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# **Enhancing Patient Care: The Role of Teamwork**

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#### ABSTRACT:

This article explored the profound role of teamwork in enhancing patient care. However, the article emphasized the crucial role of effective collaboration, communication, and synergy among healthcare professionals in optimizing patient care, improving outcomes, and fostering a positive work environment. Indeed, by examining the benefits of teamwork in various aspects of a hospital, this article underscores the need for healthcare institutions to prioritize team-based approaches and outlines strategies to enhance teamwork within hospital settings. The researcher used primary and secondary methods to obtain data for the study. However, for the primary data gathering, the investigator used interviews, questionnaires, focus groups or experts' opinions, and field observation to gather data. For the secondary data collection, the researcher obtained data from books, the internet, journals, publications, periodicals, and annual reports from organizations or institutions. Indeed, the data collected for this article was analyzed quantitatively and qualitatively. The hypothesis was tested. However, the findings rejected the hypothesis that stated that "Teamwork is not significant in a healthcare environment" and "Hospital Teamwork has no influence in enhancing patient's health". The data however confirmed and accepted the hypothesis that stated that "Teamwork is significant in a hospital setting" and "Hospital Teamwork has a significant influence in enhancing patient's health". The research's result or outcome was discussed, recommendations were made, and conclusions were drawn.

Keywords: Hospital Teamwork

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

In the dynamic and rapidly evolving field of healthcare, the role of effective teamwork cannot be overstated. Hospitals, as vital institutions at the forefront of medical care, require cohesive collaboration among healthcare professionals to achieve optimal patient outcomes and ensure the provision of high-quality services. The role of teamwork in the healthcare sector cannot be overlooked; it serves as a catalyst for success, driving innovation, improving efficiency, and fostering a culture of patient-centered care.

Healthcare delivery is a multifaceted process that requires the expertise and coordination of various professionals including administrators, doctors, nurses, technicians, and support staff. These professionals must work together effortlessly and merge their exceptional skills and knowledge to offer comprehensive timely to patients. By leveraging the united intellect and varied perspectives within a team, hospitals can tap into a wealth of knowhow, leading to more precise diagnoses, better treatment plans, and improved patient safety. Truly, teamwork in the hospital setting enhances clinical outcomes and drives innovation. In an environment where new medical advancements and technologies emerge regularly, teamwork becomes an influential tool for continuing at the cutting edge of medical knowledge. Interdisciplinary teams can exchange ideas and share best practices. It also explores novel methods of patient care. Through this combined interaction, hospitals can develop and implement innovative treatments. In addition, teamwork can help raise the standard of protocols and dealings which eventually improves patient outcomes. Efficiency is another critical aspect that teamwork brings to the hospital. Hospitals can streamline workflows and reduce redundancies by fostering effective communication and collaboration. Team members can delegate tasks and share responsibilities. The team can also coordinate care which can result in smoother operations and shorter patient waiting times. Moreover, teamwork allows for identifying and resolving potential bottlenecks and challenges, ensuring that the hospital functions as a well-oiled machine.

Perhaps most importantly, teamwork is foundational to creating a patient-centered culture within a hospital. By working collaboratively, healthcare professionals can address the diverse needs and preferences of patients, providing holistic care that goes beyond the mere treatment of physical ailments. Through effective teamwork, hospitals can prioritize patient satisfaction, empathy, and compassion, fostering an environment where patients feel heard, supported, and respected throughout their healthcare journey. The main objectives of this article include; examining the importance of teamwork in healthcare settings, evaluating how teamwork enhances patient health in a hospital, and identifying strategies to enhance teamwork in a hospital setting. However, some research questions will guide the researcher and include; How important is teamwork in a healthcare environment? How does a teamwork enhance patient's health in a hospital? and which strategies enhance hospital teamwork? The following hypotheses will be tested which comprise H (0): Teamwork is not significant in a healthcare environment, and H (1): Teamwork is significant in a hospital setting. H (0): Hospital Teamwork has no influence in enhancing patient's health and H (1): Hospital Teamwork has significant influence in enhancing patient's health.

However, today's healthcare delivery is purely business, and retaining existing patients and attracting new clients require the collaborative efforts of multidisciplinary teams. It is therefore significant to conduct this research in order to help healthcare institutions and health professionals understand the impact teamwork has on client sustainability, quality healthcare delivery, and the ability to stay in the healthcare business.

In conclusion, the role of teamwork in the development of a hospital cannot be underestimated. It catalyzes success by driving innovation, improving efficiency, and cultivating a patient-centered culture. By recognizing the importance of effective collaboration and investing in initiatives that promote teamwork, hospitals can optimize their performance, enhance patient outcomes, and remain at the forefront of healthcare excellence. In the following chapters, we will explore the key components of successful teamwork in a hospital setting, the challenges that may arise, and strategies for fostering and sustaining effective collaboration.

#### METHODOLOGY

#### 2.0 RESEARCH MATERIAL:

This chapter deals with the needed materials or sources through which the researcher obtains information for this research paper. The chapter also looks at the study population, sample size, and sampling technique. The chapter again considers the tools used to gather data from the field.

#### 2.1 DATA SOURCE

The sources where the researcher obtained data were primary and secondary data sources.

#### 2.1.0 Primary Research Sources:

Primary research material refers to data and information collected firsthand for the purpose of a research study. In the context of studying the role of teamwork in the development of a hospital, the primary research data were obtained from administrators, nurses, pharmacy staff, laboratory staff, and other support staff. The techniques or tools the author used to gather primary data include interviews, observation, and a questionnaire.

#### 2.1.1 Secondary Research Material

Secondary research material refers to existing data and information that has been previously collected by others for purposes other than the current research study. In the context of studying the role of teamwork in the development of a hospital, the secondary data were obtained from case studies, academic Journals, Research Papers, textbooks, official Reports, and Statistics.

#### 2.2 DATA COLLECTION METHODS

Taking into consideration the role of teamwork in enhancing patient health, a mixture of qualitative and quantitative study methods was used:

#### 2.2.0 Qualitative Research Methods

The investigator gathers data from the respondents through observations, focus groups, experts, and interviews.

**Observations:** Under this, the researcher Observed and documented teamwork dynamics in two hospitals to understand how teams collaborate, communicate, and work together toward achieving common goals. The writer however used direct observation of team meetings, interactions between healthcare professionals, and the overall atmosphere of teamwork within the hospitals.

Focus Groups or Experts Opinions: The researcher engaged heads of departments, In Charge, and the hospitals' Management Committees in a group discussion. The group discussions focused on the research questions: How important is teamwork in a healthcare environment? And how does a teamwork enhance patient's health in a hospital? The discussion was recorded and documented. The opinions of experts in the healthcare setting such as a Hospital Administrator, a Medical Superintendent, a Nurse Manager, and a Human Resource Manager who have worked for more than 10 years in the hospitals were engaged and their opinions were documented.

**Interviews**: The researcher Conducted structured or semi-structured interviews with key stakeholders in the hospitals, such as hospital management, department heads, and team leaders to obtain their insights and experiences related to teamwork and its role in enhancing patient health. These interviews provided more in-depth information and allowed for clarification of specific aspects of teamwork.

#### 2.2.1 Quantitative Research Method

The investigator gathers data from the respondents through a survey or questionnaire.

Surveys: Conduct surveys among hospital staff, including doctors, nurses, administrators, and support staff, to gather their perspectives on the importance of teamwork and its impact on patient healthcare. The survey questions explored areas such as communication, collaboration, problem-solving, and overall satisfaction with teamwork.

#### 2.3 SAMPLING METHOD

Purposive sampling was employed to select key stakeholders involved in teamwork in the hospital setting, including hospital administrators, healthcare professionals, and other relevant staff members. A diverse range of participants was selected to capture various perspectives and experiences related to teamwork and its impact on patient health enhancement.

#### 2.4 SAMPLE SIZE

Generally, 50 health workforce was used for this article which included: 2 hospital administrators, 3 health service administrators, 5 pharmacy staff, 5 physicians, 5 laboratory staff, 10 nurse managers, 10 nurse in charge, and 10 other hospital support staff were chosen for this research.

#### 2.5 DATA ANALYSIS

Transcripts of the interviews and observation notes were thematically analyzed to identify key themes and patterns related to teamwork and its impact on patient enhancement.

The analysis involved a coding process to categorize data, followed by the development of sub-themes and overarching themes. Interpretive techniques, such as constant comparison and member checking were employed to ensure data accuracy and rigor. The identified themes were critically examined and linked to existing literature and theories on teamwork and organizational development. The data obtained were put in frequency distribution tables and were illustrated using pie charts.

#### **RESULTS**

#### 3.0 FINDINGS

Table 1: The table shows the demographic characteristics of the respondents

AGE	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
18-23	5	10
24-29	25	50
30-34	8	16
35-40	5	10
41-46	4	8
47-52	3	6
TOTAL	50	100

The data showed that 5 (10%) of the participants were between 18-23 age range. 25 (50%) of the respondents were in the age range between 24-29 while the respondents between the ages 30-34 were 8 constituted 16%. The participants between the ages 35-40 were 5 forming 10% of the entire respondents. The respondents who constituted the age range 41-46 were 4 represented 8% of the total participants while 3 (6%) of the respondents were In the age range of 47-52.

Table 2: The table shows the working experience of the respondents

WORKING EXPERIENCE	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
1-3	10	20
4.6	20	40
7-9	15	30
10-12	5	10
TOTAL	50	100

The data showed that 10 respondents representing 20% had 1 to 3 working experiences while 20 participants constituting 40% had 4 to 6 working experiences. 15 respondents representing 30% worked for 7 to 9 years while 5 participants representing 10% had 10 to 12 working experiences.

Table 3: Teamwork Contributes to Comprehensive Care

INDICATOR	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Strongly Agree	38	76
Agree	12	24
Neutral	0	0
Strongly Disagree	0	0
Disagree	0	0
TOTAL	50	100

The majority of the respondents, 38 of them (76%), selected "Strongly Agree" as their response to the statements or questions. 12 of them (24%), selected "Agree." None of the respondents chose the options "Neutral," "Strongly Disagree," or "Disagree" for any of the statements.

FIGURE 1

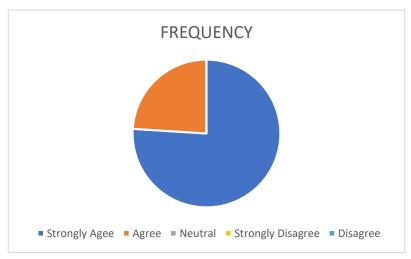


Table 4: Teamwork promotes Coordination and Continuity of care

INDICATOR	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Strongly Agree	31	62
Agree	10	20
Neutral	7	14
Strongly Disagree	0	0
Disagree	2	4
TOTAL	50	100

The majority of respondents, 82% (31% strongly agree and 20% agree) that teamwork promotes coordination and continuity of care. A small percentage, 8% (4% disagree and 4% strongly disagree) expressed negative attitudes toward the question of whether teamwork promotes coordination and continuity.

FIGURE 2

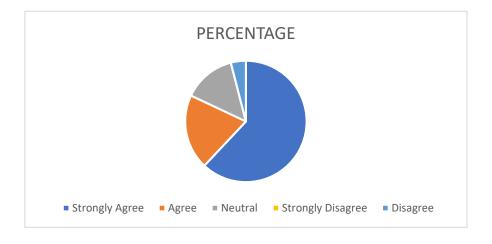
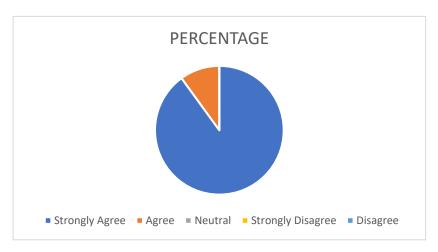


Table 5: Teamwork provides Timely Interventions for patients

INDICATOR	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Strongly Agree	45	90
Agree	5	10
Neutral	0	0
Strongly Disagree	0	0
Disagree	0	0
TOTAL	50	100

FIGURE 3



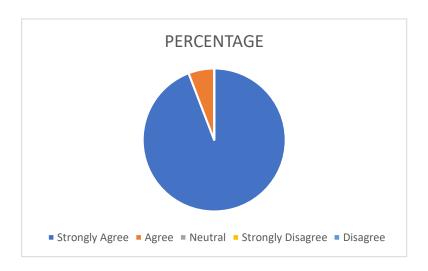
The majority of the respondents 45 representing 90% strongly agreed that teamwork provides timely interventions for patients. 5 out of 50 participants representing 10% agreed to the question. There were no respondents who chose the neutral option, suggesting that none of the participants had a neutral stance on the statement. No respondents chose either of these options, which means that no one strongly disagrees or disagrees with the statement

**Table 7: Teamwork Prevents Medical Errors** 

INDICATOR	FREQUENCY	PERCENTAGE
Strongly Agree	47	94
Agree	3	6
Neutral	0	0
Strongly Disagree	0	0
Disagree	0	0
TOTAL	50	100

Out of 50 respondents, 47 (94%) believed that teamwork prevents medical errors. 3 (6%) of the participants agreed that teamwork prevents medical errors and none of the respondents strongly disagreed or disagreed with the statement.

FIGURE 4



#### **DISCUSSIONS**

#### 4.0 HOW TEAMWORK ENHANCES PATIENTS' HEALTH IN A HOSPITAL

#### 4.1.1 Teamwork Contributes to Comprehensive Care

The data suggests that the respondents overwhelmingly agreed with the statements or questions in the survey, with the majority (76%) strongly agreeing. When you combine the "Strongly Agree" and "Agree" responses, you find that a total of 50 respondents (100%) indicated some level of agreement with the statements or questions. There were no respondents who expressed disagreement or neutrality.

Comprehensive Care: Focus group discussion confirmed that Team-based care allowed for a more holistic approach to patient health. However, the experts concluded that different healthcare professionals in bringing their unique expertise to the table by addressing the patient's physical needs, emotional, and psychological needs can lead to better diagnosis which can also lead to better treatment and management of health conditions.

#### 4.1.2 Teamwork promotes Coordination and Continuity of care

The majority of respondents, 82% (31% strongly agree and 20% agree), expressed positive attitudes towards the idea that teamwork promotes coordination and continuity of care. This indicated that a significant portion of the surveyed population believed that working collaboratively in healthcare settings has a positive impact on patient care. About 14% of respondents provided neutral responses, indicating that they neither strongly agree nor disagree with the statement. This might suggest a level of uncertainty or perhaps a lack of personal experience with the impact of teamwork on care coordination and continuity.

Coordination and Continuity: The focus group discussions confirmed that Teamwork helped coordinate care and ensure treatment continuity. The experts were of the opinion that teamwork among healthcare providers can help communicate and share information about patients' conditions, medications, and treatment plans which may eventually reduce the risk of errors or duplication of services.

#### 4.1.3 Teamwork provides Timely Interventions for patients

Strongly Agree: Out of the 50 respondents, 45 of them strongly agree with the statement. This represents 90% of the total respondents. This indicated that a large majority of the respondents were highly supportive of the idea that teamwork provides timely interventions for patients. 5 respondents agreed with the statement, which accounted for 10% of the total respondents. While this was a smaller percentage compared to those who strongly agreed, it still indicated some level of agreement with the statement among a minority of respondents. There were no respondents who chose the neutral option, suggesting that none of the participants had a neutral stance on the statement. Everyone provided a clear opinion. No respondents chose either of these options, which meant that no one strongly disagreed or disagreed with the statement. This suggested that the majority of respondents were in agreement or had a positive view of teamwork in providing timely interventions for patients.

Timely Interventions: The experts mentioned that in emergency situations or critical care settings, teamwork is essential for rapid response and timely interventions. They added that quick and coordinated actions by a healthcare team can save lives and prevent complications. The researcher observed on two occasions when two emergency cases were brought to the hospital and how these patients' conditions were managed with timely interventions through teamwork.

#### 4.1.4 Teamwork Prevents Medical Errors

Strongly Agree: This category had the highest frequency, with 47 respondents (94% of the total) strongly agreeing with the statement that teamwork prevents medical errors. This indicated a strong consensus among the respondents that teamwork was an effective way to prevent medical errors. Agree: Three respondents (6% of the total) agreed with the statement, but not as strongly as those in the "Strongly Agree" category. While this was a much smaller percentage, it still represented a minority of respondents who supported the idea. Neutral: There were no respondents in the "Neutral" category, indicating that nobody had a neutral stance on the statement. Everyone provided an opinion, either agreeing or disagreeing. Strongly Disagree and Disagree: There were no respondents in these categories, meaning that none of the respondents strongly or even moderately disagree with the statement that teamwork prevents medical errors. This suggested a lack of dissenting opinions in the sample.

Preventing Medical Errors: The experts were of the view that Team-based care can help identify and prevent medical errors, such as medication mistakes or misdiagnoses. Their opinions concluded that Multiple sets of eyes on a patient's case can catch errors before they lead to harm.

In conclusion, teamwork is a fundamental component of high-quality healthcare that enhances patient health by promoting comprehensive, coordinated, and patient-centered care. Effective collaboration among healthcare professionals leads to better outcomes and improves patient satisfaction and safety.

#### 4.2 STRATEGIES TO ENHANCE TEAMWORK IN A HOSPITAL SETTING

Enhancing teamwork in a hospital setting is crucial for providing quality patient care and improving overall efficiency. The group discussions and experts' opinions confirmed the following as strategies to enhance teamwork in a hospital setting:

Clear Communication: The experts suggested that hospitals' management ensure that all team members, including doctors, nurses, and support staff, have access to effective communication tools and protocols. They advised that hospitals Promote open and honest communication, where team members feel comfortable discussing concerns and sharing information.

Team Training: The focus group concluded that hospitals implement regular team training sessions including simulation exercises which may enhance team members' collaboration skills. They mentioned that hospital authorities conduct training on conflict resolution and effective communication techniques.

Role Clarity: The experts advised that the hospital management clearly defines roles and responsibilities for each team member to minimize misunderstanding and repetition of efforts. They added that healthcare facilities ensure that everyone understands their specific roles in different situations including emergencies or routine patient care.

Interprofessional Collaboration: The experts revealed that hospitals encourage collaboration among different healthcare professionals, including doctors, nurses, pharmacists, therapists, and other support staff. They advised that authorities in healthcare institutions foster an environment where each profession respects and values the contributions of others.

Leadership and Accountability: The experts identified that healthcare facilities appoint team leaders who can guide the team, make decisions when necessary, and resolve conflicts. They, however, mentioned that leaders of the hospital administrations hold team members accountable for their actions and commitments.

Feedback and Constant Improvement: The experts concluded that the healthcare management teams establish a culture of constant enhancement by looking for feedback from team members and patients. They, however, advised that the authorities use feedback to recognize zones for perfection and make necessary changes.

#### **CONCLUSION**

This research article has explored the significant role of teamwork in enhancing patient care within a hospital setting. The findings indicate that teamwork is of utmost importance in healthcare environments, and it plays a vital role in improving patient health outcomes. The data overwhelmingly supports the idea that teamwork contributes to comprehensive care, promotes coordination and continuity of care, provides timely interventions for patients, and prevents medical errors. The study also identified several strategies to enhance teamwork in a hospital setting, including clear communication, team training, role clarity, interprofessional collaboration, leadership, and accountability, and a culture of feedback and constant improvement.

In conclusion, the research findings confirm that teamwork is a fundamental element in delivering high-quality healthcare services. Hospitals and healthcare institutions should prioritize and invest in fostering effective teamwork among their staff to optimize patient care and satisfaction.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the research findings and discussions, the following recommendations are made:

Hospitals should develop and implement training programs and workshops to enhance the teamwork skills of healthcare professionals. Regular team training sessions and simulation exercises can help improve collaboration and communication.

Hospital administrators should ensure that roles and responsibilities are clearly defined for each team member, reducing confusion and promoting efficiency in patient care.

Interprofessional collaboration should be encouraged and facilitated within healthcare institutions to create a more holistic and patient-centered approach to care

Hospital leaders should appoint team leaders who can guide, support, and make decisions when necessary. These leaders should also be responsible for resolving conflicts within the team.

Healthcare facilities should establish a culture of feedback and continuous improvement. Feedback from both team members and patients should be actively sought, and necessary changes should be implemented to enhance teamwork and patient care.

Further research is recommended to explore the long-term effects of enhanced teamwork on patient outcomes, job satisfaction, and hospital performance.

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