

International Journal of Research Publication and Reviews

Journal homepage: www.ijrpr.com ISSN 2582-7421

Effect of Mechanical Properties on Marble Dust as Partial Replacement of Cement

¹Shravan Goud, ²Dr.J.N.Vyas

¹M. Tech Scholar, Department of Civil Engineering, Mahakal institute of Technology & Management Ujjain, MP ²Professor, Department of Civil Engineering, Mahakal institute of Technology & Management Ujjain, MP

Abstract—

To avoid adverse environmental circumstances, the content of cement is reduced in concrete and replaced by marble dust which increases strength of concrete. The marble dust was replaced with cement at 0%, 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% by weight for M20, M25 & M30 grade concrete. Concrete mixes for beams & cylinders were casted and experimentally tested and compared in terms of strength of the conventional cement concrete mixes at 28 days for 500x100x100mm beams & 300x150mm cylinder.

Keywords: Marble Dust, water cement ratio, Flexural Strength, Split Tensile Strength

1. INTRODUCTION

Marble has been usually used as a building material, sculpture since the ancient times. The marble industries dispose the marble powder material, consisting of very fine powder which finally results in constitutes that causes diverse environmental issues. Marble blocks are cut into smaller blocks so as to give them the specified classy form. Throughout the cutting method regarding twenty fifth the initial marble mass is lost within the type of dust. Currently a day's marble waste is one in all the causes of environmental issues round the world. Therefore, most consumption of marble waste in numerous industrial sectors, significantly the development, agriculture, glass and paper industries would facilitate to shield the surroundings. Concrete is that the principally normally used construction material within the civil construction work as a result of its high structural strength and stability. Concrete may be a varied mixture of cement, coarse mixture, fine mixture and water. Mixture cannot simply sure the strength of concrete however additionally have an effect on the durability and performance of concrete.

2. MATERIAL USED

2.1 Cement:

Portland Pozzolana cement (PPC) is used in this research work.

2.2 Sand:

Sand is available near Narmada River. This sand is used for the above research work.

2.3 Natural aggregate:

20 mm natural coarse aggregate is used having a specific gravity of 2.72.

2.4 Marble Dust:

Marble has been commonly used for various purposes like tiles, shell etc., as a building material since the ancient times. The industry's removal of the marble powder material, consisting of extremely fine powder, today constitutes one of the environmental problems around the world Therefore, utilization of the marble dust in various industrial sectors especially the construction, agriculture, glass and paper industries would help to protect the environment. Some attempts have been made to find and assess the possibilities of using waste marble powder in mortars and concretes and results about strength and workability were compared with control samples of conventional concrete. The use of the replacement materials offer cost decrease, energy reserves, arguably superior products, and smaller amount hazards in the environment. These materials contribute in the hydraulic reactions, contributing significantly to the composition and microstructure of hydrated product.

3. EXPERIMENTAL WORK AND TEST

3.1 Flexural Test:

The mould is prepared for beams used in the bending test having a size of 0.10mX0.10mX0.50m. After preparing beams rest on the flexural testing machine and load is applied. After applying load the value noted from the dial gauge. Bending strength determine at 28 days

3.2 Split Tensile Strength:

The mould is prepared for cylinder used in the tensile test having a size of 0.15m diameter and 0.30m height. After preparing cylinder rest on the compression testing machine and load is applied. After applying load the value noted from the dial gauge. Tensile strength determine at 28 days

4. TEST RESULTS

4.1 Flexural Strength Results:

The below table shows the flexural strength for different percentage of MD which is vary from 0%-20% for M-20, M-25 & M-30 Concrete.

Table 4.1: Flexural Strength Result after 28 days

S. NO.	MD (%)	28 days Flexural Strength (M- 20)	28 days Flexural Strength (M-25)	28 days Flexural Strength (M-30)
1	0	2.28 MPa	3.96 MPa	5.34 MPa
2	5	2.75 MPa	4.10 MPa	5.56 MPa
3	10	3.05 MPa	4.85 MPa	6.54 MPa
4	15	3.25 MPa	4.62 MPa	5.96 MPa
5	20	2.62 MPa	4.35 MPa	5.60 MPa

4.2 Split Tensile Strength;

The below table shows the split tensile strength for different percentage of MD which is vary from 0%-20% for M-20, M-25 & M-30 Concrete.

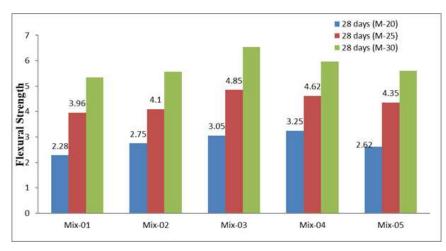
Table 4.2Split Tensile Strength Result

Mix Design	% MD	28 days Tensile Strength (M-	28 days Tensile Strength	28 days Tensile Strength
		20)	(M-25)	(M-30)
Mix-01	0	5.10	4.95	5.35
Mix-02	5	5.26	5.35	5.65
Mix-03	10	5.64	5.84	6.64
Mix-04	15	4.70	5.64	6.01
Mix-05	20	5.60	5.52	5.51

5. DISCUSSION ON TEST RESULTS

5.1 Flexural Strength:

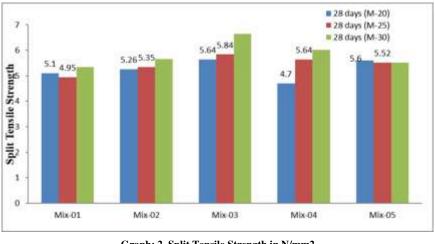
From the graph 1 it is conclude that 28 days flexural strength 42.54% increases for M-20 concrete when percentage upto 15%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases. From the graph 1 it is conclude that 28 days compressive strength 22.47% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases. From the graph 1 it is conclude that 28 days compressive strength 1 it is conclude that 28 days compressive strength 22.47% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.



Graph: 1. Flexural Strength in N/mm2

5.2 Split Tensile Strength Test:

From the graph 2 it is conclude that 28 days split tensile strength 10.58% increases for M-20 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases. From the graph 2 it is conclude that 28 days split tensile strength 17.97% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases. From the graph 2 it is conclude that 28 days split tensile strength 17.97% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases. From the graph 2 it is conclude that 28 split tensile strength 24.12% increases for M-30 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.



Graph: 2. Split Tensile Strength in N/mm2

6. CONCLUSIONS:

Based on the various tests conducted on concrete with varying proportion of MD the results were obtained and discussed in previous chapter from which the following conclusions are drawn.

- 1. It is conclude that 28 days flexural strength 42.54% increases for M-20 concrete when percentage upto 15%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.
- 2. It is conclude that 28 days compressive strength 22.47% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.
- 3. It is conclude that 28 days compressive strength 22.01% increases for M-30 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.
- 4. It is conclude that 28 days split tensile strength 10.58% increases for M-20 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.
- 5. It is conclude that 28 days split tensile strength 17.97% increases for M-25 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.
- 6. It is conclude that 28 split tensile strength 24.12% increases for M-30 concrete when percentage upto 10%. After that strength decreases when percentage of MD increases.

1133

REFERENCES

- T Naga Sai Sree Saran, T Venkat Das Experimental Investigation on Concrete with Partial Replacement of Fine Aggregate by Marble Dust Powder International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering (IJRTE) ISSN: 2277-3878, Volume-7, Issue-6C2, April 201
- 2. Vinodhini Ellappan, V. Amudhan, Prathik. E and Ebenezer Stephen. A EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON PARTIAL REPLACEMENT OF CEMENT WITH MARBLE POWDER International Journal of Civil Engineering and Technology (IJCIET) Volume 741–750, Article ID: IJCIET_09_05_082 Available 9. Issue 5. Mav 2018, pp. online at http://iaeme.com/Home/issue/IJCIET?Volume=9&Issue=5 ISSN Print: 0976-6308 and ISSN Online: 0976-6316.
- Shanu Sharma; Siddharth Pastariya; Gajendra Kumar Verma Experimental Investigation on Partial Replacement of Cement with Marble Dust Powder on Properties of Concrete IJournals: International Journal of Software & Hardware Research in Engineering ISSN-2347-4890 Volume 5 Issue 9 September, 2017
- 4. Surajmal Patidar Experimental Investigation in Concrete by Partial Replacement of Sand with Marble Dust International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) e-ISSN: 2395-0056 Volume: 06 Issue: 05 | May 2019
- Sameer Khan1, Sagar Jamle2, M.P. Verma3 Experimental Investigation with Marble Dust Powder as a Partial Substitution of Cement for M20 Grade Concrete IJSART - Volume 3 Issue 6 – JUNE 2017 ISSN [ONLINE]: 2395-1052
- Vijaya Kumar YM, Shruti D, Tharan SN, Sanjay SR, Sricharan PM: Partial Replacement of Cement to Concrete by Marble Dust Powder Volume: 2 | Issue: 05 | May 2016 | ISSN: 2455-3778 IJMTST
- Devesh Meena: A STUDY ON BEHAVIOR OF MARBLE DUST IN CONCRETE PAVEMENT International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET) e-ISSN: 2395-0056 Volume: 02 Issue: 05 | Aug- 2015 sp-ISSN: 2395-0072
- Mr. Ranjan Kumar, Shyam Kishor Kumar: "Partial Replacement of Cement with Marble Dust Powder" Int. Journal of Engineering Research and Applications ISSN: 2248-9622, Vol. 5, Issue 8, (Part - 4) August 2015, pp.106-114.
- Abdullah Anwar, Sabih Ahmad, Syed Mohd. Ashraf Husain and Syed Aqeel Ahmad: Replacement Of Cement By Marble Dust And Ceramic Waste In Concrete For Sustainable Development IJISET - International Journal of Innovative Science, Engineering & Technology, Vol. 2 Issue 6, June 2015 ISSN 2348 – 7968.
- Prof. Veena G. Pathan, Prof. Md. Gulfam Pathan: Feasibility and Need of use of Waste Marble Powder in Concrete Production IOSR Journal of Mechanical and Civil Engineering (IOSR-JMCE) e-ISSN: 2278-1684, p-ISSN: 2320-334X PP 23-26 International Conference on Advances in Engineering & Technology – 2014 (ICAET-2014)