



Smart Warehouse Using IOT

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ABSTRACT

In any supply chain, the warehouse is a main component in linking the chain partners and nowadays it acts as a competitive factor. Hence, it has become very necessary to manage warehouses effectively and allocate their resources efficiently. Smart Warehouse Using IOT System have been developed for monitoring, tracking and controlling the warehouse operations, but with the increasing dynamicity of the market, traditional systems have become less efficient and unsuitable for today's market requirements, that is why new technologies have started to emerge to be used for such applications. Internet of Things (IoT) is a promising technology that can be used in the context of Industry. In the warehouse, a large amount of the harvested grain is lost during storage. The inability to precisely monitor and control the internal conditions of a storage house is one of the major factors leading to this loss. Timely, relevant and accurate information regarding the internal status of the thing helps in maintaining the quality of the grains as well as in storage loss reduction. To mitigate the manual labour work and to make the work easier, a smart warehouse is implemented which is enabled with several sensors and technologies.

This paper intends to develop an IoT based smart warehouse system. The network of sensors includes humidity, temperature, fire sensors. It is done with the help of current technology (IoT). So this system uses Arduino which acts as a microcontroller as well as server for sensors like MQ-2 sensor, DHT-11 Temperature Humidity Sensor, Flame Sensor. All these sensors can be easily controlled with the web application. Some sensors such as DHT11, MQ2 and Flame sensors are used for monitoring the environmental parameters in the inventory and takes necessary actions if needed. The module notifies the users with the updated messages regarding the products. It will help us to monitor in real time temperature and flame data and also allows the user to control the changes. To reduce fire accident level in warehouse using flame sensor fix them. Once the abnormal occurs, the IOT gets the alarm signal immediately sends the fire detected information to authorized person, and the system controls the fire Extinguishers automatically. The Relay is used to Light On/off and Fan On/off status in the warehouse. The sensed values from the different sensor are viewed on an web application. Based on the sensor's data the appropriate data is captured and manipulated based on the limit given in the software and send timely information to the concern Manager through Buzzer Notification Alert for moderation and corrective actions arising due to atmospheric conditions inside the warehouse. The system developed has great advantages compared with the traditional model in terms of cloud storage of the warehouse data.

This project will helps us to monitor in real time temperature, Humidity, smoke and a light data and also allows the user to control the changes. Moreover, this proposed system has main advantages which are minimize the human effort for the manual monitoring and loss due to uncontrolled environment.

Key word: Arduino, MQ-2 sensor, DHT-11 Temperature Humidity Sensor, Flame Sensor, Buzzer, Relay, LDR Sensor LED, Fan, IOT, Warehouse.

Introduction

The main objective of the project is to create an online book store that allows users to search and purchase a book based on title, author and subject. The selected books are displayed in a tabular format and the user can order their books online through credit card payment. The Administrator will have additional functionalities when compared to the common user. The motivation to create this project has many sources

- Interest to develop a good user friendly website with many online transactions using a database.
- To increase my knowledge horizon in technologies like .NET, SQL, CSS, HTML.
- To gain good experience in .NET before joining in a full time job.
- To gain expertise using Data Grid, Data Set, Data Table, Data Adapter and Data Readers.

Background

Internet of things (IoT) is extensively used in connecting gadgets and amassing records. Internet of things is used with IoT frameworks to handle and engage with statistics and statistics. Within the device customers can register their sensors, create streams of data and process records. IoT are applicable

in diverse methodologies of agriculture. packages of IoT are smart towns, smart environment, clever water, clever metering, security and emergency, business control, smart agriculture, home automation, e-fitness and so on. 'net of factors' is based on device which is able to analysing the sensed records after which transmitting it to the person. In these approach we are using thing speak cloud page for tracking the Sensors information. the data is amassed from the sensors and displayed graphically on the thing speak cloud web page so that it is straightforward to reveal.

IOT

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cloud web page so that it is straightforward to reveal.

Literature Review

This chapter comprises of the literature review and theoretical background of the project. The literature review deals basically with related project written by other researchers, the difficulties they encountered, limitations and modifications that should be made.

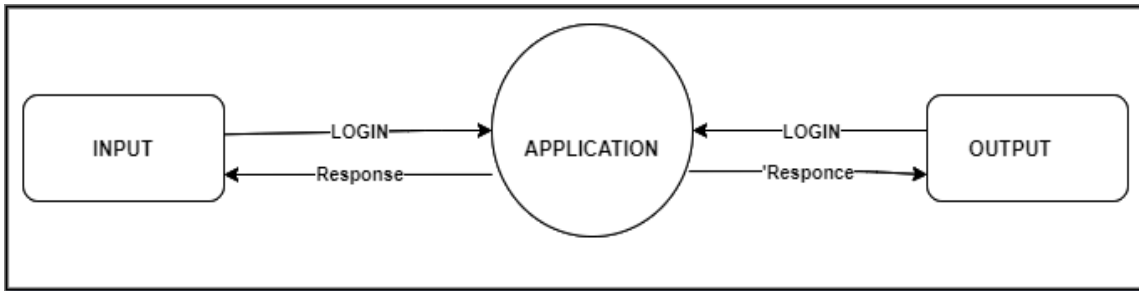
- 1) Nee (2009) studied the impact of adopting WMS on the overall business performance through using wireless barcodes and Management Information Systems (MIS), it was found that adopting WMS helps in reducing costs, making management more efficient, making process more flexible, and making lead-time delivery shorter, thus meeting customer requirements faster, increasing customer satisfaction that improves competitiveness, and also helping in inventory investment reduction.
- 2) Sahuri and Utomo (2016) presented a system based on web service that can help small enterprises to improve their warehouse management and business, the main idea of this system is to send information about the stock to the mobile phone through Short Message Service (SMS), it helps in supporting faster and easier decision-making because it provides accurate data compared to the manual system that depends on recording all items the manually.
- 3) Adiono et al. (2017) proposed an RFID-based goods locator system that consists of RFID tags attached to the items including information about them, and RFID readers to sense the distance to the location of the purchased item. The reader is connected by Bluetooth to a WMS installed in a smartphone. This system helps in updating inventory in a real-time, shortening the time needed to find the purchased items, increasing the efficiency of the WMS and providing faster delivery.
- 4) Oner et al. (2017) designed an RFID-based information system framework for a wool yarn industry for the purpose of tracking work-in-progress, counting and tracking inventories, picking, receiving and shipping of semi-finished products. The authors have also performed a cost-benefit analysis for the proposed system that reduced the required workforce by 20% and decreased the lost work-in-progress rate, thus reducing costs and improving the overall performance of the wool yarn industry. Wei et al. (2015) discussed the functional design of the WMS for a pharmaceutical enterprise by using barcode management application, it helped in managing inventories effectively, decreasing workforce costs, and supporting decision making depending on data warehouses.
- 5) Qin et al. (2017) studied the impact of using RFID on the problem of inaccurate inventory through proposing an assessment model. The inaccurate inventory problem resulted from information distortion through the supply chain is called the bullwhip effect; this problem leads to an increase in holding and shortage costs. The authors founded that utilizing RFID in the downstream results in more benefits and efficiency compared to when utilizing it in the upstream stages.

Discussion and Methodology

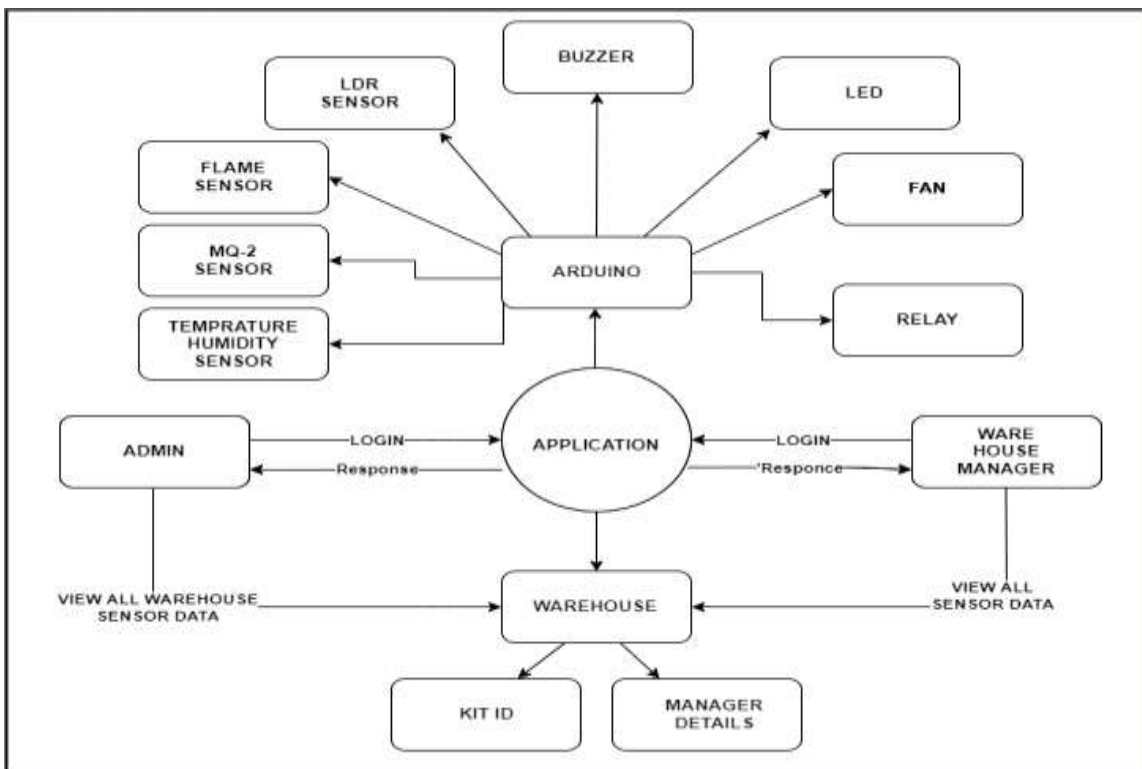
WEEK	ISSUE DISCUSSED / FOLLOWED UP
1st Week	Discussed about paper selection and search for 10 paper.
2nd Week	Prepared the literature survey and staring work on the synopsis.
3rd Week	Submitted synopsis and PPT of the project.

4th Week	Discussed about canvas model and idea Matrix and also explain NP-Hard and NP-Complete.
5th Week	Discussed the functional dependency and graphical representation and als discuss the UML and DFD diagram.
6th Week	Discuss the functional principal f the project and also discuss the test cases.
7th Week	Discus the project planning and progress report and submitted plagiarism report.
8th Week	Submitted soft copy of latex report.

Figure1.Data Flow Diagram



DFD Level 0



DFD Level 1

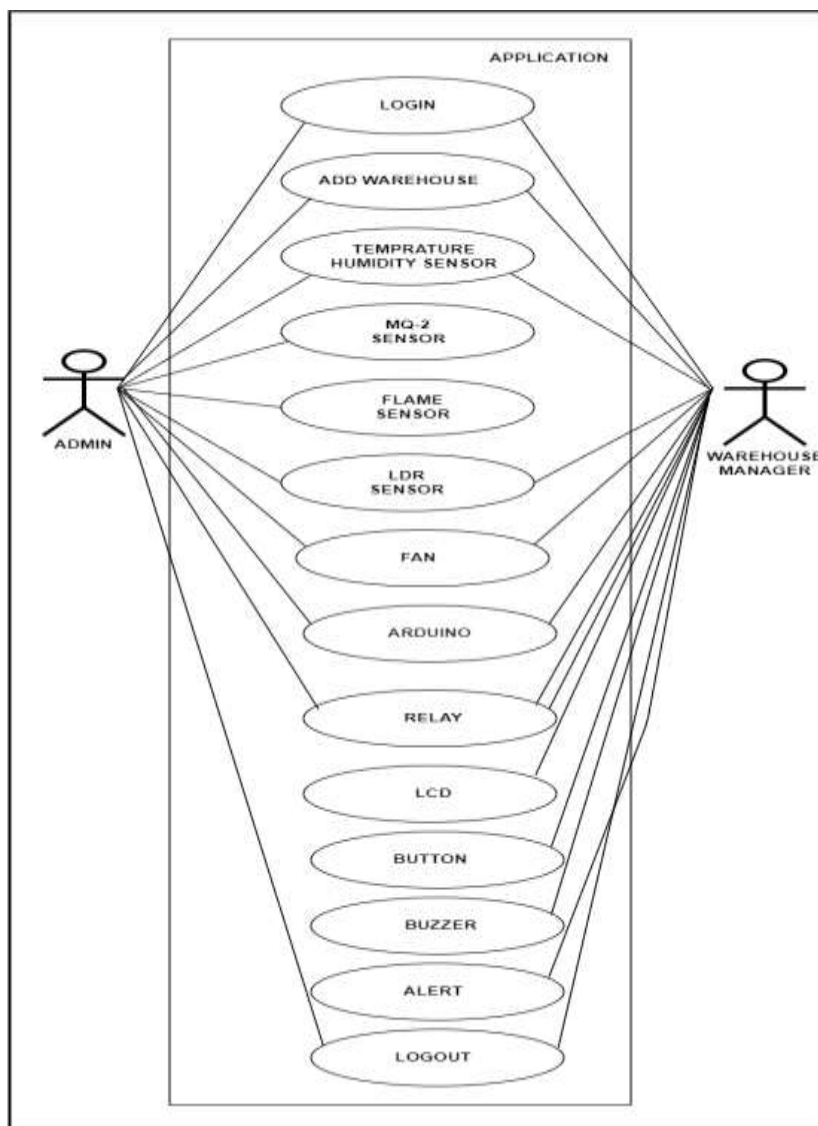


Figure2 . Use Case Diagram

Conclusion

In this project we have developed a kit been connected by sensors and controllers and thereby to send the alerts we have used the external source. It will help us to monitor in real time temperature, fire and a light data and also allows the user to control the changes. This system is helpful to monitor the various parameters of warehouse and also it will inform to the Warehouse manager.

Acknowledgment

With deep sense of gratitude we would like to thank all the people who have lit our path with their kind guidance. We are very grateful to these intellectuals who did their best to help during our project work planning.

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With various industry owners or lab technicians to help, it has been our endeavour to throughout our work to cover the entire project work planning.

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