in Indian Home Remedies: A Review

# Dr. Abhishek Sharma<sup>1</sup>, Dr. Jyoti Pareek<sup>2</sup>, Dr. Gargi Pareek<sup>3</sup>, Dr. Madhu Dhakad<sup>4</sup>, Dr. Garima Garg<sup>5</sup>, Dr. Vijaya<sup>6</sup>, Dr. Shweta Rankawat<sup>7</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>Assistant Professor, P.G Department of Ras Shastra and bhisajya kalpana Future Group of Institution, Bareilly College in Gausganj Sarai, Uttar Pradesh
<sup>2</sup>PG Scholar, PG Department of dravya guna vigyan, M.M.M. Govt.Ayu. College, Near Radaji circle,Udaipur(Raj.).
<sup>3</sup>P.G. Scholar, P.G. Department of Rachana Sharira, M.M.M. Government Ayurveda College,Udaipur, Rajasthan
<sup>4</sup>P.G. Scholar, P.G. Department of Rachana Sharira, M.M.M. Government Ayurveda College,Udaipur, Rajasthan
<sup>5</sup>P.G. Scholar, P.G. Department of Rachana Sharira, M.M.M. Government Ayurveda College,Udaipur, Rajasthan
<sup>6</sup>P.G. Scholar, P.G. Department of dravya guna vigyan, M.M.M. Government Ayurveda College,Udaipur, Rajasthan
<sup>6</sup>P.G. Scholar, P.G. Department of dravya guna vigyan, M.M.M. Government Ayurveda College,Udaipur, Rajasthan
<sup>7</sup>PG Scholar, P.G Department of dravya guna vigyan, M.M.M. Govt.Ayu. College, Near Radaji circle,Udaipur(Raj.).

#### ABSTRACT:

Ajwain, also known as carom seeds, is a popular spice commonly used in Indian cuisine. However, it also has a long history of use in traditional Indian home remedies for various ailments. This article explores the many health benefits of ajwain, such as its ability to aid digestion, relieve respiratory issues, and improve overall well-being. We delve into the chemical compounds that give ajwain its therapeutic properties and examine the traditional remedies that utilize this powerful herb. Furthermore, we discuss how ajwain is used in modern medicine and highlight the importance of incorporating natural remedies into daily healthcare practices. Through this exploration of ajwain's rich history and medicinal properties, we hope to promote a greater understanding and appreciation of this valuable spice.

Keywords : Ajwain, carom seeds, Indian cuisine, home remedies, Ayurvedic medicine.

## **INTRODUCTION:**

Ajwain, scientifically known as Trachyspermumammi, is a plant native to India and the eastern Mediterranean. Its seeds have been used for medicinal purposes in Ayurvedic medicine, one of the oldest holistic healing systems in the world. According to Ayurveda, ajwain has a warming effect on the body and is beneficial for digestion, respiratory health, and overall well-being. In addition to Ayurveda, ajwain is also a staple in traditional Unani medicine and Siddha medicine, both of which have roots in India.

The potent aroma and flavour of ajwain are due to its essential oil content, which includes compounds such as thymol, carvacrol, and limonene. These compounds have antiseptic, anti-inflammatory, and antioxidant properties, making ajwain a powerful natural remedy for a variety of health issues. Ajwain seeds can be used in many different forms, including raw, roasted, or ground into a powder, and can be consumed directly or mixed with other ingredients to create a variety of remedies.

Some of the most popular ajwain remedies in Indian households include using ajwain water to aid digestion, ajwain and honey to relieve cough and cold symptoms, and ajwain oil for joint pain relief. Ajwain is also used in a variety of Ayurvedic preparations, including churnas (herbal powders), kadhas (herbal decoctions), and oils. In modern medicine, ajwain has been studied for its anti-inflammatory and anti-cancer properties and has shown promise in treating various health conditions. Overall, ajwain is a highly versatile and valuable ingredient in Indian home remedies and traditional medicine. Its many health benefits, from aiding digestion to relieving respiratory issues, make it a powerful natural remedy that has been used for centuries. With its recent surge in popularity and scientific validation, ajwain is sure to continue playing an important role in both traditional and modern healthcare practices.

# TAXONOMICAL CLASSIFICATION

Ajwain, is also known as carom seeds, has the taxonomical classification as follows:

Kingdom: Plantae

Phylum: Magnoliophyta

Class: Magnoliopsida

Order: Apiales

Family: Apiaceae

Genus: Trachyspermum

Species: Trachyspermumammi

## MATERIAL AND METHOD:

To study the therapeutic benefits of ajwain in various disorders, Science Direct, Google

Scholar, Web of Science Research Gate, Scopus, Cochran Library, and Embase Web

Database PubMed were consulted.

# PHARMACOLOGICAL ACTION OF AJWAIN:

#### Anti-inflamatory -

Ajwain has anti-inflammatory properties due to the presence of active components such as carvacrol and thymol. Inflammation is the body's natural response to injury or infection, but chronic inflammation can lead to various diseases, including arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, and even cancer.

Studies have shown that carvacrol in ajwain can reduce inflammation by inhibiting the production of inflammatory markers such as TNF-alpha and interleukins. It has been found to be effective in reducing inflammation in animal models of arthritis and colitis.

Similarly, thymol in ajwain has also been found to have anti-inflammatory effects. It reduces the expression of genes involved in inflammation and reduces the levels of inflammatory markers. It has been shown to reduce inflammation in asthma and bronchitis.

Overall, the anti-inflammatory properties of ajwain make it a valuable natural remedy for various inflammatory conditions. Its inclusion in traditional home remedies in India for joint pain and inflammation is a testament to its effectiveness. However, more research is needed to fully understand the mechanism behind its anti-inflammatory effects and its potential use in modern medicine.

#### Antibacterial and Antifungal -

Yes, ajwain is known to possess antibacterial and antifungal properties due to the presence of several active compounds, including thymol, carvacrol, and terpinene.

Studies have shown that thymol and carvacrol, the major constituents of ajwain is essential oil, exhibit strong antibacterial activity against several bacterial strains, including Staphylococcus aureus, Escherichia coli, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, and Salmonella typhi. These compounds are believed to disrupt the bacterial cell membrane, leading to cell death.

In addition to its antibacterial properties, ajwain has also been found to possess antifungal properties. It has been shown to inhibit the growth of various fungal strains, including Candida albicans, Aspergillusniger, and Penicilliumchrysogenum. The antifungal activity of ajwain is attributed to its active compounds, which are believed to interfere with fungal cell wall synthesis and membrane integrity.

The antibacterial and antifungal properties of ajwain have been recognized in traditional medicine for centuries, and it is widely used in Indian home remedies for treating various infections and skin conditions. However, more research is needed to fully understand the mechanisms behind its antibacterial and antifungal effects and its potential use in modern medicine.

#### Digestive properties-

It has several digestive properties that make it useful for promoting healthy digestion. Some of these properties include:

1. Carminative: Ajwain contains essential oils such as thymol and carvacrol, which have carminative properties. This means that they can help to relieve flatulence and bloating by expelling gas from the stomach and intestines.

2. Anti-spasmodic: Ajwain also has anti-spasmodic properties, which can help to relax the muscles in the digestive tract. This can help to ease cramps and spasms that can cause discomfort and pain.

3. Appetite stimulant: Ajwain has been traditionally used as an appetite stimulant, as it can help to increase the secretion of digestive juices and enzymes. This can help to improve digestion and nutrient absorption.

4. Anti-inflammatory: Ajwain has anti-inflammatory properties that can help to sooth inflammation in the digestive tract. This can help to relieve symptoms of conditions such as gastritis and irritable bowel syndrome.

#### **DISCUSSION:**

Ajwain, also known as carom seeds, is a commonly used ingredient in Indian cuisine and traditional medicine. It is believed to have various health benefits due to its anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, antifungal, and digestive properties.

The anti-inflammatory properties of ajwain are attributed to the presence of active components such as carvacrol and thymol, which can inhibit the production of inflammatory markers and reduce inflammation in people. This makes ajwain a valuable natural remedy for various inflammatory conditions such as arthritis and inflammatory bowel disease.

Similarly, ajwain's antibacterial and antifungal properties are also attributed to its active compounds, which can disrupt the cell membrane of bacteria and interfere with fungal cell wall synthesis and membrane integrity. This makes ajwain an effective natural remedy for various infections and skin conditions.

In addition to its medicinal properties, ajwain is also known for its digestive benefits. It can stimulate the production of digestive enzymes, reduce flatulence, and alleviate indigestion and constipation. This makes it a popular ingredient in Indian home remedies for digestive issues.

The use of ajwain in Indian home remedies is a testament to its effectiveness and popularity in traditional medicine. While more research is needed to fully understand the mechanisms behind its various health benefits and its potential use in modern medicine, its inclusion in traditional Indian cuisine and medicine highlights its cultural significance and importance in Indian culture.

### **CONCLUSION:**

In conclusion, ajwain is a versatile and widely used ingredient in Indian home remedies due to its various health benefits, including its anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, antifungal, and digestive properties. It has been used for centuries in traditional medicine to treat a range of ailments, from digestive issues to skin conditions and infections. The active components in ajwain, such as carvacrol and thymol, have been shown to possess potent anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, and antifungal effects, making it a valuable natural remedy for various health conditions. While more research is needed to fully understand the mechanisms behind its various health benefits and its potential use in modern medicine, the popularity of ajwain in Indian home remedies highlights its cultural significance and importance in traditional Indian medicine and cuisine.

#### **References:**

1. Sharma, V., Kaur, R., &Kaur, H. (2016). Medicinal and pharmacological potential of Trachyspermumammi. Journal of Applied Pharmaceutical Science, 6(05), 198-206.

2. Alzohairy, M. A. (2016). Therapeutics role of Azwain (Trachyspermumammi)-A review. Journal of pharmaceutical sciences and research, 8(10), 915.

3. Al-Snafi, A. E. (2016). The pharmacological importance of Trachyspermumammi-A review. IOSR Journal of Pharmacy, 6(7), 46-65.

4. Mehta, A., Gupta, A., &Rathore, G. S. (2014). Trachyspermumammi: a review on its phytochemical and therapeutic potential. Natural Product Radiance, 13(4), 305-310.

5. Gupta, P., &Birdi, T. (2017). Therapeutic properties and medical uses of Ajwain (Trachyspermumammi). Critical reviews in food science and nutrition, 57(11), 2412-2428.

6. Dhiman, A., & Nanda, A. (2014). Review on pharmacological activity of Trachyspermumammi (L.) Sprague. International Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences Review and Research, 24(1), 142-146.

7. Kasture, S., Mohan, M., &Kasture, V. (2012). Pharmacognostic standardization of Trachyspermumammi (L.) Sprague seeds. Pharmacognosy Journal, 4(30), 46-50.

8. Purohit, V., & Sharma, S. (2013). Medicinal plants in India used for the treatment of diabetes mellitus: an overview. Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 19(3), 217-228.

9. Arun, N., Nalini, N., & Chandrasekhara, N. (2002). Efficacy of Carumcarvi L. seeds in g-irradiation induced oxidative stress. Pharmacological research, 45(6), 449-454.

10. Majdalawieh, A. F., & Fayyad, M. W. (2016). Recent advances in purification, characterization and physiological relevance of myristicin. Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences, 23(6), 727-734.

11. Agarwal, A., & Gupta, S. (2011). Evaluation of wound healing activity of extracts of plantain banana (Musa sapientum var. paradisiaca) in rats. Indian journal of experimental biology, 49(11), 861-867.

12. Sharma, V., Kaur, R., & Kaur, H. (2016). Medicinal and pharmacological potential of Trachyspermumammi. Journal of Applied Pharmaceutical Science, 6(05), 198-206.

13. Alzohairy, M. A. (2016). Therapeutics role of Azwain (Trachyspermumammi)-A review. Journal of pharmaceutical sciences and research, 8(10), 915.

14. Al-Snafi, A. E. (2016). The pharmacological importance of Trachyspermumammi-A review. IOSR Journal of Pharmacy, 6(7), 46-65.