



Real Time Object Detection and Voice Assistance for Blind Using Tensorflow

¹Deepasri. S, ²Prof. Sujatha. S

^{1,2} Department of Computer Applications, University College of Engineering, Anna University, BIT Campus, Tiruchirappalli, India

ABSTRACT –

Constant article identification is a troublesome activity since it requires seriously figuring ability to perceive the article continuously. Notwithstanding, the information made by any continuous framework is unlabeled, and compelling preparation much of the time requires a colossal amount of marked information. Single Shot Multi-Box Detection is a speedier discovery approach for continuous item recognition, in view of a convolution brain network model proposed in this paper (SSD). The element resampling stage was dispensed with in this work, and all determined outcomes were converged into a solitary part. In any case, a light-weight network model is expected for places with restricted handling capacity, like cell phones (eg: PC, cell phones, and so on). In this proposed study, a light-weight network model called MobileNet is taken on, which utilizes profundity wise distinct convolution. The utilization of MobileNet related to the SSD model builds the exactness level in recognizing continuous family objects, as per the consequences of the examinations.

Keywords: - Object Detection, TensorFlow object detection API, SSD with MobileNet.

1. INTRODUCTION:

In the present high level hello tech climate, the requirement for independence is perceived in the circumstance of outwardly hindered individuals who are socially limited [3]. Outwardly debilitated individuals experience difficulties and are in a tough spot because of an absence of basic data in the general climate, as visual data is what they miss the mark on most [1]. The outwardly crippled might benefit from some intervention with the utilization of imaginative advances. The framework can perceive things in the climate utilizing voice orders and do message examination to perceive message in a printed version record. It very well might be a viable methodology for blind people to connect with others and may help with their autonomy. The individuals who are completely or to some extent blind are viewed as outwardly impeded. As indicated by the World Health Organization (WHO), 285 million individuals overall experience the ill effects of vision hindrance, 39 individuals are visually impaired, and around 3% of the number of inhabitants in all ages is outwardly impeded [1][4]. Outwardly impeded individuals go through a ton and experience a great deal of challenges in their regular routines, like tracking down their direction and headings, as well as going to places they go only very rarely.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

To take care of the outwardly disabled people groups' concern, number of strategies and methods are presented.

In paper [1], it gives a viable exhibition of the technique for distinguishing the item and breaking down the token of an object involving AI and PC vision for decision making subsequent to studying different explores inside the field of design acknowledgment.

In paper [2], the creator proposed a notable PC innovation related with PC vision and picture handling that spotlights on recognizing objects or their occurrences of a specific course (like people, blossoms, animals) in automated pictures and recordings. There are unique utilizations of item discovery that have been very much asked about counting face location, character acknowledgment, and vehicle mini-computer. Object location can be utilized for various purposes including recuperation and observation. In this contemplate,

different fundamental ideas used in object identification while utilizing the OpenCV library of python 2.7, advancing in the viability and precision of item location are shown.

In paper [3], the creator depicted that everybody has the right to live freely, especially the ones crippled, for the past many years, innovation has assisted the crippled with having command over their lives. In this exploration, an assistive framework for the visually impaired is proposed involving YOLO for the identification of objects inside pictures and video transfer in view of profound brain organizations to make exact discovery, and OpenCV under Python utilizing Raspberry Pi3. The yield acquired demonstrates the outcome of the proposed approach in giving visually impaired clients the ability to move around in new indoor-open air climate, through an easy to understand gadget by individual and object distinguishing proof model.

3. EXISTING SYSTEM

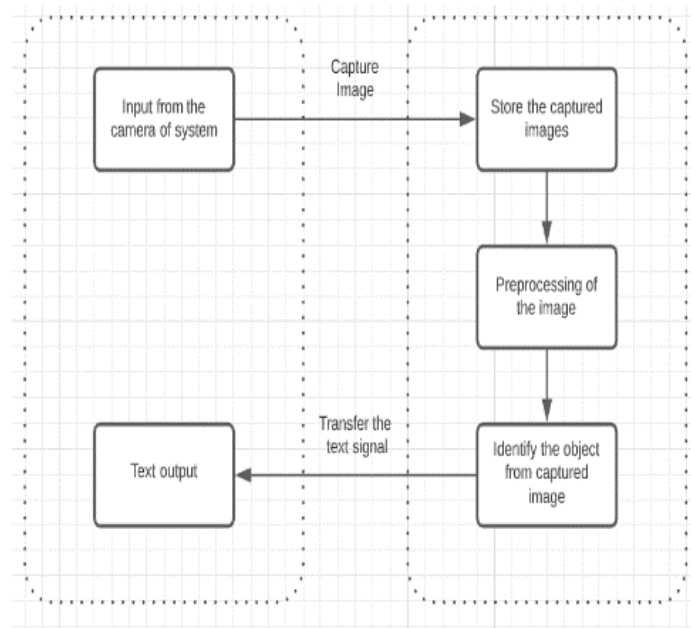


Fig -1: Flow Chart Of Existing System

In existing framework (Fig.1.), framework take encompassing data with assistance of webcam and afterward store the caught pictures. These pictures under goes preprocessing step and afterward distinguish the articles from the caught picture and after that framework will give yield in text design.

4. PROPOSED SYSTEM

In this proposed framework, we are utilizing Python with a Tensor Flow-based way to deal with track down the answer for the issue of item recognition in a start to finish style. We involved SSD Detection Model for the distinguishing of things in light of profound brain organizations to make compelling discovery and OpenCV library for ongoing picture catching. Among ImageNet, Google Open, COCO datasets we are utilizing COCO since it will gave class of grouped element to over 90% of this present reality objects. The picture is sent as a contribution to the model and in the interim distance is determined utilizing profundity assessment with the assistance of voice modules predefined by python the result of the article name will be changed over into default voice notes which are shipped off the visually impaired individuals for their assistance with determined distance alongside measures.

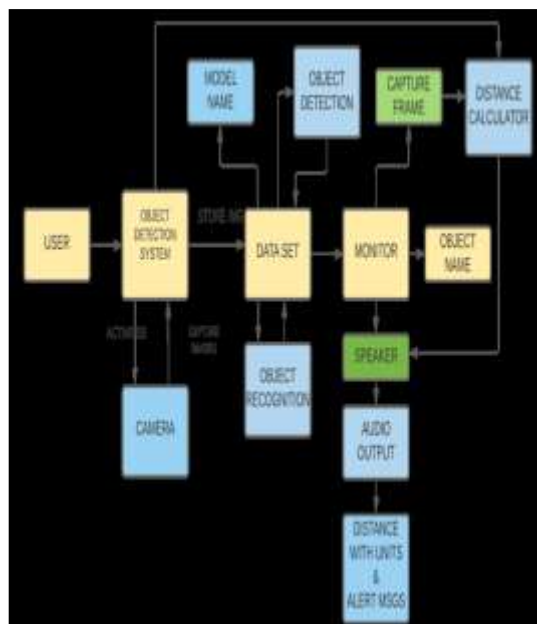


Fig 2: System Architecture

Client begins the System, after that the framework will initiate the camera and catch moment continuous pictures which will be thought of as information. In the wake of catching pictures it will store and ship off the dataset where utilizing SSD Architecture the interior calculations will happens mean while after the calculations the model will identify the article and acknowledgment will be finished.

After discovery of article next it will be shown on the screen where edges are caught to the identified item along will the marks. Next distance will be determined utilizing profundity assessment by tracking down mid reaches to the casings. Presently utilizing speakers which depend on voice module bundles the recognized article pictures will be perused as message and it will be the result.

BENEFITS

- Simple to utilize.
- Gives continuous outcomes and this outcome is in the voice design with distance.
- Contingent upon the video quality, distinction between different articles like seat and table and so forth can be effortlessly separated.
- Because of utilization of COCO datasets, it will give the 90% of results effectively.

5. MODULES

Video Capturing Module:

At the point when the framework is turned on the framework catch pictures utilizing camera. We need to interface this as contribution to the COCO dataset and grouping of pixels and highlights happens. The caught casings should be visible in the screen with drawn limits and mark. The technique video capture () is utilized to begin the camera and catch the video.

Picture Processing Module:

OpenCV (Open-Source Computer Vision) is a library in python what works mostly focused on constant PC vision. It is mostly used to do all the computational activity connected with pictures. cv2 is utilized to perform picture handling and utilize strategies which are utilized to identify and catch the casings and indicates names. This module is handled after the info is taken from the camera.

Object Detecting Module:

The calculation will accept the picture as info and every one of the calculations will happen like diving the picture into neurons only pixels and arrangement of elements which will be finished on Neural Network. Picture will be perused as string for the following calculation and it will be analyzed under prepared dataset. This can be accomplished here by utilizing class list where 90 items are prepared independently. Here we utilized SSD Architecture which goes under Tensor Flow API.

Distance computation Module:

To find the distance of the item NumPy is utilized, which is pip bundle utilized for numerical computation. Finding distance can be approach by utilizing profundity assessment, utilizing recognized objects noticeable on the screen approaches the profundity assessment will occur by finding mid ranges and adjusting the assessment scale to 0-10.

Sound Output Module:

Next in the wake of distinguishing the item and ascertaining the distance our point is to give the result in the sound utilizing voice notes. In the result we will determine the distance alongside units and the admonition messages to alarm the client. For sound result the pyttsx3 pip bundle which is predefined python underlying module utilized for switching text over completely to discourse.

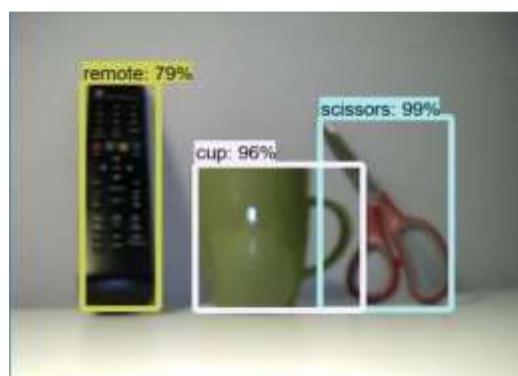


Fig 3: Object Detection

6. CONCLUSION

Past examinations have proposed various techniques to recognize object. Subsequent to doing writing review, various strategies have been found for recognizing and Recognition of Object and they utilize various sorts of information as contribution for their procedure. After the review of various kinds of techniques, found utilizing SSD Architecture model which was prepared under COCO datasets is the simple strategy which can be handily applied and fitting in all circumstances. We choose to investigate this strategy for PC vision and proposed a respectable technique to identifying and perceive the object in view of Tensor stream and finding distance, sending yield through voice help like speaker, by this visually impaired individual can live without contingent upon others for their everyday life on discovery and perceiving the item and will cautioned as a result of voice yields. According to future work we will make an application programming for the IOS gadgets.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We highly appreciate the guidance and support provided by our parents and our Prof. Sujatha.S

Reference

- [1]. Meghna Raj Saxena, Akarsh Pathak, Aditya Pratap Singh, Ishika Shukla, REAL TIME OBJECT DETECTION USING MACHINE LEARNING AND OPENCV, It's an attempt to create own Haar classifier using OpenCV, published in 2019.
- [2]. Divya V Chandran, Aswathy N, Parvathy S Kumar, Neelima Sunil, Nikhil Krishnan, Parvathy Krishnan, SMART SHOES – AN AID TO BLIND PEOPLE, International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer and Communication Engineering Vol. 9, Issue 12, December 2020.
- [3]. <https://www.ijert.org/call-for-papers>
- [4]. https://ejmcm.com/article_2059_5bbf5e6e9540e6cb8fc5dce7269dcc8a.pdf
- [5]. [GitHub - sanz17/object-detection-for-blind: third eye for blind](https://github.com/sanz17/object-detection-for-blind:third%20eye%20for%20blind)
- [6]. https://irjiet.com/common_src/article_file/1576904071_76a2f481c3_3_irjiet.pdf
- [7]. ARYAN GUPTA, BLIND ASSISTANCE SYSTEM: REAL TIME OBJECT DETECTION WITH DISTANCE AND VOICE ALERTS.
- [8]. Choi D., and Kim M. (2018). Trends on Object Detection Techniques Based on Deep Learning, Electronics and Telecommunications Trends, 33(4): 23-32.
- [9]. Dai Jet al., (2016). R-FCN: Object Detection via Region-based Fully Convolutional Networks. Conf. Neural Inform. Process. Syst., Barcelona, Spain, Dec. 4-6, p. 379-387.