



Depressed Feelings in Women and Shows their Attitude

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ABSTRACT

From the beginning and still now women are mocking by some men and some aged women. If there was a funny there will not a problem. But Problem arises, when the feelings travel affects her on mind. Then it will cause only she may be adamant or cried inner with in heart, or get angry due to that.

Keywords: nagging, criticism.

1. Introduction

When women shopping very anxious to buy a variety of accessories, and interested to spend a more amount of time. But their surroundings like husband, brother or father commented on her action. However, she is bold she is expecting a love from her husband and their family. But some person never understands her feelings. Depression comes from the tolerate all for her family. Women get married that time she will be treat like an uneducated person even she had educated. surrenders of their family thought she was not known anything. After marriage she entered in her in-law family, there is a new environment, different culture, different people exists. Every woman had fear about that for some days; it will be recover little bit time taken.

2. Proposed Content

Controlling behaviors often indicate a pattern of emotional abuse. If your husband is unwilling to recognize patterns or take the initiative to change, you may need to reevaluate your marriage. Keep in mind that the strong effects of trauma bonding often keep people feeling stuck in unhealthy relationships.

What is disrespect in a marriage?

Some behaviors of disrespect in relationships include nagging, criticism, stonewalling, lying, put downs, pressuring the other, disloyalty, and threats to end the relationship or marriage.²

In family she s living with happiness during take care of their children. How she will behave, their children are counterparts of them. However, problem come to her. She will not stable within the broken heart. She come and recover soon for her family. When their family will not respond to her she feels alone.

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The women's movement began to develop in North America, mainly because women there were allowed to go to school earlier than in Europe - and women who can read and write, and who are encouraged to think for themselves, usually start to question how society works. The first activists travelled around North America and fought for the end of both slavery and women's oppression. They organized the 'First Women's Rights Convention' in 1848, and continued to campaign to improve the social position of all women. The movement also began in Europe with the same broad aims: activists collected signatures demanding that working women should receive their own wages and not their husbands', that women should be able to own a house and have custody of their children.

It is true that in some areas and on certain issues, there have been improvements: for example, in Saudi Arabia women were allowed, for the first time, to vote and run for office in 2015(!). However, on other issues there has been little or no progress: for example, there have been insignificant reductions in cases of violence against women. Women continue to receive lower pay for the same work as men in all parts of the world; there are still countries that do not have laws against marital rape and still allow child brides, and practices such as 'honour' killings and female genital mutilation still exist.

3. Comparing Women

Building global sustainability for today and for tomorrow all begins with the rights of women and girls

In the current research, we test what we have referred to as the ‘emotional sensitivity hypothesis’, focusing on gender differences in the perception of a profile of emotion intensities. Always comparing men and women in educational also discouraged the Women even though she got high degree of education. Previous research on gender differences in emotion recognition has mostly used a categorization task, in which participants have to choose the correct emotion on the face. These measures thus involve an all or none rating and have shown small to moderate effects, supporting the general idea that the ability to categorize emotions on others’ faces is a prerequisite for smooth social interactions for both men and women. However, the fact that women more often have social-emotional roles or tasks, both with regard to child care, and romantic relations, as well as in organizations, could imply that they are more focused on and motivated to detect subtle cues of emotions. Therefore, the difference between men and women could be more pronounced when studying the perception of subtler emotional signals.

It is widely believed that females outperformed males in emotional information processing. The present study tested whether the female superiority in emotional information processing exists in a naturalistic social-emotional context, if so, what the temporal dynamics underlies. The behavioral and electrophysiological responses were recorded while participants were performing an interpersonal gambling game with opponents’ facial emotions given as feedback.

4. Conclusion

The results yielded that emotional cues modulated the influence of monetary feedback on outcome valuation. Critically, this modulation was more conspicuous in females: opponents’ angry expressions increased females’ risky tendency and decreased the amplitude of reward positivity. These findings indicate that females are more sensitive to emotional expressions in real interpersonal interactions, which is manifested in both early motivational salience detection and late conscious cognitive appraisal stages of feedback processing.

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