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## Daksh Method to Find Length and Area of the Rectangle

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## ABSTRACT:

In Daksh method we can find the length of rectangle by using the diagonal and height of the rectangle . this is the new method of finding length of rectangle . it will mainly used in our real life and study purposes . it is effective method to find the length and also easiest method too . let we see the detail about rectangle and diagonal of rectangle and how to apply it

Key words : concept of rectangle , conclusion , result.

## Introduction :

The name of author is the Dhakshna moorthy. D mechanical department in saveetha institute of medical and technical science chennai 602105 . lets start about " Daksh" method . commonly we find the length of rectangle by using height and area of rectangle given . but in this Dhaksh method we don't need to area by using diagonal we can find the length and after area .

Concept of rectangle :

Rectangle is a four side shape . two same side length and two same side height . always rectangle is not same side . it is also basic shape


## $\mathrm{L}=$ length <br> $\mathrm{H}=$ height

Middle line is called diagonal of rectangle
Common method to find the length of rectangle :


For finding the area the common formula is Area=length * height

$$
\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L} * \mathrm{H}
$$

Area $=16 * 8$
Area $=128 \mathrm{~m}^{\wedge} 3$
To find the length of rectangle by using area given :


Given Area $=128 \mathrm{~m}^{\wedge} 3$
To find length : $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{L} * \mathrm{H}$
A=128
$\mathrm{H}=8$
$\mathrm{L}=$ ?
$128=$ L* 8
128/8=L
$\mathrm{L}=16$
How to find diagonal of rectangle :
It is $\mathrm{D}=\sqrt{\mathrm{L}^{\wedge} 2+\mathrm{H}^{\wedge} 2}$
$\mathrm{D}=\quad 256+64$
$\mathrm{D}=18$
Now we found that length of rectangle is 16
*If without area we can find the length of rectangle through Daksh method


Step 1: we need to take root of H .
Step 2: subtract H "height" from D " diagonal" .
Step 3: we get length and by using area formula can find A
Step 1:
Root of $\mathrm{H}: \sqrt{8}$
$\mathrm{H}=2$
Step 2:
L=D-H
$\mathrm{L}=18-2$
$\mathrm{L}=16$
Step 3:
$\mathrm{H}=8$
$\mathrm{L}=16$
$\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{H}^{*} \mathrm{~L}$
$\mathrm{A}=128 \mathrm{~m} \wedge 3$

## Conclusion :

The easy method to find length of rectangle without area of rectangle .

## Result :

Thus we find the area and length of the rectangle by using diagonal value . it is one of the simplest method to find . this method is not exist before .

